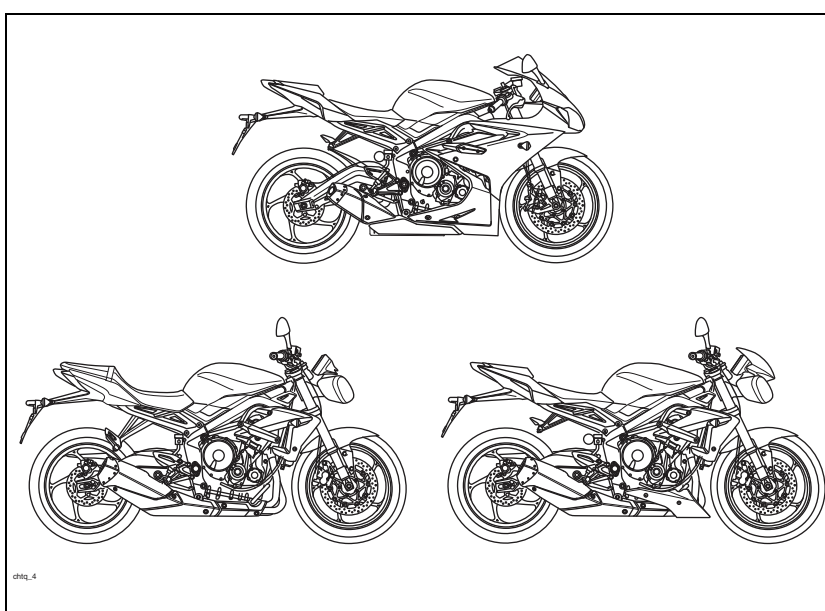




## Owner's Handbook

### Daytona 675, Daytona 675 R, Street Triple, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx



This handbook contains information on the Triumph Daytona 675, Daytona 675 R, Street Triple, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx motorcycles. Always store this Owner's Handbook with the motorcycle and refer to it for information whenever necessary.

The information contained in this publication is based on the latest information available at the time of printing. Triumph reserves the right to make changes at any time without prior notice, or obligation.

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## Table of Contents

This handbook contains a number of different sections. The table of contents below will help you find the beginning of each section where, in the case of the major sections, a further table of contents will help you find the specific subject required.

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### FOREWORD

#### Owner's Handbook

Thank you for choosing a Triumph motorcycle. This motorcycle is the product of Triumph's use of proven engineering, exhaustive testing, and continuous striving for superior reliability, safety and performance.

Please read this Owner's Handbook before riding in order to become thoroughly familiar with the correct operation of your motorcycle's controls, its features, capabilities and limitations.

This handbook includes safe riding tips, but does not contain all the techniques and skills necessary to ride a motorcycle safely.

Triumph strongly recommends that all riders undertake a safety course approved by the Motorcycle Safety Foundation to ensure safe operation of this motorcycle. Information about the nearest Motorcycle Safety Foundation course to you can be obtained by calling the following nationwide toll free number: 800-447-4700, or by writing to the Motorcycle Safety Foundation at: 2, Jenner Street, Irvine, California 92718. To ensure a long and trouble free life for your motorcycle, maintenance should be carried out as described in this manual by an authorized Triumph dealer.

This handbook is also available from your local dealer in:

- Brazilian
- Dutch
- French
- German
- Italian
- Japanese
- Spanish
- Swedish.

#### Warning

This Owner's Handbook, and all other instructions that are supplied with your motorcycle, should be considered a permanent part of your motorcycle and should remain with it even if your motorcycle is subsequently sold.

All riders must read this Owner's Handbook and all other instructions which are supplied with your motorcycle, before riding, in order to become thoroughly familiar with the correct operation of your motorcycle's controls, its features, capabilities and limitations. Do not lend your motorcycle to others as riding when not familiar with your motorcycle's controls, features, capabilities and limitations can lead to an accident.



## Foreword

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### Talk to Triumph

Our relationship with you does not end with the purchase of your Triumph. Your feedback on the buying and ownership experience is very important in helping us develop our products and services for you. Please help us by ensuring your dealership has your email address and registers this with us. You will then receive an online customer satisfaction survey invitation to your email address where you can give us this feedback.

Your Triumph Team.

### Warnings, Cautions and Notes

Throughout this Owner's Handbook particularly important information is presented in the following form:

 <b>Warning</b>
This warning symbol identifies special instructions or procedures, which if not correctly followed could result in personal injury, or loss of life.
 <b>Caution</b>
This caution symbol identifies special instructions or procedures, which, if not strictly observed, could result in damage to, or destruction of, equipment.

#### Note:

- This note symbol indicates points of particular interest for more efficient and convenient operation.

### Warning Labels



At certain areas of the motorcycle, the symbol (left) can be seen. The symbol means 'CAUTION: REFER TO THE HANDBOOK' and will be followed by a pictorial representation of the subject concerned.

Never attempt to ride the motorcycle or make any adjustments without reference to the relevant instructions contained in this handbook.

See page 12 for the location of all labels bearing this symbol. Where necessary, this symbol will also appear on the pages containing the relevant information.

### Maintenance

To ensure a long, safe and trouble free life for your motorcycle, maintenance should only be carried out by an authorized Triumph dealer. Only an authorized Triumph dealer will have the necessary knowledge, equipment and skills to maintain your Triumph motorcycle correctly.

To locate your nearest Triumph dealer, visit the Triumph website at [www.triumph.co.uk](http://www.triumph.co.uk) or telephone Triumph Motorcycles America Limited on (678) 854 2010.



## Foreword

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### Noise Control System

Tampering with the Noise Control System is Prohibited.

Owners are warned that the law may prohibit:

- the removal or rendering inoperative by any person other than for purposes of maintenance, repair or replacement, of any device or element of design incorporated into any new vehicle for the purpose of noise control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use and,
- the use of the vehicle after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

### Immobilizer and Tire Pressure Monitoring System

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference.
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Changes or modifications to the device could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

### Tires

With reference to the Pneumatic Tires and Tubes for Automotive Vehicles (Quality Control) Order, 2009, Cl. No. 3 (c), it is declared by M/s. Triumph Motorcycles Ltd. that the tires mounted on this motorcycle meet the requirements of IS 15627: 2005 and comply with the requirements under Central Motor Vehicle Rules (CMVR), 1989.



## Foreword - Safety First

---

### FOREWORD - SAFETY FIRST

#### The Motorcycle

##### Warning

This motorcycle is designed for on-road use only. It is not suitable for off-road use.

Off-road operation could lead to loss of control of the motorcycle resulting in an accident causing injury or loss of life.

##### Warning

This motorcycle is not designed to tow a trailer or have a sidecar installed. Installing a sidecar and/or a trailer may result in loss of control and an accident.

##### Warning

This motorcycle is designed for use as a two-wheeled vehicle capable of carrying a rider on his/her own, or a rider and one passenger (subject to a passenger seat being installed).

The total weight of the rider, and any passenger, accessories and luggage must not exceed the maximum load limit of 195 kg.

#### Fuel and Exhaust Fumes

##### Warning

##### **GASOLINE IS HIGHLY FLAMMABLE:**

Always turn off the engine when refueling.

Do not refuel or open the fuel filler cap while smoking or in the vicinity of any open (naked) flame.

Take care not to spill any gasoline on the engine, exhaust pipes or mufflers when refueling.

If gasoline is swallowed, inhaled or allowed to get into the eyes, seek immediate medical attention.

Spillage on the skin should be immediately washed off with soap and water and clothing contaminated with gasoline should immediately be removed.

Burns and other serious skin conditions may result from contact with gasoline.

##### Warning

Never start your engine or let it run for any length of time in a closed area.

The exhaust fumes are poisonous and may cause loss of consciousness and death within a short time. Always operate your motorcycle in the open-air or in an area with adequate ventilation.



## Foreword - Safety First

### Riding

#### Warning

Never ride the motorcycle when fatigued or under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.

Riding when under the influence of alcohol or other drugs is illegal.

Riding when fatigued or under the influence of alcohol or other drugs reduces the rider's ability to maintain control of the motorcycle and may lead to loss of control and an accident.

#### Warning

All riders must be licensed to operate the motorcycle. Operation of the motorcycle without a license is illegal and could lead to prosecution.

Operation of the motorcycle without formal training in the correct riding techniques that are necessary to become licensed is dangerous and may lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

#### Warning

Always ride defensively and wear the protective equipment mentioned elsewhere in this foreword. Remember, in an accident, a motorcycle does not give the same impact protection as a car.

#### Warning

This Triumph motorcycle should be operated within the legal speed limits for the particular road traveled. Operating a motorcycle at high speeds can be potentially dangerous since the time available to react to given traffic situations is greatly reduced as road speed increases. Always reduce speed in potentially hazardous driving conditions such as bad weather or heavy traffic.

#### Warning

Continually observe and react to changes in road surface, traffic and wind conditions. All two-wheeled vehicles are subject to external forces which may cause an accident. These forces include but are not limited to:

- Wind draft from passing vehicles
- Potholes, uneven or damaged road surfaces
- Bad weather
- Rider error.

Always operate the motorcycle at moderate speed and away from heavy traffic until you have become thoroughly familiar with its handling and operating characteristics. Never exceed the legal speed limit.



## Foreword - Safety First

### Warning

Ensure that you know and respect the rules of the road. Read and observe publications such as 'MOTORCYCLE SAFETY', 'YOU AND YOUR MOTORCYCLE, RIDING TIPS' and also read and become familiar with the contents of the MOTORCYCLE HANDBOOK for your state.

### Caution

This Triumph motorcycle is not equipped with spark arresters. Operation in forests, brush or grass areas may violate state and local laws and regulations.

### Wobble/Weave

A weave is a relatively slow oscillation of the rear of the motorcycle, while a wobble is a rapid, possibly strong shaking of the handlebar. These are related but distinct stability problems usually caused by excessive weight in the wrong place, or by a mechanical problem such as worn or loose bearings or under-inflated or unevenly worn tires.

Your solution to both situations is the same. Keep a firm hold on the handlebars without locking arms or fighting the steering. Smoothly ease off the throttle to slow gradually. Do not apply the brakes, and do not accelerate to try to stop the wobble or weave. In some cases, it helps to shift your body weight forward by leaning over the tank.

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## Helmet and Clothing

### Warning

When riding the motorcycle, both rider and passenger must always wear a motorcycle helmet, eye protection, gloves, boots, trousers (close fitting around the knee and ankle) and a brightly colored jacket. Brightly colored clothing will considerably increase a rider's (or passenger's) visibility to other operators of road vehicles. Although full protection is not possible, wearing correct protective clothing can reduce the risk of injury when riding.

### Warning

A helmet is one of the most important pieces of riding gear as it offers protection against head injuries. You and your passenger's helmet should be carefully chosen and should fit you or your passenger's head comfortably and securely. A brightly colored helmet will increase a rider's (or passenger's) visibility to other operators of road vehicles.

An open face helmet offers some protection in an accident though a full face helmet will offer more.

Always wear a visor or approved goggles to help vision and to protect your eyes.





## Foreword - Safety First

When choosing a helmet, always look for a DOT (Department of Transport) sticker indicating that the helmet has DOT approval. Do not buy a helmet without DOT approval.

### Handlebars and Footrests

#### Warning

The rider must maintain control of the vehicle by keeping hands on the handlebars at all times.

The handling and stability of a motorcycle will be adversely affected if the rider removes his hands from the handlebars, resulting in loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

#### Warning

The rider and passenger must always use the footrests provided, during operation of the vehicle.

By using the footrests, both rider and passenger will reduce the risk of inadvertent contact with any motorcycle components and will also reduce the risk of injury from entrapment of clothing.

#### Warning

When banking and the bank angle indicator, attached to the rider's footrest, makes contact with the ground, the motorcycle is nearing its bank angle limit. A further increase of the banking angle is unsafe. Banking to an unsafe angle may cause instability, loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

#### Warning

The bank angle indicators must not be used as a guide to how far the motorcycle may be safely banked. This depends on many various conditions including, but not limited to, road surface, tire condition and weather. Banking to an unsafe angle may cause instability, loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

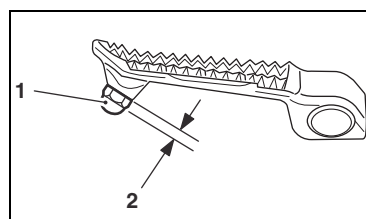
#### Warning

Use of a motorcycle with bank angle indicators worn beyond the maximum limit will allow the motorcycle to be banked to an unsafe angle.

The bank angle indicators have reached the maximum wear limit and should be replaced when they have worn down to a length of:

- 15 mm (Street Triple)
- 5 mm (Daytona 675, Daytona 675 R, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx).

Banking to an unsafe angle may cause instability, loss of motorcycle control and an accident.



1. Bank angle indicator
2. Wear limit measurement



## Foreword - Safety First

### Parking

#### Warning

Always turn off the engine and remove the ignition key before leaving the motorcycle unattended. By removing the key, the risk of use of the motorcycle by unauthorized or untrained persons is reduced.

When parking the motorcycle, always remember the following:

Engage first gear to help prevent the motorcycle from rolling off the stand.

The engine and exhaust system will be hot after riding. DO NOT park where pedestrians, animals and/or children are likely to touch the motorcycle.

Do not park on soft ground or on a steeply inclined surface. Parking under these conditions may cause the motorcycle to fall over.

For further details, please refer to the How to Ride the Motorcycle section of this Owner's Handbook.

### Parts and Accessories

#### Warning

Owners should be aware that the only approved parts, accessories and conversions for any Triumph motorcycle are those which carry official Triumph approval and are mounted to the motorcycle by an authorized dealer.

In particular, it is extremely hazardous to install or replace parts or accessories whose installation requires the dismantling of, or addition to, either the electrical or fuel systems and any such modification could cause a safety hazard.

The installation of any non-approved parts, accessories or conversions may adversely affect the handling, stability or other aspect of the motorcycle's operation that may result in an accident causing injury or death.

Triumph does not accept any liability whatsoever for defects caused by the installation of non-approved parts, accessories or conversions or the installation of any approved parts, accessories or conversions by non-approved personnel.



## Foreword - Safety First

### Maintenance/Equipment

#### Warning

Consult your authorized Triumph dealer whenever there is doubt as to the correct or safe operation of this Triumph motorcycle.

Remember that continued operation of an incorrectly performing motorcycle may aggravate a fault and may also compromise safety.

#### Warning

Ensure all equipment that is required by law is installed and functioning correctly. The removal or alteration of the motorcycle's lights, mufflers, emission or noise control systems can violate the law. Incorrect or improper modification may adversely affect the handling, stability or other aspect of the motorcycle's operation, which may result in an accident causing injury or death.

#### Warning

If the motorcycle is involved in an accident, collision or fall, it must be taken to an authorized Triumph dealer for inspection and repair. Any accident can cause damage to the motorcycle that, if not correctly repaired, may cause a second accident that may result in injury or death.

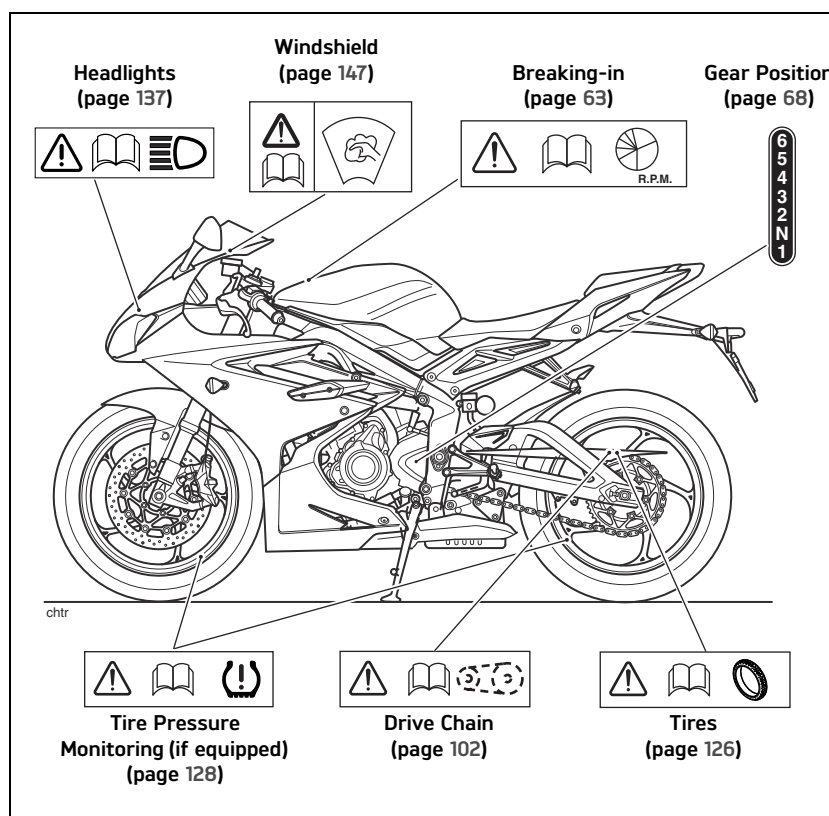


## Warning Labels

### WARNING LABELS

The labels detailed on this and the following pages draw your attention to important safety information in this handbook. Before riding, ensure that all riders have understood and complied with all the information to which these labels relate.

#### Warning Label Locations - Daytona 675 and Daytona 675 R



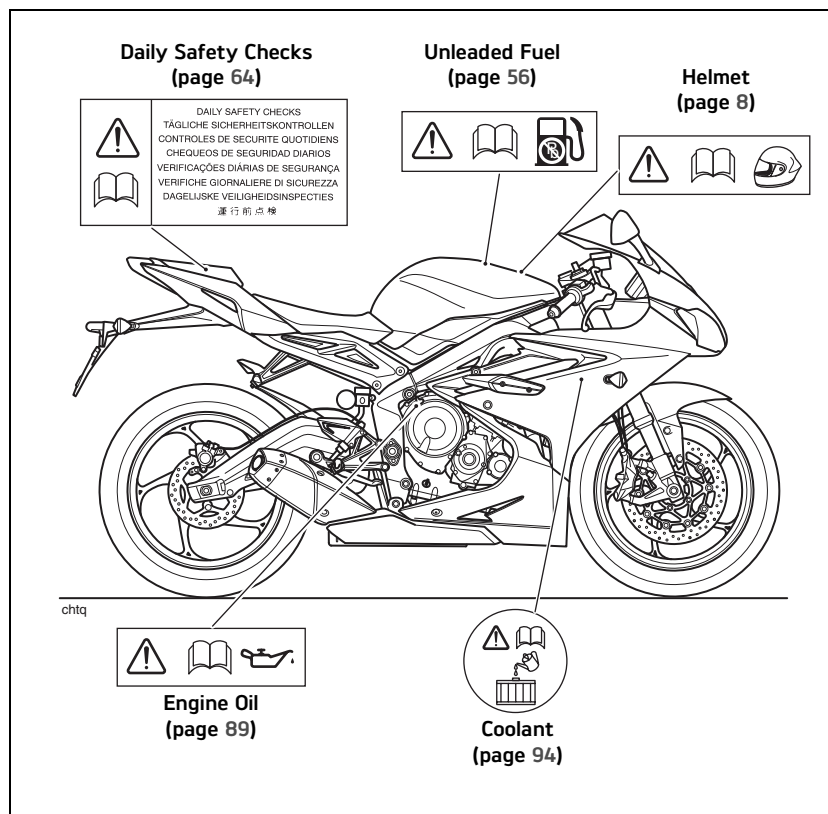


## Warning Labels

### Warning Label Locations - Daytona 675 and Daytona 675 R (continued)

#### Caution

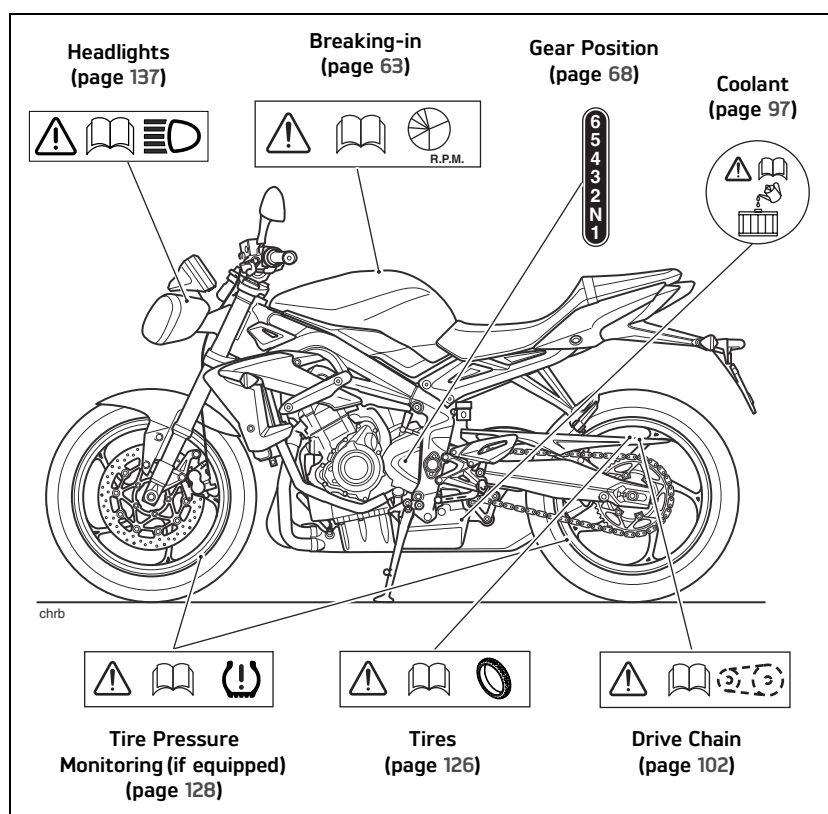
All warning labels and decals, with the exception of the Breaking-in label, are mounted to the motorcycle using a strong adhesive. In some cases, labels are installed prior to an application of paint lacquer. Therefore, any attempt to remove the warning labels will cause damage to the paintwork or bodywork.





## Warning Labels

### Warning Label Locations - Street Triple, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx



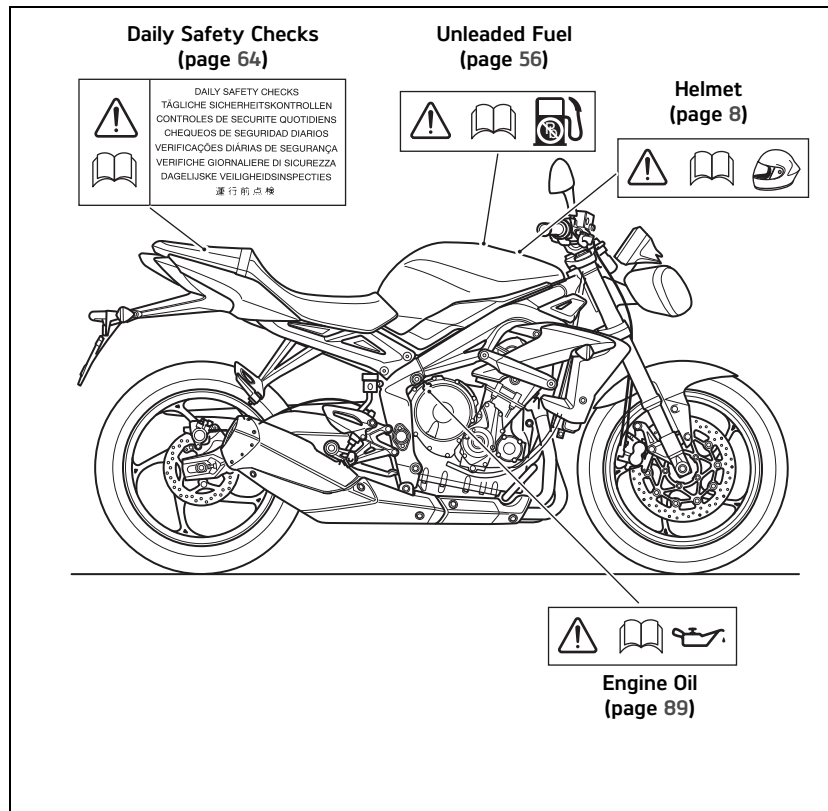


## Warning Labels

### Warning Label Locations - Street Triple, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx (continued)

#### Caution

All warning labels and decals, with the exception of the Breaking-in label, are mounted to the motorcycle using a strong adhesive. In some cases, labels are installed prior to an application of paint lacquer. Therefore, any attempt to remove the warning labels will cause damage to the paintwork or bodywork.



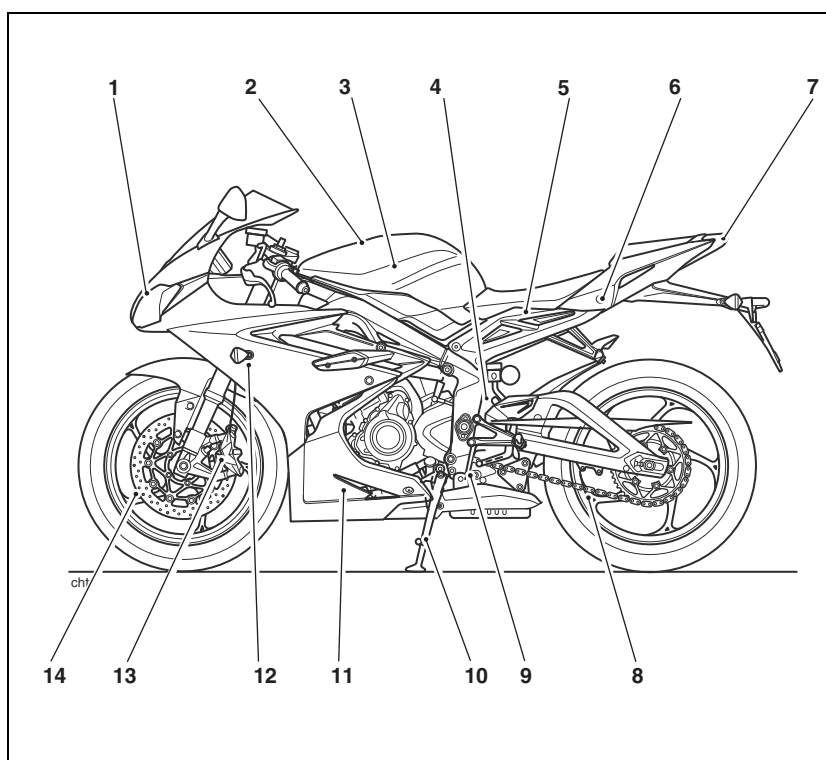


## Parts Identification

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### PARTS IDENTIFICATION

#### Daytona 675 and Daytona 675 R



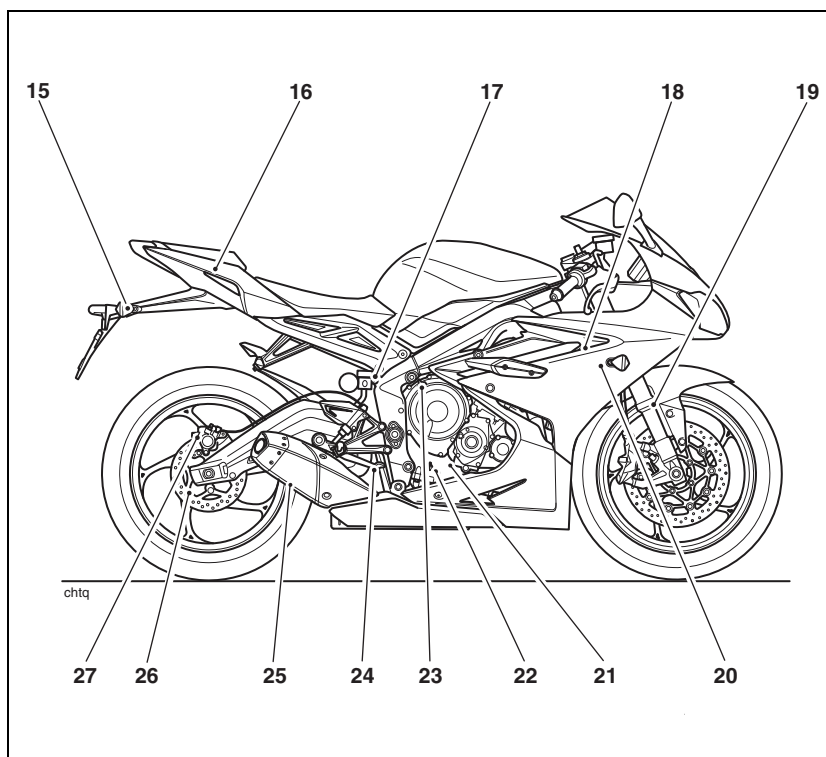
- |                         |                               |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Headlight            | 8. Drive chain                |
| 2. Fuel filler cap      | 9. Gear shift pedal           |
| 3. Fuel tank            | 10. Side stand                |
| 4. Rear suspension unit | 11. Oil cooler/Heat exchanger |
| 5. Battery              | 12. Front turn signal         |
| 6. Seat lock            | 13. Front brake caliper       |
| 7. Brake light          | 14. Front brake disc          |



## Parts Identification

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### Daytona 675 and Daytona 675 R (continued)

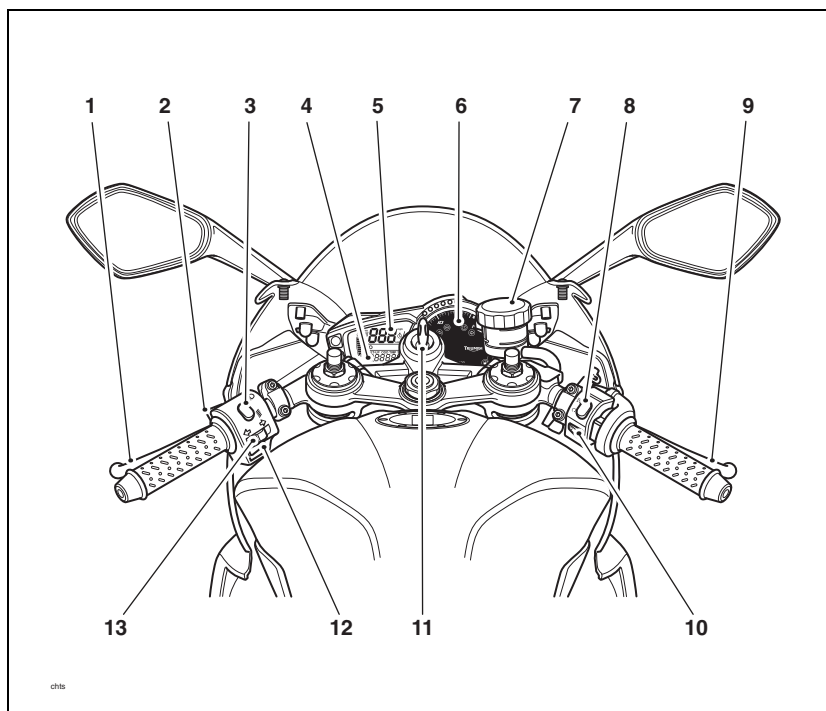


- |                                   |                        |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| 15. Rear turn signal              | 22. Dipstick           |
| 16. Tool kit                      | 23. Oil filler cap     |
| 17. Rear brake fluid reservoir    | 24. Rear brake pedal   |
| 18. Radiator/Coolant pressure cap | 25. Muffler            |
| 19. Front fork                    | 26. Rear brake disc    |
| 20. Coolant expansion tank        | 27. Rear brake caliper |
| 21. Clutch cable                  |                        |



## Parts Identification

### Daytona 675 and Daytona 675 R (continued)

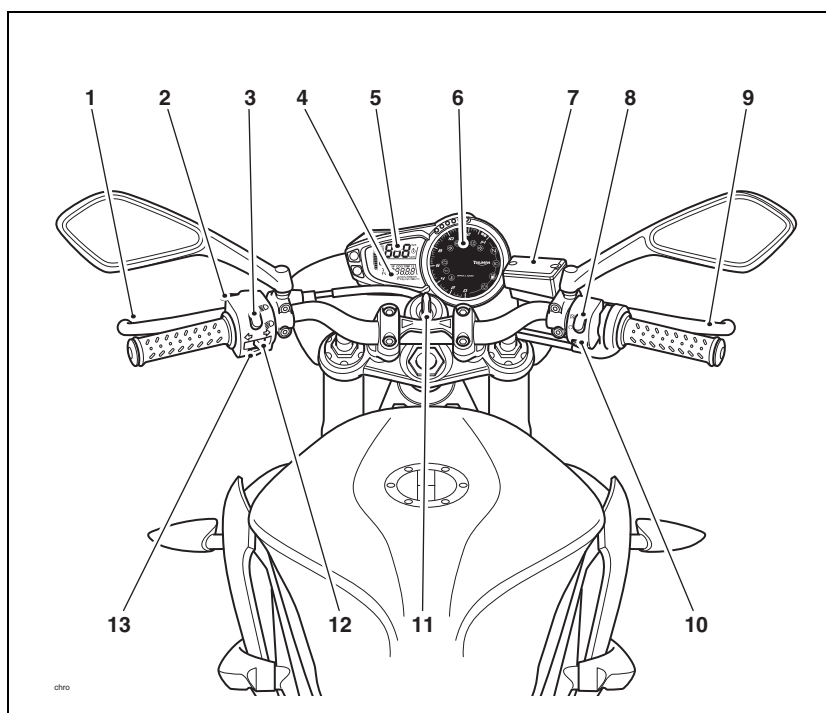


- |                                |                        |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Clutch lever                | 8. Engine stop switch  |
| 2. Passing button              | 9. Front brake lever   |
| 3. Headlight dimmer switch     | 10. Starter button     |
| 4. Trip computer display       | 11. Ignition switch    |
| 5. Speedometer                 | 12. Horn button        |
| 6. Tachometer                  | 13. Turn signal switch |
| 7. Front brake fluid reservoir |                        |



## Parts Identification

### Street Triple, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx

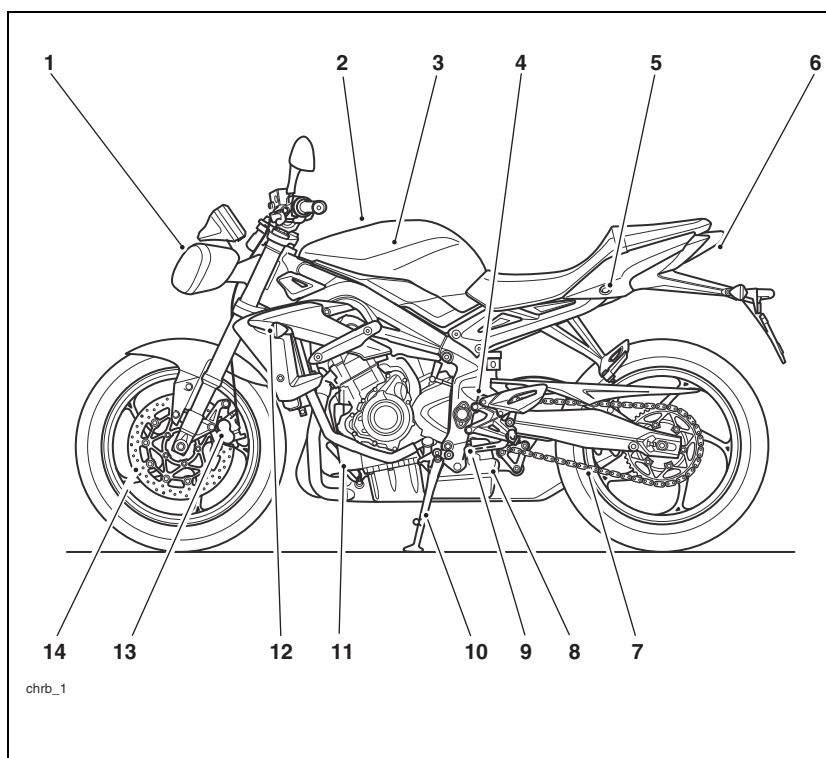


- |                                |                        |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Clutch lever                | 8. Engine stop switch  |
| 2. Passing button              | 9. Front brake lever   |
| 3. Headlight dimmer switch     | 10. Starter button     |
| 4. Trip computer display       | 11. Ignition switch    |
| 5. Speedometer                 | 12. Turn signal switch |
| 6. Tachometer                  | 13. Horn button        |
| 7. Front brake fluid reservoir |                        |



## Parts Identification

### Street Triple, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx (continued)

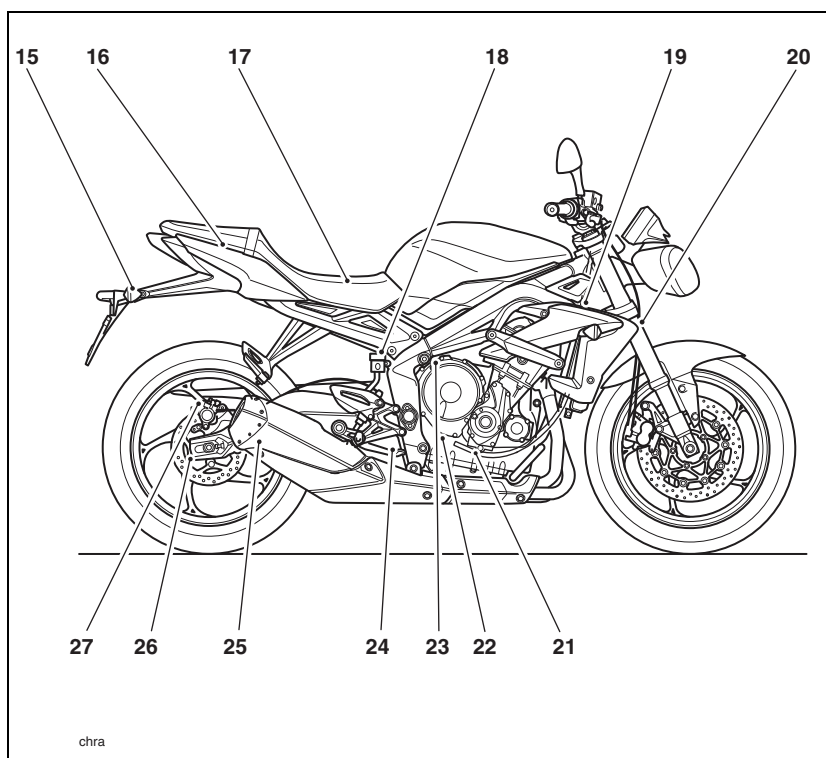


- |                         |                               |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Headlight            | 8. Coolant expansion tank     |
| 2. Fuel filler cap      | 9. Gear shift pedal           |
| 3. Fuel tank            | 10. Side stand                |
| 4. Rear suspension unit | 11. Oil cooler/Heat exchanger |
| 5. Seat lock            | 12. Front turn signal         |
| 6. Brake light          | 13. Front brake caliper       |
| 7. Drive chain          | 14. Front brake disc          |



## Parts Identification

### Street Triple, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx (continued)



15. Rear turn signal

16. Tool kit

17. Battery

18. Rear brake fluid reservoir

19. Radiator/Coolant pressure cap

20. Front fork

21. Clutch cable

22. Dipstick

23. Oil filler cap

24. Rear brake pedal

25. Muffler

26. Rear brake disc

27. Rear brake caliper

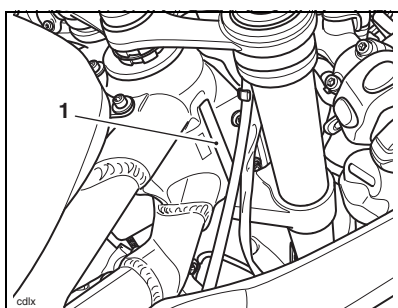


## Serial Numbers

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### SERIAL NUMBERS

#### Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)

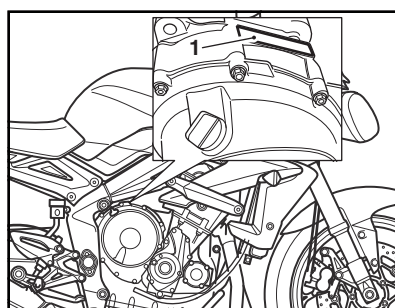


**1. VIN number (Daytona 675 shown)**

The Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) is stamped into the steering head area of the frame. In addition, it is displayed on a label which is mounted on the left hand side the steering head.

Record the vehicle identification number in the space provided below.

#### Engine Serial Number



**1. Engine serial number (Street Triple shown)**

The engine serial number is stamped on the engine crankcase, immediately above the clutch cover.

Record the engine serial number in the space provided below.



## General Information

---

### GENERAL INFORMATION

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## General Information

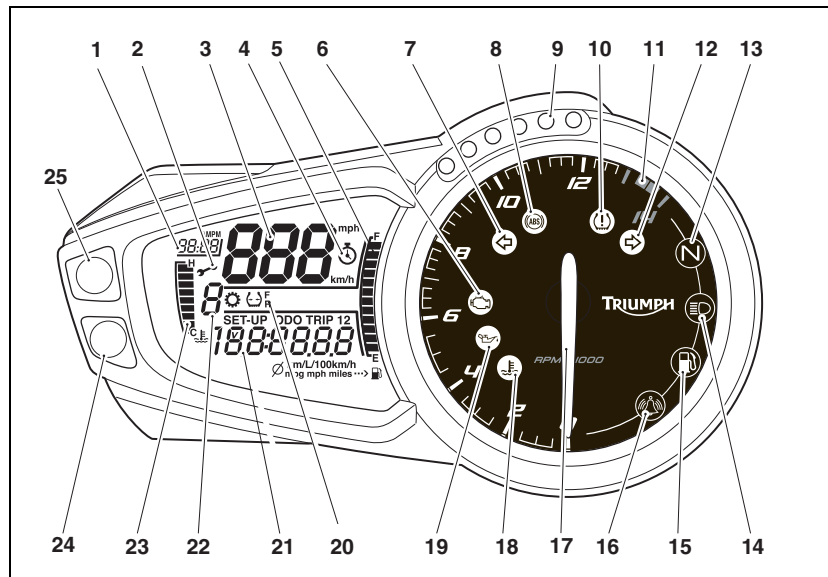
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## General Information

### Instrument Panel Layout - Street Triple, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx

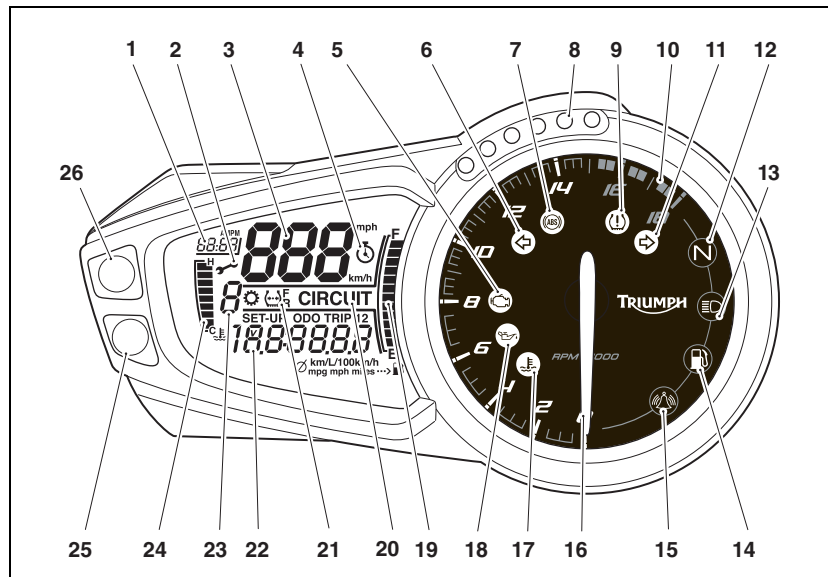


- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1. Clock  | 14. High beam indicator light   |
| 2. Service interval indicator   | 15. Low fuel level indicator light  |
| 3. Speedometer  | 16. Alarm/immobilizer status indicator light (alarm is an accessory kit)            |
| 4. Stopwatch icon   | 17. Tachometer  |
| 5. Fuel gauge   | 18. High coolant temperature warning light  |
| 6. Engine management malfunction indicator light  | 19. Low oil pressure warning light  |
| 7. Left hand turn signal light  | 20. Tire pressure display (if equipped with Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS)) |
| 8. ABS warning light (ABS models only)  | 21. Display screen  |
| 9. Gear shift lights  | 22. Gear position indicator   |
| 10. Tire pressure warning light (if equipped with Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS)) | 23. Coolant temperature display   |
| 11. Tachometer red zone   | 24. Button B  |
| 12. Right hand turn signal light  | 25. Button A  |
| 13. Neutral indicator light   |   |



## General Information

### Instrument Panel Layout - Daytona 675 and Daytona 675 R



- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1. Clock   | 15. Alarm/immobilizer status indicator light (alarm is an accessory kit)            |
| 2. Service interval indicator  | 16. Tachometer  |
| 3. Speedometer   | 17. High coolant temperature warning light  |
| 4. Stopwatch icon  | 18. Low oil pressure warning light  |
| 5. Engine management malfunction indicator light   | 19. Fuel gauge  |
| 6. Left hand turn signal light   | 20. ABS circuit mode indicator  |
| 7. ABS warning light (ABS models only)   | 21. Tire pressure display (if equipped with Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS)) |
| 8. Gear shift lights   | 22. Instrument display  |
| 9. Tire pressure warning light (if equipped with Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS)) | 23. Gear position indicator   |
| 10. Tachometer red zone  | 24. Coolant temperature display   |
| 11. Right hand turn signal light   | 25. Button B  |
| 12. Neutral indicator light  | 26. Button A  |
| 13. High beam indicator light  |   |
| 14. Low fuel level indicator light   |   |



## General Information

### Speedometer and Odometer

The digital speedometer indicates the road speed of the motorcycle. The read-out displays the motorcycle road speed in increments of one mile (or kilometer) per hour.

The electronic odometer and two trip meters are in the display screen. For details of the operation of the odometer and trip meters, please refer to the following pages.

### Tachometer

The tachometer shows the engine speed in revolutions per minute - rpm (r/min). At the end of the tachometer range there is the red zone. Engine rpm (r/min) in the red zone is above maximum recommended engine speed and is also above the range for best performance.

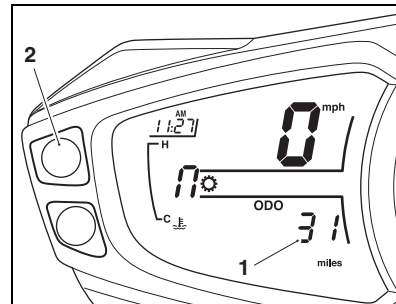


#### Caution

Never allow engine rpm to enter the red zone as severe engine damage may result.

### Trip Computer

#### Daytona 675 and Daytona 675 R



1. Display screen
2. Button A

To access the trip computer information press and release button A until the desired display is visible. The display will scroll through in the following order:

- Trip Meter 1
- Trip Meter 2
- ABS (Daytona 675 and Daytona 675 R only)
- Lap Timer
- Tire Pressure Monitoring System - if equipped
- Set up.



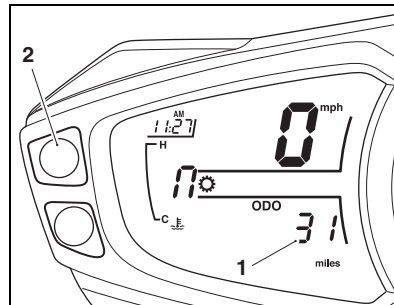
## General Information

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### Note:

- The lap timer (lap) will only be displayed if it is turned on in set up (see page 34).
- The tire pressure monitoring system (TPMS) is an accessory which must be installed by your authorized Triumph dealer. The TPMS display will then be activated by your authorized Triumph dealer.
- Set up is only accessible when the motorcycle is stationary and in neutral.

### Street Triple, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx



1. Display screen
2. Button A

To access the trip computer information press and release button A until the desired display is visible. The display will scroll through in the following order:

- Trip Meter 1
- Trip Meter 2
- Lap Timer
- Tire Pressure Monitoring System - if equipped
- Set up.

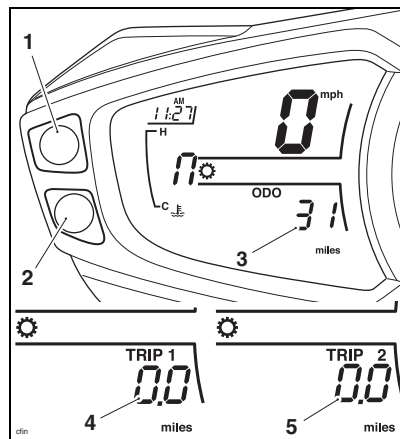
### Note:

- The lap timer (lap) will only be displayed if it is turned on in set up (see page 34).
- The tire pressure monitoring system (TPMS) is an accessory which must be installed by your authorized Triumph dealer. The TPMS display will then be activated by your authorized Triumph dealer.



## General Information

### Odometer/Trip Meter



1. Button A
2. Button B
3. Odometer/Trip meter display
4. Trip meter 1 display
5. Trip meter 2 display

#### Odometer

When the ignition is switched on, the odometer will be displayed for three seconds then the last selected trip meter will be shown.

The odometer shows the total distance that the motorcycle has traveled.

To access the odometer, with the motorcycle stationary and in neutral press and release button A until SEt UP is visible in the display screen then press button B. Press and release button A until odometer is visible.

To exit odometer, press and release button A until rEturn is visible then press button B. Trip 1 will be visible in the display screen.

#### Trip Meter

Either trip meter shows the distance that the motorcycle has traveled, trip time, average fuel consumption, instantaneous fuel consumption and average speed, all since the trip meter on display was last reset to zero.

To access the trip meter information, turn the ignition to the ON position. Press and release button A until the desired trip meter is visible in the display screen.

Press and release button B until the desired display is visible. The display will scroll through in the following order:

- Trip distance
- Range to empty
- Trip time
- Average fuel consumption
- Instantaneous fuel consumption
- Average speed.

Each display provides the following information all calculated since the trip meter was last reset to zero:

#### Trip Distance

The total distance traveled.

#### Range to Empty

This is an indication of the probable distance that can be traveled on the remaining fuel in the tank.

#### Trip Time

The total time elapsed.

#### Average Fuel Consumption

An indication of the average fuel consumption. After being reset the display will show dashes until 0.1 miles/km has been covered.



## General Information

### Instantaneous Fuel Consumption

An indication of the fuel consumption at an instant in time.

### Average Speed

The average speed is calculated from when the trip computer was last reset. After being reset the display will show dashes until one mile/km has been covered.

#### Warning

Do not attempt to switch between odometer and trip meter display modes or reset the trip meter with the motorcycle in motion as this may lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

### Trip Meter Reset

To reset either of the trip meters, select and display the trip meter to be zeroed then press button B for two seconds. After two seconds, the trip meter on display will reset to zero.

#### Note:

- **When a trip meter is reset to zero, the trip time, average fuel consumption and average speed will also be set to zero for that trip meter.**

To exit the trip meter, press and release button A until the desired display is visible.

### ABS Circuit Mode

#### Daytona 675 with ABS and Daytona 675 R

#### Warning

ABS circuit mode is designed for closed circuit use only in dry conditions. ABS circuit mode must not be activated on public roads, as incorrect operation may result in loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

The Daytona 675 and Daytona 675 R models are equipped with an ABS circuit mode.

When activated, circuit mode will allow the rear wheel to rotate at a slower speed than the front wheel before triggering the ABS operation, while still preventing the rear wheel from locking.

An increased level of rear wheel drift is allowed while braking when compared to the standard ABS mode.

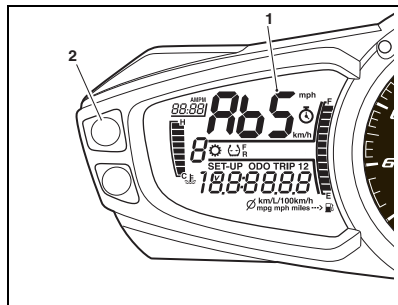
#### Warning

Even under severe braking, high tire grip levels can mean that the front wheel does not have a tendency to lock up until high levels of deceleration have been reached. Furthermore, ABS cannot be relied on in all circumstances to prevent the rear wheel from lifting off the ground, therefore under these circumstances, it may be possible for the rear wheel to lift off the ground. This can result in loss of motorcycle control and an accident and consequently over aggressive braking must be avoided.



## General Information

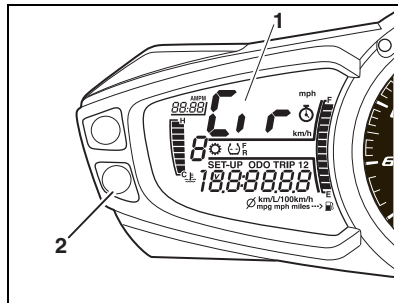
Press and release button A until AbS is visible in the upper display screen.



1. Upper display
2. Button A

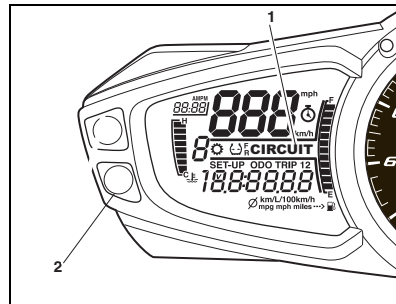
Press and release button B, at this point On-Off-Cir will flash in the upper display.

Press and release button A until Cir is displayed in the upper display screen.



1. Upper display
2. Button B

Press button B to activate the circuit mode within the ABS system; after two seconds the message CIRCUIT will be displayed in the instruments.



1. Circuit mode
2. Button B

**Note:**

- When the motorcycle is set to Cir and the motorcycle starts to move the display will default to Trip 1.
- If the ABS menu is displayed and the motorcycle starts to move the ABS menu will exit, no changes will be made and the display will revert to Trip 1.



## General Information

### ABS Disable

#### Models with ABS

It is possible to temporarily disable the ABS system. The ABS system cannot be permanently disabled, it will be automatically enabled when the ignition is turned off and then on again.



#### Warning

If the ABS is disabled, the brake system will function as a non-ABS braking system. In this situation braking too hard will cause the wheels to lock, and may result in loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

#### To Disable the ABS

To access the ABS Disable function, turn the ignition to the ON position.

Press and release button A until SET UP is visible in the display screen then press button B.

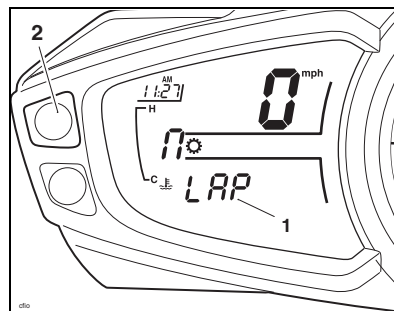
Press and release button A until ABS is visible.

Pressing button B will disable the ABS system; the message ABS OFF will be displayed for two seconds, and the ABS warning light will be illuminated.

#### To Enable the ABS

To enable the ABS system again, turn the ignition off and on.

### Lap Timer



#### 1. Display screen

#### 2. Button A

The lap timer will provide the following information: lap time, number of laps, average speed, maximum speed and distance traveled. Each display provides the following information:

#### Lap Time

The elapsed time of the lap (the lap number will be displayed in the speedometer display). Information is recorded for each lap since the last reset.

#### Note:

- The lap timer will reset to zero after 100 minutes.

#### Number of Laps

The number of recorded laps since the last reset is displayed. A maximum of 50 laps can be stored by the lap timer.

#### Maximum Speed

The maximum speed achieved per lap and the lap number.



## General Information

### Average Speed

The average speed per lap and the lap number.

### Distance Traveled

The distance traveled per lap and the lap number.

### Turning the Lap Timer On or Off

To switch the lap timer on or off, with the motorcycle stationary and in neutral turn the ignition to the ON position.

Press and release button A until SET UP is visible in the display screen. Then press button B.

Press and release button A until Lap is visible then press button B. ON or OFF will flash in the display screen.

Press button A to select the desired display then press button B. Do not touch buttons A or B until Lap is visible in the display. Then press and release button A until rTurn is visible then press button B. Trip 1 will be visible in the display screen.

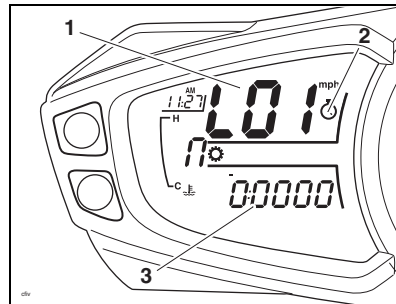
The lap timer has two modes; data recording mode and data retrieval mode.



### Warning

Do not attempt to switch between lap timer display modes with the motorcycle in motion as this may lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

### Data Recording Mode



1. Lap display
2. Stopwatch icon
3. Lap time

#### Note:

- The data recording mode and the data retrieval mode will only operate when the lap timer (lap) is turned on.

To select the data recording mode, turn the ignition to the ON position.

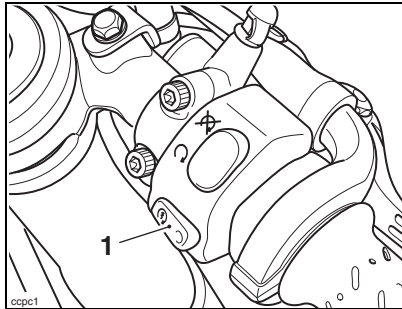
Press and release button A until Lap is visible in the screen then press button B. L01 and a stopwatch icon will be visible in the speedometer display, and the lap timer will be visible in the display screen.

Pressing the starter button (with the engine running only) will start the lap timer. The display will show the lap time in minutes, seconds and hundredths of a second, and the stopwatch icon is on.



## General Information

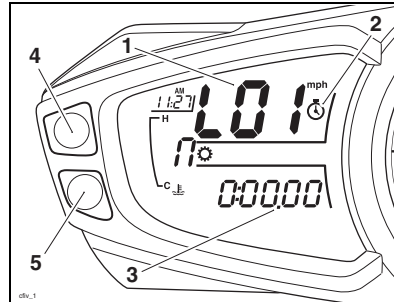
### New Lap Recording



#### 1. Starter button

At the end of the lap, pressing the starter button again will register the start of a new lap. The display will show the last lap time for five seconds then the new lap number for five seconds. After this time, the speedometer display will show the current lap number and the display screen will show the current lap time.

### Data Retrieval Mode



1. Lap number
2. Stopwatch icon
3. Lap timer
4. Button A
5. Button B

The data retrieval mode can be accessed in one of two ways:

- With the ignition in the ON position, from the lap timer display, press button B.
- From the data recording mode, with the engine running and the motorcycle stationary, press the starter button for two seconds. This will return the display to the Lap display. From here press button B.

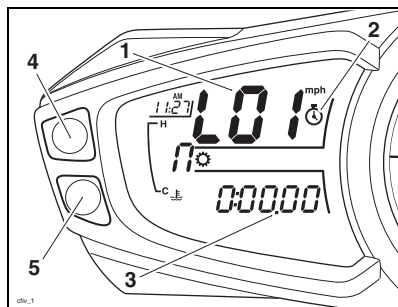
#### Note:

- The data retrieval mode cannot be accessed while the motorcycle is in motion.



## General Information

When the data retrieval mode is accessed, the lap time for the first lap will be displayed. The lap number will be displayed in the speedometer display position.

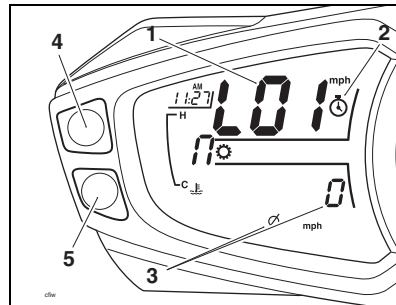


1. Lap number
2. Stopwatch icon
3. Lap timer
4. Button A
5. Button B

Press and release button A until the desired lap (up to a maximum of 50 laps) is displayed.

Press and release button B to scroll through the data available in the following order:

- Average Speed (per lap or total of all laps)
- Maximum Speed (per lap or maximum speed achieved)
- Distance Traveled (per lap or total of all laps)
- Lap Time.



1. Lap number
2. Stopwatch icon
3. Data retrieval mode (average speed shown)
4. Button A
5. Button B

The speed and distance will be displayed in kilometers or miles, according to the units displayed by the speedometer.



## General Information

### Lap Timer Reset and Exit

To reset the lap timer and exit lap timer, press button B for two seconds. After two seconds, the lap timer will reset and Lap will be shown in the display screen. This will delete the stored data for all stored laps.

To exit the data retrieval mode without resetting the lap timer, press button A for two seconds, Lap will be visible in the display screen. Press and release button A to select the desired display.

### Tire Pressure Monitoring System (TPMS) - If Equipped



#### Warning

The daily check of tire pressures must not be excluded because of the installation of the TPMS. Check the tire pressure when the tires are cold and using an accurate tire pressure gauge (see page 126).

Use of the TPMS system to set inflation pressures may lead to incorrect tire pressures leading to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

#### Function

Tire pressure sensors are mounted to the front and rear wheels. These sensors measure the air pressure inside the tire and transmit pressure data to the instruments. These sensors will not transmit the data until the motorcycle is traveling at a speed greater than 12 mph (20 km/h). Two dashes will be visible in the display area until the tire pressure signal is received.

An adhesive label will be mounted on the wheel rim to indicate the position of the tire pressure sensor, which is near the valve.

#### **For motorcycles without the tire pressure monitoring system installed:**

The tire pressure monitoring system (TPMS) is an accessory equipped item and must be installed by your authorized Triumph dealer. The TPMS display on the instruments will only be activated when the system has been installed.



## General Information

### TPMS Sensor ID Number

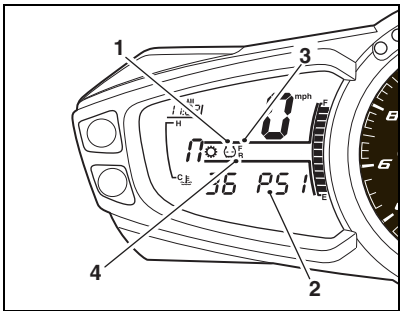
An ID number for each tire pressure sensor is printed on a label which is on the sensor. This number may be required by the dealer for service or diagnostics.

If the TPMS has been installed at the factory, labels identifying the front and rear TPMS sensor ID numbers will be affixed to the spaces below.

If the TPMS is being mounted to the motorcycle as an accessory, ensure that the dealer records the front and rear TPMS sensor ID numbers in the spaces provided.

Front Sensor	Rear Sensor

### System Display



1. TPMS symbol
2. Tire pressure display
3. Front tire, identified
4. Rear tire, identified

To access the tire pressure display, turn the ignition to the ON position.

Press and release button A until PSI or bAr is visible in the display screen.

Press and release button B to select the front or rear tire pressure.

When the tire pressure monitoring system has been selected, -- PSI or bAr will be visible in the display screen until the motorcycle is traveling at a speed greater than 12 mph (20 km/h) and the tire pressure signal is received.

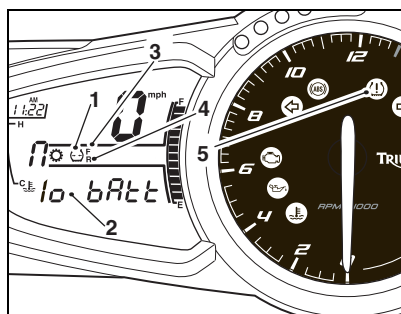
To exit the tire pressure display, press and release button A to select the desired display.



## General Information

### Sensor Batteries

When the battery voltage in a pressure sensor is low, lo bAtt will be displayed for eight seconds and the TPMS symbol will indicate which wheel sensor has the low battery voltage. If the batteries are completely flat, only dashes will be visible in the display screen, the red TPMS warning light will be on and the TPMS symbol will flash continuously. Contact your authorized Triumph dealer to have the sensor replaced and the new serial number recorded in the spaces provided on page 38.



1. TPMS symbol
2. Display screen
3. Front tire, identified
4. Rear tire, identified
5. TPMS warning light

### TPMS Symbol

With the ignition switch turned to the ON position, if the TPMS symbol flashes for 10 seconds and then remains on there is a fault with the TPMS system. Contact your authorized Triumph dealer to have the fault rectified.

### Tire Pressures

The tire pressures shown on your instrument panel indicate the actual tire pressure at the time of selecting the display. This may differ from the inflation pressure set when the tires are cold because tires become warmer during riding, causing the air in the tire to expand and the inflation pressure to increase. The cold inflation pressures specified by Triumph take account of this.

Owners must only adjust tire pressures when the tires are cold using an accurate tire pressure gauge (see page 126), and must not use the tire pressure display on the instruments.

### Warning

The tire pressure monitoring system is not to be used as a tire pressure gauge when adjusting the tire pressures. For correct tire pressures, always check the tire pressures when the tires are cold and using an accurate tire pressure gauge (see page 126).

Use of the TPMS system to set inflation pressures may lead to incorrect tire pressures leading to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

### Replacement Tires

When replacing tires, always have an authorized Triumph dealer install your tires and ensure they are aware that tire pressure sensors are mounted to the wheels (see page 128).



## General Information

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### Set Up Menu

To access the set up menu, turn the ignition to the ON position.

Press and release button A until SEt UP is visible in the display screen then press button B.

Press and release button A until the desired set up menu item is displayed then press button B to enter the selected items sub menu.

The display will scroll through in the following order:

- t-SEt (clock adjustment, see page 40)
- UnitS (change units, see page 41)
- Lap (lap timer on/off, see page 34)
- ABS (disable ABS, see page 33)
- SHIFt (gear shift lights see page 43)
- Odometer (see page 30)
- SIA (Service Interval Announcement, see page 45)
- rEturn (Return to Trip 1 display, see page 45).

### Clock Adjustment

#### **Warning**

Do not attempt to adjust the clock with the motorcycle in motion as this may lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

To reset the clock, with the motorcycle stationary and in neutral turn the ignition to the ON position. Press and release button A until SEt UP is visible in the display screen. Press button B and t-SEt will be visible.

Press button B again and either 24 Hr or 12 Hr clock will be shown. Press button A to select the desired clock display and then press button B. The hour display will start to flash and the word Hour is visible in the display screen.

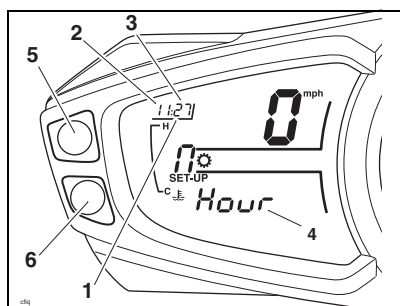
To reset the hour display, ensure that the hour display is still flashing and the word Hour is visible. Press button A to change the setting. Each individual button press will change the setting by one digit. If the button is held, the display will continuously scroll through in single digit increments.

When the correct hour display is shown, press button B. The minutes display will begin to flash and the word Min is visible in the display screen. The minutes display is adjusted in the same way as for the hours.



## General Information

Once both hours and minutes are correctly set, press button B to confirm and t-SEt will be visible in the display screen. Press and release button A until rEturN is visible then press button B. Trip 1 will be visible in the display screen.



1. Clock display
2. Hours read-out
3. Minutes read-out
4. Display screen (Hour selected for adjustment)
5. Button A
6. Button B

### Changing Units (Imperial, US or Metric)

Units has four selectable display modes as described below:

- mpg - Imperial gallons
- mpg US - US gallons
- L/100 km - Metric
- km/L - Metric.

Each display provides the following information:

#### mpg (Imperial gallons)

The speedometer and odometer will read in miles. The fuel consumption will be measured in imperial gallons.

#### mpg US (US gallons)

The speedometer and odometer will read in miles. The fuel consumption will be measured in US gallons.

#### L/100 km (Metric)

The speedometer and odometer will read in kilometers. The fuel consumption will be measured in liters of fuel per 100 km.

#### km/L (Metric)

The speedometer and odometer will read in kilometers. The fuel consumption will be measured in kilometers per liter of fuel.

### Warning

Do not attempt to change the units display with the motorcycle in motion as this may lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.



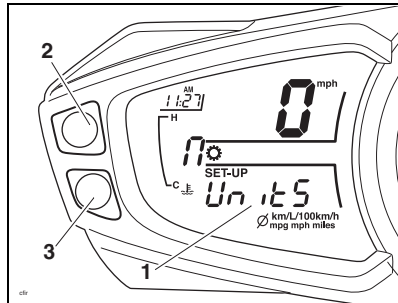
## General Information

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To access the units display, with the motorcycle stationary and in neutral turn the ignition to the ON position.

Press and release button A until SEt UP is visible in the display screen then press button B.

Press and release button A until UnitS is visible then press button B.



1. Display screen
2. Button A
3. Button B

Press and release button A until the desired display is visible. The display will scroll through in the following order:

- mpg - Imperial gallons
- mpg - US gallons
- L/100 km - Metric
- km/L - Metric.

**Models without TPMS:** Press button B and do not touch buttons A or B again until UnitS is visible in the display screen. When UnitS is visible in the display screen, press and release button A until rEt urn is visible then press button B. Trip1 will be visible in the display screen.

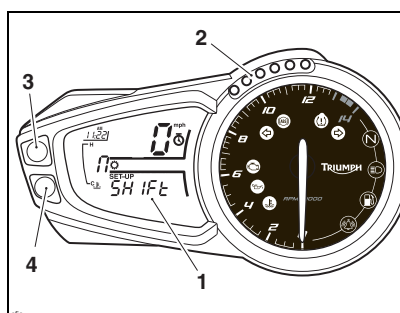
**Models with TPMS:** Press button B and do not touch buttons A or B until PSI or bAr is displayed. Press and release button A until the desired tire pressure units are visible. Press button B and wait until UnitS is displayed, then press button A and when rEt urn is displayed press button B. Trip 1 will be visible in the display screen.



## General Information

### Gear Shift Lights

The gear shift lights provide a visual indication of when to shift gear. The gear shift lights are all colored blue.



1. Display screen
2. Gear shift lights
3. Button A
4. Button B

### Gear Shift Light Modes

The gear shift lights have four programmable operating modes as described below:

- SE mode: The lights will progressively illuminate in 250 rpm increments until the set speed is reached. At the set speed all six lights will be illuminated.
- 3 LED mode: The first three lights illuminate when the set limit is reached, and remain illuminated until the engine speed drops below the set limit.
- 6 LED mode: All six lights illuminate when the set limit is reached, and remain illuminated until the engine speed drops below the set limit.
- OFF mode: The gear shift lights are turned OFF.

### Setting Gear Shift Light Limits

The gear shift lights will not operate below 3,500 rpm to avoid the lights operating at idle.

To change the gear shift light modes, with the motorcycle stationary and in neutral turn the ignition to the ON position.

Press and release button A until SET UP is visible in the display screen then press button B.

Press and release button A until SHIFt is visible then press button B. The current mode will be displayed and the corresponding gear shift lights will illuminate.

Press and release button A until the desired gear shift light mode is visible then press button B. The display will scroll through in the following order:

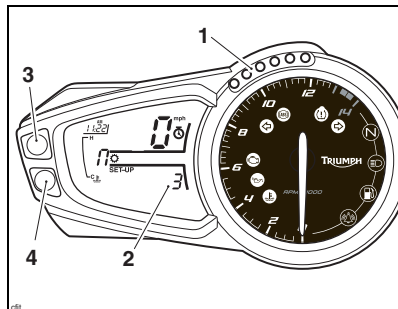
- SE (Scale mode)
- 3 (3 LED mode)
- 6 (6 LED mode)
- OFF (Gear shift lights off).



## General Information

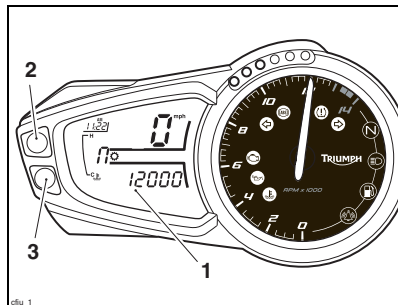
### Note:

- The motorcycle is delivered from the factory with the gear shift light set to the 6 LED mode at 3,500 rpm.



1. Gear shift lights
2. Display screen (3 mode shown)
3. Button A
4. Button B

When the gear shift light mode has been selected, the tachometer needle will move round to the last set position. The rpm will be shown in the display screen with the 1,000 units flashing.



1. RPM 1,000 units
2. Button A
3. Button B

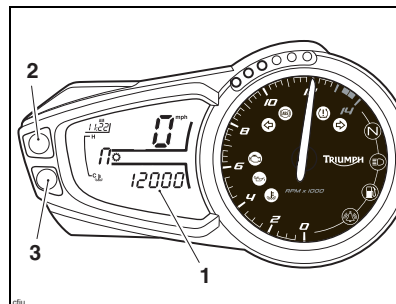
### Changing the Set Speed

To change the setting in increments of 1,000 rpm, press button A. Each individual press of button A will then increase the setting in increments of 1,000 rpm, up to the maximum rpm limit. When the maximum rpm limit is reached, the setting will return to 3,500 rpm.

### Note:

- If the rpm 1,000 units is set to the maximum rpm limit, SHIFt will be shown.

When the correct setting is shown press button B and the rpm 100 units start flashing.



1. RPM 100 units
2. Button A
3. Button B

The setting can now be changed in increments of 100 rpm, again up to the maximum rpm limit.

### Note:

- In this mode, when 900 is reached, the next press of button A will reset the display to 000.



## General Information

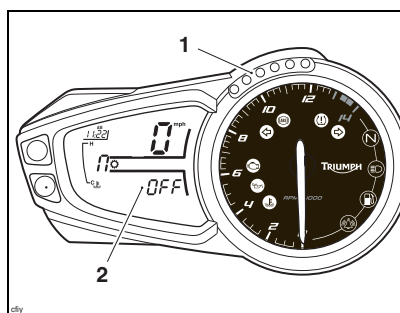
Each individual press of button A will increase the setting in increments of 100 rpm.

When the correct setting is shown, pressing button B will confirm the setting, SHIFt will be visible in the display screen and all the gear shift lights will flash.

Press and release button A until rEtUrn is visible in the display screen then press button B. Trip 1 will be visible in the display screen.

### Setting Gear Shift Lights to Off

To select the OFF mode, ensure OFF is visible in the display screen. Press button B and SHIFt will be visible in the display screen. Press and release button A until rEtUrn is visible in the display screen then press button B. Trip 1 will be visible in the display screen.



1. Gear shift lights
2. Display screen (OFF mode shown)

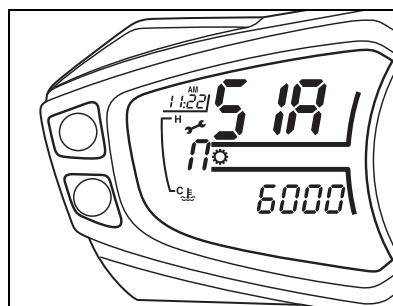
### Service Interval Announcement (SIA)

The Service Interval Announcement (SIA) shows the total distance that the motorcycle has remaining before a service is required. If the service is overdue, the distance will be displayed as a negative number.

To access the SIA display, with the motorcycle stationary and in neutral turn the ignition to the ON position.

Press and release button A until SEt UP is visible in the display screen then press button B.

Press and release button A until SIA is visible.



### Service Interval Announcement (SIA)

To exit the SIA display, press and release button A until rEtUrn is visible in the display screen then press button B. Trip 1 will be visible in the display screen.

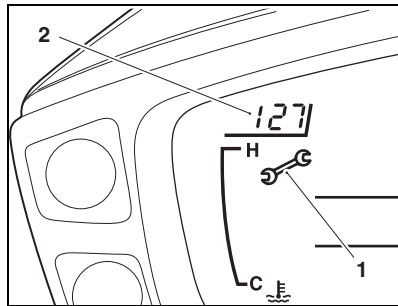
### Return

When rEtUrn is displayed and button B is pressed, Trip 1 menu will be visible in the display screen.



## General Information

### Service Interval Indicator

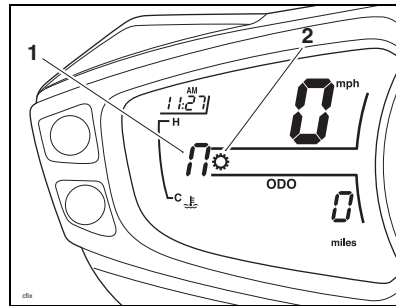


1. Service indicator
2. Remaining distance

When the ignition is switched on and the distance to the next service is 500 miles (800 km) or less, the service symbol will be displayed for three seconds and the clock will show the distance remaining before the next service.

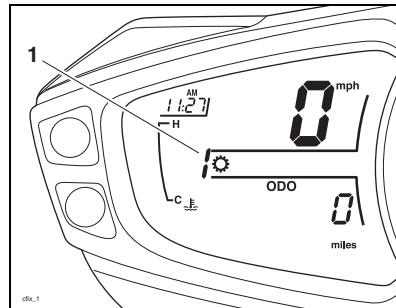
When the remaining distance is zero miles (zero km) the service symbol will remain on until the service has been carried out and the system has been reset by your authorized Triumph dealer. If the service is overdue, the distance will be displayed as a negative number.

### Gear Position Display



1. Gear position display (neutral position shown)
2. Gear position symbol

The gear position display indicates which gear (1 to 6) has been engaged. When the transmission is in neutral (no gear selected), the display will show n.

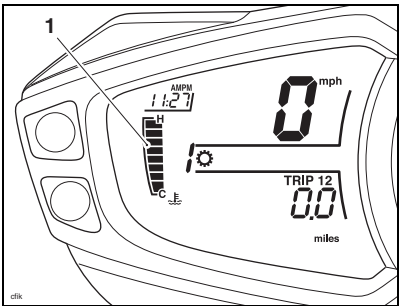


1. Gear position display (first gear shown)



## General Information

### Coolant Temperature Gauge



**1. Coolant temperature gauge**

The coolant temperature gauge indicates the temperature of the engine coolant.

When the ignition is switched on, all eight bars of the display will be shown. When the engine is started from cold the display will show one bar. As the temperature increases more bars will be shown in the display. When the engine is started from hot the display will show the relevant number of bars, dependant on engine temperature.

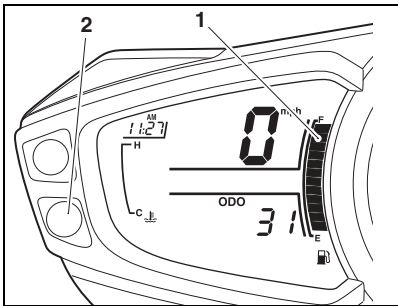
The normal temperature range is between three and five bars.

If the coolant temperature becomes too high the display will show eight bars and will start to flash. The high coolant temperature warning light in the tachometer will also be illuminated.

#### **Caution**

Do not continue to run the engine if either of the high temperature warnings are displayed as severe engine damage may result.

### Fuel Gauge



**1. Fuel gauge**  
**2. Button B**

The fuel gauge indicates the amount of fuel in the tank.

With the ignition switched on, the number of bars shown in the display indicates the level of fuel.

When the fuel tank is full all 12 bars are displayed and when empty, no bars are displayed. Other gauge markings indicate intermediate fuel levels between full and empty.

When two bars are displayed the low fuel warning light will illuminate. This indicates there are approximately 0.9 US gallons (3.5 liters) of fuel remaining in the tank and you should refuel at the earliest opportunity. If a trip meter display is visible, the range to empty display can be selected by pressing and releasing button B until it is visible.

After refueling, the fuel gauge and range to empty information will be updated only while riding the motorcycle. Depending on the riding style, updating could take up to five minutes.



## General Information

### Warning Lights

#### Turn Signals



When the turn signal switch is pushed to the left or right, the turn signal light will flash on and off at the same speed as the turn signals.

#### High Beam



When the ignition is switched on and the headlight dimmer switch is set to high beam, the high beam warning light will illuminate.

#### Low Fuel



The low fuel indicator will illuminate when there are approximately 0.9 US gallons (3.5 liters) of fuel remaining in the tank.

#### Neutral



The neutral warning light indicates when the transmission is in neutral (no gear selected). The warning light will illuminate when the transmission is in neutral with the ignition switch in the ON position.

#### Low Oil Pressure Warning Light



With the engine running, if the engine oil pressure becomes dangerously low, the low oil pressure warning light in the tachometer will illuminate.



#### Caution

Stop the engine immediately if the low oil pressure warning light illuminates. Do not restart the engine until the fault has been rectified.

Severe engine damage will result from running the engine when the low oil pressure warning light is illuminated.

The low oil pressure warning light in the tachometer will illuminate if the ignition is switched on without running the engine.

#### High Coolant Temperature Warning Light



With the engine running, if the engine coolant temperature becomes dangerously high, the high coolant temperature warning light in the tachometer will illuminate.



#### Caution

Stop the engine immediately if the high coolant temperature warning light illuminates. Do not restart the engine until the fault has been rectified.

Severe engine damage will result from running the engine when the high coolant temperature warning light is illuminated.

The high coolant temperature warning light in the tachometer will illuminate if the ignition is switched on without running the engine.



## General Information

### Engine Management System Malfunction Indicator Light



The malfunction indicator light for the engine management system illuminates when the ignition is switched on (to indicate that it is working), but should not become illuminated when the engine is running.

If the malfunction indicator light becomes illuminated when the engine is running, this indicates that a fault has occurred in one or more of the systems controlled by the engine management system. In such circumstances, the engine management system will switch to limp-home mode so that the journey may be completed, if the fault is not so severe that the engine will not run.



#### Warning

Reduce speed and do not continue to ride for longer than is necessary with the malfunction indicator light illuminated. The fault may adversely affect engine performance, exhaust emissions and fuel consumption. Reduced engine performance could cause a dangerous riding condition, leading to loss of control and an accident. Contact an authorized Triumph dealer as soon as possible to have the fault checked and rectified.

#### Note:

- **If the malfunction indicator light flashes when the ignition is switched on, contact an authorized Triumph dealer as soon as possible to have the situation rectified. In these circumstances the engine will not start.**

### Alarm/Immobilizer Indicator Light



This Triumph model is equipped with an engine immobilizer which is activated when the ignition switch is turned to the OFF position. If the motorcycle is equipped with a genuine Triumph accessory alarm, the immobilizer will operate as normal but the alarm/immobilizer light will operate as described below.

#### With Alarm Installed

The alarm/immobilizer light will only illuminate when the conditions described in the genuine Triumph accessory alarm instructions are met.

#### Without Alarm Installed

When the ignition switch is turned to the OFF position, the alarm/immobilizer light will flash on and off for 24 hours to show that the engine immobilizer is on. When the ignition switch is turned to the ON position the immobilizer and the indicator light will be off.

If the indicator light remains on it indicates that the immobilizer has a malfunction that requires investigation. Contact an authorized Triumph dealer as soon as possible to have the fault checked and rectified.



## General Information

### ABS (Anti-Lock Brake System) Indicator Light



#### Note:

- **ABS will not function if there is a malfunction with the ABS system and the ABS warning light is illuminated.**

When the ignition switch is turned to the ON position, it is normal that the ABS warning light will flash on and off. The light will continue to flash after engine start-up until the motorcycle first reaches a speed exceeding 6 mph (10 km/h) when it will go off.

Unless the ABS system is disabled (see page 33), or there is a fault, it should not illuminate again until the engine is restarted.

If the indicator light becomes illuminated at any other time while riding it indicates that the ABS has a malfunction that requires investigation.

### Warning

If the ABS is not functioning, the brake system will continue to function as a non ABS braking system. Do not continue to ride for longer than is necessary with the indicator light illuminated. Contact an authorized Triumph dealer as soon as possible to have the fault checked and rectified. In this situation braking too hard will cause the wheels to lock resulting in loss of control and an accident.

See also Braking on page 69.

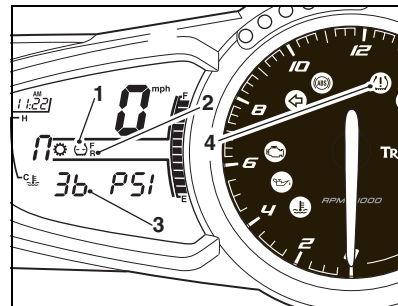
### Tire Pressure Warning Light



The tire pressure warning light works in conjunction with the tire pressure monitoring system (see page 37).

The warning light will only illuminate when the front or rear tire pressure is below the recommended pressure. It will not illuminate if the tire is over inflated.

When the warning light is illuminated, the TPMS symbol indicating which is the deflated tire and its pressure will automatically be visible in the display area.



1. TPMS symbol
2. Rear tire, identified
3. Tire pressure
4. Tire pressure warning light



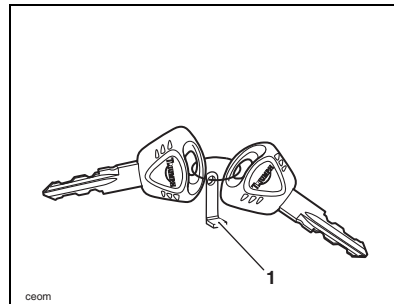
## General Information

The tire pressure at which the warning light illuminates is temperature compensated to 68°F (20°C) but the numeric pressure display associated with it is not (see page 37). Even if the numeric display seems at or close to the standard tire pressure when the warning light is on, a low tire pressure is indicated and a puncture is the most likely cause.

### Warning

Stop the motorcycle if the tire pressure warning light illuminates. Do not ride the motorcycle until the tires have been checked and the tire pressures are at their recommended pressure when cold.

## Ignition Key



### 1. Key number tag

In addition to operating the steering lock/ignition switch, the ignition key is required to operate the seat lock and fuel tank cap.

When the motorcycle is delivered from the factory, two ignition keys are supplied together with a small tag bearing the key number. Make a note of the key number and store the spare key and key number tag in a safe place away from the motorcycle.

There is a transponder within the key to turn off the engine immobilizer. To ensure the immobilizer functions correctly, always have only one of the ignition keys near the ignition switch. Having two ignition keys near the switch may interrupt the enable signal between the transponder and the engine immobilizer. In this situation the engine immobilizer will remain on until one of the ignition keys is removed.



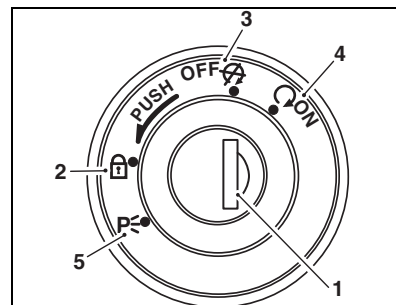
## General Information

Always get replacement keys from your authorized Triumph dealer. Replacement keys must be paired with the motorcycle's immobilizer by your authorized Triumph dealer.

### Caution

Do not store the spare key with the motorcycle as this will reduce all aspects of security.

## Ignition Switch/Steering Lock



1. Ignition switch/steering lock
2. LOCK position
3. OFF position
4. ON position
5. PARK position

### Engine Immobilizer

The ignition barrel housing acts as the antenna for the engine immobilizer.

When the ignition switch is turned to the OFF position and the ignition key removed, the engine immobilizer is activated (see page 49). The engine immobilizer is deactivated when the ignition key is in the ignition switch and it is turned to the ON position.

### Ignition Switch Positions

This is a four position, key operated switch. The key can be removed from the switch only when it is in the OFF, LOCK or P (PARK) position.

**TO LOCK:** Turn the key to the OFF position, push and fully release the key, then rotate it to the LOCK position.

**PARKING:** Turn the key from the LOCK position to the P position. The steering will remain locked.



## General Information

### Note:

- Do not leave the steering lock in the P position for long periods of time as this will cause the battery to discharge.

### Warning

For reasons of security and safety, always move the ignition switch to the OFF position and remove the key when leaving the motorcycle unattended.

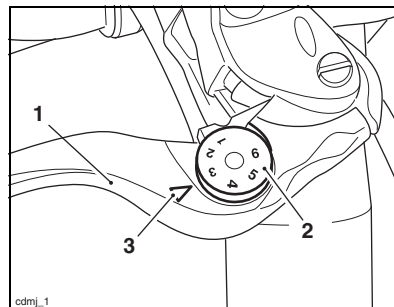
Any unauthorized use of the motorcycle may cause injury to the rider, other road users and pedestrians and may also cause damage to the motorcycle.

### Warning

With the key in the LOCK or P position the steering will become locked.

Never turn the key to the LOCK or P positions while the motorcycle is moving as this will cause the steering to lock. Locked steering will cause loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

### Brake Lever Adjuster - Daytona 675, Street Triple, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx



1. Lever (Street Triple R shown)

2. Adjuster wheel

3. Triangular mark

An adjuster is mounted to the front brake lever. The adjuster allows the distance from the handlebar to the lever to be changed to one of six positions for Daytona 675, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx or four positions for Street Triple, to suit the span of the operator's hands.

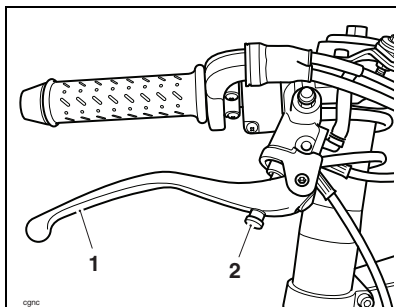
To adjust the brake lever, push the lever forward and turn the adjuster wheel counterclockwise to align one of the numbered positions with the triangular mark on the lever (Daytona 675, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx), or lever holder (Street Triple) as viewed from the riding position to increase the distance, or clockwise to shorten the distance from the handlebar.

The distance from the handlebar grip to the released lever is shortest when set to number six (Daytona 675, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx), or four (Street Triple), and longest when set to number one.



## General Information

### Brake Lever Adjuster - Daytona 675 R



1. Brake lever
2. Adjusting screw

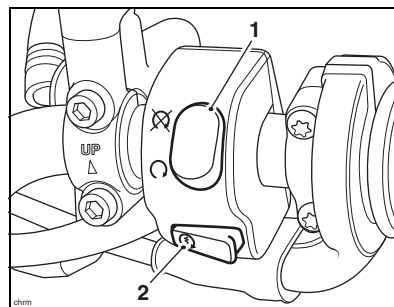
To adjust the brake lever, push the lever forward and turn the adjusting screw counterclockwise as viewed from the riding position to increase the distance, or clockwise to shorten the distance from the handlebar.

#### Warning

For any model, do not attempt to adjust the lever with the motorcycle in motion as this may lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

After adjusting the lever, operate the motorcycle in an area free from traffic to gain familiarity with the new lever setting. Do not loan your motorcycle to anyone as they may change the lever setting from the one you are familiar with causing loss of control and an accident.

### Right Handlebar Switches



1. Engine stop switch
2. Starter button

#### Engine Stop Switch

In addition to the ignition switch being turned to the ON position, the engine stop switch must be in the RUN position for the motorcycle to operate.

The engine stop switch is for emergency use. If an emergency arises which requires the engine to be stopped, move the engine stop switch to the STOP position.

#### Note:

- **Although the engine stop switch stops the engine, it does not turn off all the electrical circuits and may cause difficulty in restarting the engine due to a discharged battery. Ordinarily, only the ignition switch should be used to stop the engine.**

#### Caution

Do not leave the ignition switch in the ON position unless the engine is running as this may cause damage to electrical components and will discharge the battery.



## General Information

### Starter Button

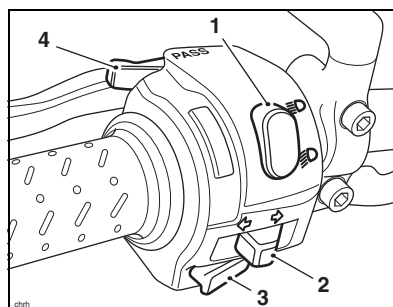
The starter button operates the electric starter. For the starter to operate, the clutch lever must be pulled to the handlebar.

#### Note:

- **Even if the clutch lever is pulled to the handlebar, the starter will not operate if the side stand is down and a gear is engaged.**

With the engine running, the starter button functions as the lap timer trigger button. Momentarily pressing the starter button will start the lap timer recording the next lap.

### Left Handlebar Switches



1. Headlight dimmer switch
2. Turn signal switch
3. Horn button
4. Pass button

### Headlight Dimmer Switch

High or low beam can be selected with the headlight dimmer switch. To select high beam, push the switch forward. To select low beam, push the switch rearwards. When the high beam is turned on, the high beam indicator light will illuminate.

#### Note:

- **A lighting on/off switch is not mounted to this model. The headlight, brake light and license plate light all function automatically when the ignition is turned to the ON position.**



## General Information

### Turn Signal Switch

When the turn signal switch is pushed to the left or right and released, the corresponding turn signals will flash on and off. To turn off the turn signals, push and release the switch.

### Horn Button

When the horn button is pushed, with the ignition switch turned to the ON position, the horn will sound.

### Pass Button

When the pass button is pressed, the headlight main beam will be switched on. It will remain on as long as the button is held in and will turn off as soon as the button is released.

#### Caution

The headlamp pass switch is intended for intermittent use only. Use of the pass switch for extended periods of time may cause the fuse to fail resulting in loss of headlamp operation.

### Fuel Requirement/Refueling

#### Fuel Grade



This Triumph motorcycle is designed to run on unleaded gasoline with a CLC or AKI octane rating (R+M)/2 of 87 or higher. Federal regulations require that pumps delivering unleaded gasoline are marked 'UNLEADED' and that the Cost of Living Council (CLC) or Anti-Knock Index (AKI) octane rating is also displayed. These ratings are an average of the Research Octane Number (RON) and the Motor Octane Number (MON).

#### Caution

The use of leaded gasoline is illegal in some countries, states or territories. Check local regulations before using leaded gasoline.

#### Note:

- If 'knocking' or 'pinging' occurs at a steady engine speed under normal load, use a different brand of gasoline or gasoline which has a higher octane rating.



## General Information

### Oxygenated Gasoline

To help in meeting clean air standards, some areas of the U.S. use oxygenated gasoline to help reduce harmful emissions. These gasolines are a blend of conventional gasoline and another compound such as alcohol. This Triumph motorcycle will give its best performance when using unleaded gasoline. However, the following should be used as a guide if you use any oxygenated fuels.

### Ethanol

Ethanol fuel is a mixture of 10% Ethanol and 90% gasoline and is often described under the names 'gasohol', 'Ethanol enhanced', or 'contains Ethanol'. This fuel may be used in your Triumph motorcycle.

### MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether)

The use of gasolines containing up to 15% MTBE (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether) is permitted in this Triumph motorcycle.

### Methanol

#### Caution

Fuels containing methanol should not be used as damage to components in the fuel system can be caused by contact with methanol.

#### Caution

Because of the generally higher volatility of oxygenated fuels, starting, engine response and fuel consumption may be adversely affected by their use. Should any of these difficulties be experienced, run the motorcycle on normal unleaded gasoline.

#### Warning

To help reduce hazards associated with refueling, always observe the following fuel safety instructions:

Gasoline (fuel) is highly flammable and can be explosive under certain conditions. When refueling, turn the ignition switch to the 'OFF' position.

Do not smoke.

Do not use a mobile telephone.

Make sure the refueling area is well ventilated and free from any source of flame or sparks. This includes any appliance with a pilot light.

Never fill the tank until the fuel level rises into the filler neck. Heat from sunlight or other sources may cause the fuel to expand and overflow creating a fire hazard.

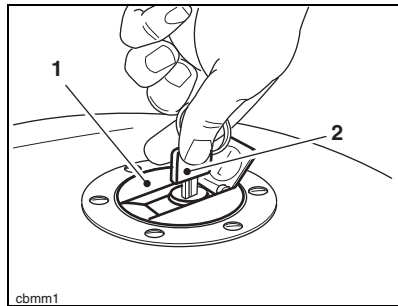
After refueling always check that the fuel filler cap is correctly closed and locked.

Because gasoline (fuel) is highly flammable, any fuel leak or spillage, or any failure to observe the safety advice given above will lead to a fire hazard, which could cause damage to property, injury to persons or death.



## General Information

### Fuel Tank Cap



1. Fuel tank cap
2. Key

To open the fuel tank cap, lift up the flap covering the lock itself. Insert the key into the lock and turn the key clockwise.

To close and lock the cap, push the cap down into place with the key inserted, until the lock clicks into place. Withdraw the key and close the key cover.

#### Caution

Closing the cap without the key inserted will damage the cap, tank and lock mechanism.

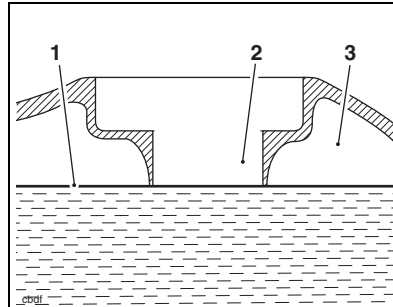
### Filling the Fuel Tank

Avoid filling the tank in rainy or dusty conditions where airborne material can contaminate the fuel.

#### Caution

Contaminated fuel may cause damage to fuel system components.

Fill the fuel tank slowly to help prevent spillage. Do not fill the tank to a level above the bottom of the filler neck. This will ensure there is enough air space to allow for fuel expansion if the fuel inside the tank expands through absorption of heat from the engine or from direct sunlight.



1. Maximum fuel level
2. Fuel filler neck
3. Air space



## General Information

### Warning

Overfilling the tank can lead to fuel spillage.

If fuel is spilled, thoroughly clean up the spillage immediately and dispose of the materials used safely.

Take care not to spill any fuel on the engine, exhaust pipes, tires or any other part of the motorcycle.

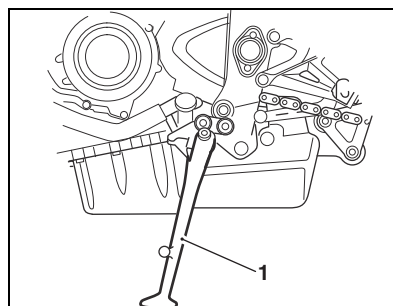
Because fuel is highly flammable, any fuel leak or spillage, or any failure to observe the safety advice given above may lead to a fire hazard, which could cause damage to property and injury or death to persons.

Fuel spilled near to, or onto the tires will reduce the tire's ability to grip the road. This will result in a dangerous riding condition potentially causing loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

After refueling always check that the fuel filler cap is correctly closed and locked.

### Stand

#### Side Stand



#### 1. Side stand (Street Triple shown)

The motorcycle is equipped with a side stand on which the motorcycle can be parked.

### Warning

The motorcycle is equipped with an interlock system to prevent it from being ridden with the side stand in the down position.

Never attempt to ride with the side stand down or interfere with the interlock mechanism as this will cause a dangerous riding condition leading to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

#### Note:

- **When using the side stand, always turn the handlebars fully to the left and leave the motorcycle in first gear.**

Whenever the side stand is used, before riding, always ensure that the side stand is fully up after first sitting on the motorcycle.

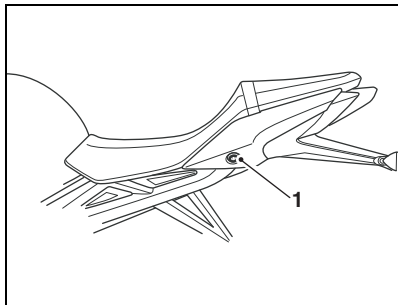
For instructions on safe parking, refer to the How to Ride the Motorcycle section.



## General Information

### Seat Lock

#### Rider's Seat Street Triple and Street Triple R



##### 1. Seat lock

The seat lock is located on the left hand side of the rear bodywork, in line with the footrest mounting rail. To remove the seat, insert the ignition key into the seat lock and turn it counterclockwise while pressing down on the rear of the seat. This will release the seat from its lock and allow it to be slid rearwards for complete removal from the motorcycle.

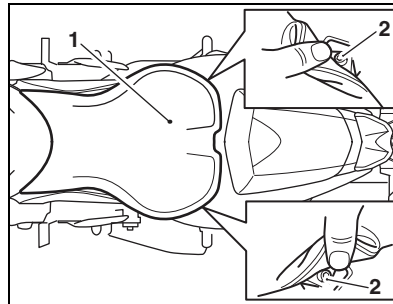
To reinstall the seat, engage the seat's tongue under the fuel tank and press down at the rear to engage in the seat lock.

An audible click can be heard when the seat is fully engaged in its lock.

### Warning

To prevent detachment of the seat during riding, after installation always grasp the seat and pull firmly upwards. If the seat is not correctly secured, it will detach from the lock. A loose or detached seat could cause loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

#### Rider's Seat Daytona 675, Daytona 675 R and Street Triple Rx



##### 1. Rider's seat

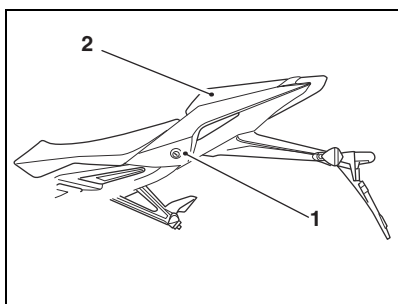
##### 2. Fasteners

To remove the rider's seat, remove the fasteners located beneath the padding. This will allow the rider's seat to slide rearwards for complete removal from the motorcycle. To reinstall the seat, engage the seat's tongue under the fuel tank, install and tighten the fasteners to **80 lbf in (9 Nm)**.



## General Information

### Passenger Seat Daytona 675, Daytona 675 R and Street Triple Rx



1. Seat lock
2. Passenger seat

The seat lock is located on the left hand side of the rear bodywork, in line with the footrest mounting rail. To remove the rear seat, insert the ignition key into the seat lock and turn it counterclockwise while pressing down on the rear of the seat. This will release the seat from its lock and allow it to be slid forwards for complete removal from the motorcycle.

To reinstall the seat, engage the seat's tongue under the bracket and press down at the rear to engage in the seat lock. An audible click can be heard when the seat is fully engaged in its lock.

### Seat Care

To prevent damage to the seat or seat cover, care must be taken not to drop or lean the seat against any surface which may damage the seat or seat cover.

#### Caution

To prevent damage to the seat or seat cover, care must be taken not to drop the seat. Do not lean the seat against the motorcycle or any surface which may damage the seat or seat cover. Instead, place the seat, with the seat cover facing upwards, on a clean, flat surface which is covered with a soft cloth.

Do not place any item on the seat which may cause damage or staining to the seat cover.

#### Warning

To prevent detachment of the seat during riding, after installation always grasp the seat and pull firmly upwards. If the seat is not correctly secured in the lock, it will detach from the lock. A loose or detached seat could cause loss of motorcycle control and an accident.



## General Information

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### Triumph Accessory D-lock Storage

#### Street Triple

Space is provided under the passenger seat to store a Triumph accessory D-lock (available from your Triumph dealer).

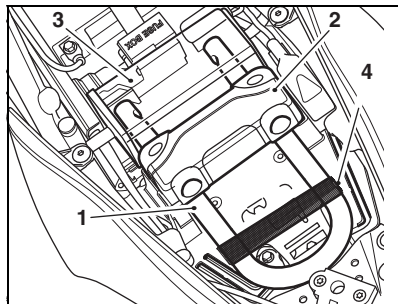
Secure the lock as follows:

Position the U-section of the lock to the rear fender support features, ensuring the open end faces towards the front of the motorcycle.

Secure the U-section using the hook and loop strap as shown below.

Position the lock body to the tray in the rear fender.

Reinstall the passenger seat to secure the lock body.



1. Lock U-section
2. Lock body
3. Carbon-filled canister (if equipped)
4. Hook and loop strap

### Tool Kit

#### Street Triple, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx

The tool kit is located beneath the passenger seat, at the rear of the battery box.

The kit includes a:

- Rear suspension unit spring preload adjustment tool (Street Triple only)
- Spring preload adjustment tool extension handle (Street Triple only)
- Screwdriver
- 0.16 in (4 mm) Allen key
- 0.2 in (5 mm) Allen key.

#### Daytona 675 and Daytona 675 R

The tool kit is located beneath the passenger seat, at the rear of the battery box.

The kit includes a:

- Screwdriver
- 0.16 in (4 mm) Allen key
- 0.2 in (5 mm) Allen key.



## General Information

### Breaking-In



Breaking-in is the name given to the process that occurs during the first hours of a new vehicle's operation.

In particular, internal friction in the engine will be higher when components are new. Later on, when continued operation of the engine has ensured that the components have bedded in, this internal friction will be greatly reduced.

A period of careful breaking-in will ensure lower exhaust emissions, and will optimize performance, fuel economy and longevity of the engine and other motorcycle components.

#### Note:

- **The recommended distance for breaking-in new brake discs and pads is 200 miles (300 km).**

During the first 500 miles (800 kilometers):

- Do not use full throttle.
- Avoid high engine speeds at all times.
- Avoid riding at one constant engine speed, whether fast or slow, for a long period of time.
- Avoid aggressive starts, stops, and rapid accelerations, except in an emergency.
- Do not ride at speeds greater than 3/4 of maximum engine speed.

From 500 to 1,000 miles (800 to 1,500 kilometers):

- Engine speed can gradually be increased to the rev limit for short periods.

Both during and after breaking-in has been completed:

- Do not over-rev the engine when cold.
- Do not lug the engine. Always downshift before the engine begins to struggle.
- Do not ride with engine speeds unnecessarily high. Shifting up a gear helps reduce fuel consumption, reduces noise and helps to protect the environment.



## General Information

### Safe Operation

#### Daily Safety Checks



Check the following items each day before you ride. The time required is minimal, and these checks will help ensure a safe, reliable ride.

If any irregularities are found during these checks, refer to the Maintenance and Adjustment section or see your authorized Triumph dealer for the action required to return the motorcycle to a safe operating condition.

	<b>Warning</b>
Failure to perform these checks every day before you ride may result in serious motorcycle damage or an accident causing serious injury or death.	

Check:

**Fuel:** Adequate supply in tank, no fuel leaks (page 56).

**Engine Oil:** Correct level on dipstick. Add correct specification oil as required. No leaks from the engine or oil cooler (page 89).

**Drive Chain:** Correct adjustment (page 102).

**Tires/Wheels:** Correct inflation pressures (when cold). Tread depth/wear, tire/wheel damage, punctures etc. (page 126).

**Nuts, Bolts, Fasteners:** Visually check that steering and suspension components, axles, and all controls are properly tightened or fastened. Inspect all areas for loose/damaged fasteners.

**Steering Action:** Smooth but not loose from lock to lock. No binding of any of the control cables (page 111).

**Brakes:** Pull the brake lever and push the brake pedal to check for correct resistance. Investigate any lever/pedal where the travel is excessive before meeting resistance, or if either control feels spongy in operation (page 105).

**Brake Pads:** There should be more than 0.06 in (1.5 mm) of friction material remaining on the front pads and 0.18 in (4.5 mm) of friction material including the carrier plate remaining on the rear pads. (page 105).

**Brake Fluid Levels:** No brake fluid leakage. Brake fluid levels must be between the MAX and MIN marks on both reservoirs (page 105).

**Front Forks:** Smooth action. No leaks from fork seals (page 113).

**Throttle:** Throttle grip free play 0.08 - 0.12 in (2 - 3 mm). Ensure that the throttle grip returns to the idle position without sticking (page 99).

**Clutch:** Smooth operation and correct cable free play (page 101).

**Coolant:** No coolant leakage. Check the coolant level in the expansion tank (when the engine is cold) (page 92).

**Electrical Equipment:** All lights and the horn function correctly (page 48).

**Engine Stop:** Stop switch turns the engine off (page 66).

**Stand:** Returns to the fully up position by spring tension. Return springs not weak or damaged (page 59).



## How to Ride the Motorcycle

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### HOW TO RIDE THE MOTORCYCLE

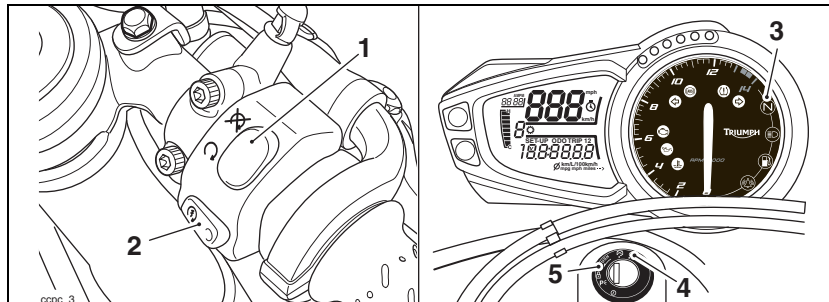
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## How to Ride the Motorcycle

### To Stop the Engine



1. Engine stop switch
2. Starter button
3. Neutral indicator light
4. ON position
5. Ignition switch

Close the throttle completely.

Select neutral.

Turn the ignition switch OFF.

Select first gear.

Support the motorcycle on a firm, level surface with the side stand.

Lock the steering.

#### Caution

The engine should normally be stopped by turning the ignition switch to the OFF position. The engine stop switch is for emergency use only. Do not leave the ignition switched on with the engine stopped. Electrical damage may result.

### To Start the Engine

Check that the engine stop switch is in the RUN position.

Ensure the transmission is in neutral.

Turn the ignition switch ON.

#### Note:

- When the ignition is switched on, the tachometer needle will quickly sweep from zero to maximum and then return to zero. The instrument warning lights will illuminate and will then go off (except those which normally remain on until the engine starts - see Warning Lights on page 48). It is not necessary to wait for the needle to return to zero before starting the engine.

Pull the clutch lever fully into the handlebar.

Leaving the throttle fully closed, push the starter button until the engine starts.



## How to Ride the Motorcycle

### Warning

Never start the engine or run the engine in a confined area. Exhaust fumes are poisonous and can cause loss of consciousness and death within a short period of time. Always operate your motorcycle in the open-air or in an area with adequate ventilation.

### Caution

Do not operate the starter continuously for more than five seconds as the starter motor will overheat and the battery will become discharged. Wait 15 seconds between each operation of the starter to allow for cooling and recovery of battery power.

Do not let the engine idle for long periods as this may lead to overheating which will cause damage to the engine.

### Caution

The low oil pressure warning light should go out shortly after the engine starts.

If the low oil pressure warning light stays on after starting the engine, stop the engine immediately and investigate the cause. Running the engine with low oil pressure will cause severe engine damage.

- The motorcycle is equipped with starter lockout switches. The switches prevent the electric starter from operating when the transmission is not in neutral with the side stand down.
- If the side stand is extended while the engine is running, and the transmission is not in neutral then the engine will stop regardless of clutch position.

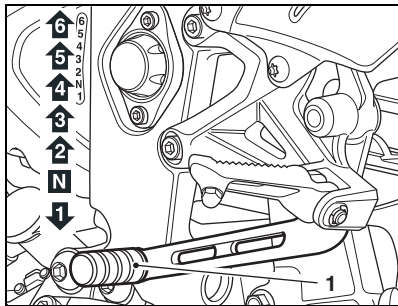
### Moving Off

Pull in the clutch lever and select first gear. Open the throttle a little and let out the clutch lever slowly. As the clutch starts to engage, open the throttle a little more, allowing enough engine speed to avoid stalling.



## How to Ride the Motorcycle

### Shifting Gears



#### 1. Gear shift pedal (Street Triple shown)

Close the throttle while pulling in the clutch lever. Shift into the next higher or lower gear. Open the throttle part way, while releasing the clutch lever. Always use the clutch when shifting gear.

#### ! Warning

Take care to avoid opening the throttle too far or too fast in any of the lower gears as this can lead to the front wheel lifting from the ground (pulling a wheelie) and to the rear tire breaking traction (wheel spin).

Always open the throttle cautiously, particularly if you are unfamiliar with the motorcycle, as a wheelie or loss of traction will cause loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

#### Note:

- The gear shift mechanism is the positive stop type. This means that, for each movement of the gear shift pedal, you can only select each gear, one after the other, in ascending or descending order.

#### ! Warning

Do not shift to a lower gear at speeds that will cause excessive engine rpm (r/min). This can lock the rear wheel causing loss of control and an accident. Engine damage may also be caused. Shifting down should be done such that low engine speeds will be ensured.

#### Quickshifter - Daytona 675 R (if equipped) and Street Triple Rx

The Street Triple Rx and some Daytona 675 R models are installed with a race-style quickshifter which will trigger a momentary engine cut to allow gears to engage, without closure of the throttle or operation of the clutch.

The quickshifter will only operate for up-shifts and only then if the engine speed is greater than 2,500 rpm. The clutch must be used for all other gear shifts including stopping and pulling away.

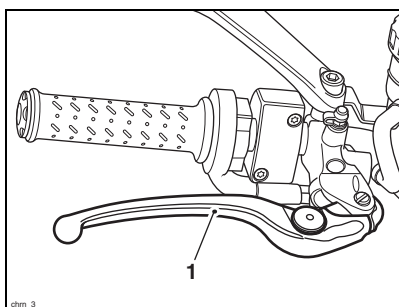
The quickshifter will not operate if the clutch is applied or if an up-shift is attempted by mistake when in 6th gear.

It is necessary to use a positive pedal force to ensure a smooth gear shift.

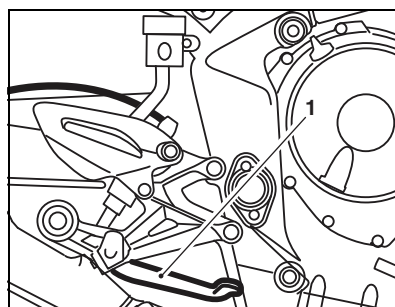


## How to Ride the Motorcycle

### Braking



1. Front brake lever  
(Street Triple shown)



1. Rear brake pedal  
(Street Triple shown)

#### Warning

##### **WHEN BRAKING, OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING:**

Close the throttle completely, leaving the clutch engaged to allow the engine to help slow down the motorcycle.

Shift down one gear at a time such that the transmission is in first gear when the motorcycle comes to a complete stop.

When stopping, always apply both brakes at the same time. Normally the front brake should be applied a little more than the rear.

Shift down or fully disengage the clutch as necessary to keep the engine from stalling.

Never lock the brakes, as this may cause loss of control of the motorcycle and an accident.

#### Warning

For emergency braking, disregard down shifting, and concentrate on applying the front and rear brakes as hard as possible without skidding. Riders should practice emergency braking in a traffic-free area.

Incorrect brake technique could result in loss of control and an accident.

Triumph strongly recommends that all riders take a course of instruction, which includes advice on safe brake operation.



## How to Ride the Motorcycle

### Warning

For your safety, always exercise extreme caution when braking, accelerating or turning as any improper action can cause loss of control and an accident. Independent use of the front or rear brakes reduces overall braking performance. Extreme braking may cause either wheel to lock, reducing control of the motorcycle and causing an accident.

When possible, reduce speed or brake before entering a turn as closing the throttle or braking in mid-turn may cause wheel slip leading to loss of control and an accident.

When riding in wet or rainy conditions, or on loose surfaces, the ability to maneuver and stop will be reduced. All of your actions should be smooth under these conditions. Sudden acceleration, braking or turning may cause loss of control and an accident.

### Warning

When descending a long, steep gradient or mountain pass, make use of the engine's braking effect by down shifting and use both front and rear brakes intermittently. Continuous brake application or use of the rear brake only can overheat the brakes and reduce their effectiveness leading to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

### Warning

Riding with your foot on the brake pedal or your hands on the brake lever may actuate the brake light, giving a false indication to other road users. It may also overheat the brake, reducing braking effectiveness leading to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

### Warning

Do not coast with the engine switched off, and do not tow the motorcycle. The transmission is pressure-lubricated only when the engine is running. Inadequate lubrication may cause damage or seizure of the transmission, which can lead to sudden loss of motorcycle control and an accident.



## How to Ride the Motorcycle

### ABS (Anti-Lock Brake System) - ABS Models Only

#### Warning

ABS helps prevent the wheels from locking, therefore maximizing the effectiveness of the braking system in emergencies and when riding on slippery surfaces. The potentially shorter braking distances ABS allows under certain conditions are not a substitute for good riding practice.

Always ride within the legal speed limit.

Never ride without due care and attention and always reduce speed in consideration of weather, road and traffic conditions.

Take care when cornering. If the brakes are applied in a corner, ABS will not be able to counteract the weight and momentum of the motorcycle. This can result in loss of control and an accident.

Under some circumstances it is possible that a motorcycle equipped with ABS may require a longer stopping distance than an equivalent motorcycle without ABS.

#### Warning

Even under severe braking, high tire grip levels can mean that the front wheel does not have a tendency to lock up until high levels of deceleration have been reached. Furthermore, ABS cannot be relied on in all circumstances to prevent the rear wheel from lifting off the ground, therefore under these circumstances, it may be possible for the rear wheel to lift off the ground. This can result in loss of motorcycle control and an accident and consequently over aggressive braking must be avoided.



## How to Ride the Motorcycle

### ABS Warning Light



When the ignition switch is turned to the ON position, it is normal for the ABS warning light to flash on and off (see page 50). If the ABS warning light is constantly illuminated it indicates that the ABS function is not available because:

- the ABS has been disabled by the rider (see page 33)
- the ABS has a malfunction that requires investigation.

If the indicator light becomes illuminated while riding, it indicates that the ABS has a malfunction that requires investigation.

#### Note:

- **Normally, the rider will perceive ABS operation as a harder feel or a pulsation of the brake lever and pedal. As the ABS is not an integrated braking system and it does not control both the front and rear brake at the same time, this pulsation may be felt in the lever, the pedal or both.**
- **The ABS may be activated by sudden upward or downward changes in the road surface.**

### Warning

If the ABS is not functioning, the brake system will continue to function as a non-ABS braking system. Do not continue to ride for longer than is necessary with the indicator light illuminated. Contact an authorized Triumph dealer as soon as possible to have the fault checked and rectified. In this situation, braking too hard will cause the wheels to lock resulting in loss of control and an accident.

### Warning

The ABS warning light will illuminate when the rear wheel is driven at high speed for more than 30 seconds when the motorcycle is on a stand. This reaction is normal.

When the ignition is switched off and the motorcycle is re-started, the warning light will illuminate until the motorcycle reaches a speed exceeding 19 mph (30 km/h).

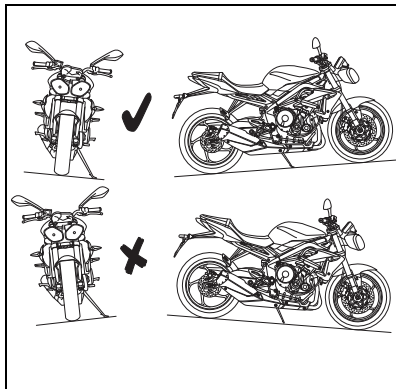
### Warning

The ABS computer operates by comparing the relative speed of the front and rear wheels. Use of non-recommended tires can affect wheel speed and cause the ABS function not to operate, potentially leading to loss of control and an accident in conditions where the ABS would normally function.



## How to Ride the Motorcycle

### Parking



Select neutral and turn the ignition switch to the OFF position.

Lock the steering to help prevent theft.

Always park on a firm, level surface to prevent the motorcycle from falling.

When parking on a hill, always park facing uphill to prevent the motorcycle from rolling off the stand. Engage first gear to prevent the motorcycle from moving.

On a lateral (sideways) incline, always park such that the incline naturally pushes the motorcycle towards the sidestand.

Do not park on a lateral (sideways) incline of greater than 6° and never park facing downhill.

#### Note:

- **When parking near traffic at night, or when parking in a location where parking lights are required by law, leave the tail, license plate and position lights on by turning the ignition switch to P (PARK).**

Do not leave the switch in the P position for long periods of time as this will discharge the battery.

#### Warning

Do not park on a soft or on a steeply inclined surface. Parking under these conditions may cause the motorcycle to fall over causing damage to property and personal injury.

#### Warning

Gasoline is extremely flammable and can be explosive under certain conditions. If parking inside a garage or other structure, be sure it is well ventilated and the motorcycle is not close to any source of flame or sparks. This includes any appliance with a pilot light.

Failure to follow the above advice may cause a fire resulting in damage to property or personal injury.

#### Warning

The engine and exhaust system will be hot after riding. DO NOT park where pedestrians and children are likely to touch the motorcycle.

Touching any part of the engine or exhaust system when hot may cause unprotected skin to become burnt.



## How to Ride the Motorcycle

### Considerations for High-Speed Operation

#### Warning

This Triumph motorcycle should be operated within the legal speed limits for the particular road traveled. Operating a motorcycle at high speeds can be potentially dangerous since the time available to react to given traffic situations is greatly reduced as road speed increases. Always reduce speed in consideration of weather and traffic conditions.

#### Warning

Only operate this Triumph motorcycle at high speed in closed-course on-road competition or on closed-course racetracks. High-speed operation should only then be attempted by riders who have been instructed in the techniques necessary for high-speed riding and are familiar with the motorcycle's characteristics in all conditions.

High-speed operation in any other circumstances is dangerous and will lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

#### Warning

The handling characteristics of a motorcycle at high speed may vary from those you are familiar with at legal road speeds. Do not attempt high-speed operation unless you have received sufficient training and have the required skills as a serious accident may result from incorrect operation.

#### Warning

The items listed below are extremely important and must never be neglected. A problem, which may not be noticed at normal operating speeds, may be greatly exaggerated at high speeds.



## How to Ride the Motorcycle

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### General

Ensure the motorcycle has been maintained according to the scheduled maintenance chart.

### Steering

Check that the handlebar turns smoothly without excessive free play or tight spots. Ensure that the control cables do not restrict the steering in any way.

### Luggage

Make certain that any luggage containers are closed, locked and securely mounted to the motorcycle.

### Brakes

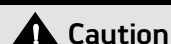
Check that the front and rear brakes are functioning properly.

### Tires

High-speed operation is hard on tires, and tires that are in good condition are crucial to riding safely. Examine their overall condition, inflate to the correct pressure (when the tires are cold), and check the wheel balance. Securely install the valve caps after checking tire pressures. Observe the information given on tire checking and tire safety in the Maintenance and Adjustment section and in the Specifications section.

### Fuel

Have sufficient fuel for the increased fuel consumption that will result from high-speed operation.



The exhaust system is equipped with a catalytic converter to help reduce exhaust emission levels. The catalytic converter can be permanently damaged if the motorcycle is allowed to run out of fuel or if the fuel level is allowed to get very low. Always ensure you have adequate fuel for your journey.

### Engine Oil

Make certain that the engine oil level is correct. Ensure that the correct grade and type of oil is used when topping off.

### Coolant

Check that the coolant level is at the upper level line in the expansion tank. (Always check the level with the engine cold).

### Electrical Equipment

Make certain that the headlight, rear/brake light, turn signals, horn, etc. all work properly.

### Miscellaneous

Visually check that all fasteners are tight.



## How to Ride the Motorcycle

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## Accessories, Loading and Passengers

### ACCESSORIES, LOADING AND PASSENGERS

The addition of accessories and carrying of additional weight can affect the motorcycle's handling characteristics causing changes in stability and necessitating a reduction in speed. The following information has been prepared as a guide to the potential hazards of adding accessories to a motorcycle and carrying passengers and additional loads.

#### Warning

Incorrect loading may result in an unsafe riding condition leading to an accident.

Always ensure any loads carried are evenly distributed on both sides of the motorcycle. Ensure that the load is correctly secured such that it will not move around while the motorcycle is in motion.

Always check the load security regularly (though not while the motorcycle is in motion) and ensure that the load does not extend beyond the rear of the motorcycle.

Never exceed the maximum vehicle loading weight of 430 lb (195 kg).

This maximum loading weight is made up from the combined weight of the rider, passenger, any accessories installed and any load carried.

#### Warning

Do not install accessories or carry luggage that impairs the control of the motorcycle. Make sure that you have not adversely affected the visibility of any lighting component, road clearance, banking capability (i.e. lean angle), control operation, wheel travel, front fork movement, visibility in any direction, or any other aspect of the motorcycle's operation.

#### Warning

This motorcycle must not be operated above the legal road speed limit except in authorized closed-course conditions.

#### Warning

Only operate this Triumph motorcycle at high speed in closed-course on-road competition or on closed-course racetracks. High-speed operation should only then be attempted by riders who have been instructed in the techniques necessary for high-speed riding and are familiar with the motorcycle's characteristics in all conditions.

High-speed operation in any other circumstances is dangerous and will lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.



## Accessories, Loading and Passengers

### Warning

Your passenger should be instructed that he or she can cause loss of motorcycle control by making sudden movements or by adopting an incorrect seated position.

The rider should instruct the passenger as follows:

- It is important that the passenger sits still while the motorcycle is in motion and does not interfere with the operation of the motorcycle.
- To keep his or her feet on the passenger footrests and to firmly hold onto the seat strap or the rider's waist or hips.
- Advise the passenger to lean with the rider when traveling around corners and not to lean unless the rider does so.

### Warning

Do not carry animals on your motorcycle.

An animal could make sudden and unpredictable movements that could lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

### Warning

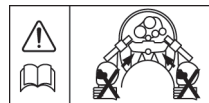
The handling and braking capabilities of a motorcycle will be affected by the presence of a passenger. The rider must make allowances for these changes when operating the motorcycle with a passenger and should not attempt such operation unless trained to do so and without becoming familiar and comfortable with the changes in motorcycle operating characteristics that this brings about.

Motorcycle operation without making allowances for the presence of a passenger could lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

### Warning

Never attempt to store any items between the frame and the fuel tank. This can restrict the steering and will cause loss of control leading to an accident.

Weight attached to the handlebar or front fork will increase the mass of the steering assembly and can result in loss of steering control leading to an accident.





## Accessories, Loading and Passengers

### Warning

Do not carry a passenger unless he or she is tall enough to reach the footrests provided.

A passenger who is not tall enough to reach the footrests will be unable to sit securely on the motorcycle and may cause instability leading to loss of control and an accident.

### Warning

Never ride an accessory-equipped motorcycle, or a motorcycle carrying a payload of any kind, at speeds above 80 mph (130 km/h). In either/both of these conditions, speeds in excess of 80 mph (130 km/h) should not be attempted even where the legal speed limit permits this.

The presence of accessories and/or payload will cause changes in the stability and handling of the motorcycle.

Failure to allow for changes in motorcycle stability may lead to loss of control or an accident.

Remember that the 80 mph (130 km/h) absolute limit will be reduced by the installation of non-approved accessories, incorrect loading, worn tires, overall motorcycle condition and poor road or weather conditions.

### Warning

If the passenger seat is used to carry small objects, they must not exceed 6.6 lb (3 kg) in weight, must not impair control of the motorcycle, must be securely attached and must not extend beyond the rear or sides of the motorcycle.

Carrying objects in excess of 6.6 lb (3 kg) in weight, that are insecure, impair control or extend beyond the rear or sides of the motorcycle may lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Even if small objects are correctly loaded onto the passenger seat, the maximum speed of the motorcycle must be reduced to 80 mph (130 km/h).



## **Accessories, Loading and Passengers**

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## Maintenance and Adjustment

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### MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

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## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Scheduled Maintenance

To maintain the motorcycle in a safe and reliable condition, the maintenance and adjustments outlined in this section must be carried out as specified in the schedule of daily checks, and also in line with the scheduled maintenance chart. The information that follows describes the procedures to follow when carrying out the daily checks and some simple maintenance and adjustment items.

#### Warning

All maintenance is vitally important and must not be neglected. Incorrect maintenance or adjustment may cause one or more parts of the motorcycle to malfunction. A malfunctioning motorcycle may lead to loss of control and an accident.

Weather, terrain and geographical location affect maintenance. The maintenance schedule should be adjusted to match the particular environment in which the vehicle is used and the demands of the individual owner.

Special tools, knowledge and training are required in order to correctly carry out the maintenance items listed in the scheduled maintenance chart. Only an authorized Triumph dealer will have this knowledge and equipment.

Since incorrect or neglected maintenance can lead to a dangerous riding condition, always have an authorized Triumph dealer carry out the scheduled maintenance of this motorcycle.

Scheduled maintenance may be carried out by your dealer in three ways; annual maintenance, mileage based maintenance or a combination of both, depending on the mileage the motorcycle travels each year.

1. Motorcycles traveling less than 6,000 miles (10,000 km) per year must be maintained annually. In addition to this, mileage based items require maintenance at their specified intervals, as the motorcycle reaches this mileage.
2. Motorcycles traveling approximately 6,000 miles (10,000 km) per year must have the annual maintenance and the specified mileage based items carried out together.
3. Motorcycles traveling more than 6,000 miles (10,000 km) per year must have the mileage based items maintained as the motorcycle reaches the specified mileage. In addition to this, annual based items will require maintenance at their specified annual intervals.

In all cases maintenance must be carried out at or before the specified maintenance intervals shown. Consult an authorized Triumph dealer for advice on which maintenance schedule is most suitable for your motorcycle.

Triumph Motorcycles cannot accept any responsibility for damage or injury resulting from incorrect maintenance or improper adjustment carried out by the owner.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

Operation Description	Odometer Reading in Miles (Km) or Time Period, whichever comes first					
		First Service	Annual Service	Mileage Based Service		
	Every	500 (800) one month	Year	6,000 and 18,000 (10,000 and 30,000)	12,000 (20,000)	24,000 (40,000)
Lubrication						
Engine oil cooler - check for leaks	Day	•	•	•	•	•
Engine oil - replace	-	•	•	•	•	•
Engine oil filter - replace	-	•	•	•	•	•
Fuel System and Engine Management						
Throttle cables - check/adjust	Day	•	•	•	•	•
Fuel system - check for leaks, chafing etc.	Day	•	•	•	•	•
Throttle body plate (butterfly) - check/clean	-			•	•	•
Autoscan - carry out a full Autoscan using the Triumph diagnostic tool (print a customer copy)	-	•	•	•	•	•
Exhaust clamp bolts - check/adjust	-	•	•	•	•	•
Secondary air injection system - check/clean	-				•	•
Air cleaner - replace	-				•	•
Throttle bodies - balance	-			•	•	•
Fuel Hoses - replace	Every four years, regardless of mileage					
Evaporative loss hoses* - replace	Every four years, regardless of mileage					
Exhaust butterfly valve cables - check/adjust (Daytona 675 and 675 R only)	-	•	•	•	•	•
Exhaust butterfly valve actuator - check/clean/grease electrical connector (Daytona 675 and 675 R only)	-	•	•	•	•	•
Ignition System						
Spark plugs - check	-			•		
Spark plugs - replace	-				•	•



## Maintenance and Adjustment

Operation Description	Odometer Reading in Miles (Km) or Time Period, whichever comes first					
		First Service	Annual Service	Mileage Based Service		
	Every	500 (800) one month	Year	6,000 and 18,000 (10,000 and 30,000)	12,000 (20,000)	24,000 (40,000)
Cooling System						
Cooling system - check for leaks	Day	•	•	•	•	•
Coolant level - check/adjust	Day	•	•	•	•	•
Coolant - replace	Every 3 years, regardless of mileage					
Engine						
Clutch cable - check/adjust	Day	•	•	•	•	•
Valve clearances - check/adjust	-				•	•
Camshaft timing - adjust	First 12,000 miles (20,000 kms) service only					
Wheels and Tires						
Wheels - inspect for damage	Day	•	•	•	•	•
Wheel bearings - check for wear/smooth operation	-	•	•	•	•	•
Tire wear/tire damage - check	Day	•	•	•	•	•
Tire pressures - check/adjust	Day	•	•	•	•	•
Electrical						
Lights, instruments and electrical systems - check	Day	•	•	•	•	•
Steering and Suspension						
Steering - check for free operation	Day	•	•	•	•	•
Forks - check for leaks/smooth operation	Day	•	•	•	•	•
Fork oil - replace	-					•
Steering head bearings - check/adjust	-		•	•	•	•
Steering head bearings - lubricate	-				•	•
Rear suspension linkage - check/lubricate	-				•	•



## Maintenance and Adjustment

Operation Description	Odometer Reading in Miles (Km) or Time Period, whichever comes first					
		First Service	Annual Service	Mileage Based Service		
	Every	500 (800) one month	Year	6,000 and 18,000 (10,000 and 30,000)	12,000 (20,000)	24,000 (40,000)
Brakes						
Brake pad - check wear levels	Day	•	•	•	•	•
Brake master cylinders - check for fluid leaks	Day	•	•	•	•	•
Brake calipers - check for fluid leaks and seized pistons	Day	•	•	•	•	•
Brake fluid levels - check	Day	•	•	•	•	•
Brake fluid - replace	Every 2 years, regardless of mileage					
Drive Chain						
Drive chain slack - check/adjust	Day	•	•	•	•	•
Drive chain - wear check	Every 500 miles (800 kms)					
Drive chain - lubricate	Every 200 miles (300 kms)					
Drive chain rubbing strip - check	-	•	•	•	•	•
Drive chain rubbing strip - replace	-			•	•	•
General						
Fasteners - inspect visually for security	Day	•	•	•	•	•
Bank angle indicators - inspect visually for wear	Day	•	•	•	•	•
Stand - check operation	Day	•	•	•	•	•
* Evaporative system installed on models for certain markets only						



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Engine Oil

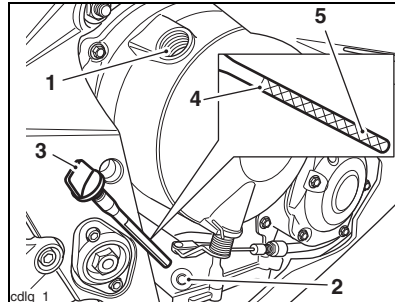


In order for the engine, transmission, and clutch to function correctly, maintain the engine oil at the correct level, and change the oil and oil filter in accordance with scheduled maintenance requirements.

#### **Warning**

Motorcycle operation with insufficient, deteriorated, or contaminated engine oil will cause accelerated engine wear and may result in engine or transmission seizure. Seizure of the engine or transmission may lead to sudden loss of control and an accident.

### Oil Level Inspection



1. Filler
2. Dipstick location in crankcase
3. Dipstick
4. Upper marking
5. Lower marking

#### **Warning**

Never start the engine or run the engine in a confined area. Exhaust fumes are poisonous and can cause loss of consciousness and death within a short period of time. Always operate your motorcycle in the open-air or in an area with adequate ventilation.

#### **Caution**

Running the engine with insufficient oil will cause engine damage. If the low oil pressure indicator remains on, stop the engine immediately and investigate the cause.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

Start the engine and run at idle for approximately five minutes.

Stop the engine, then wait for at least three minutes for the oil to settle.

Remove the dipstick, wipe the blade clean and fully tighten.

### Note:

- **An accurate indication of the level of oil in the engine is only shown when the engine is at normal operating temperature, the motorcycle is upright (not on the side stand) and when the dipstick has been fully tightened.**
- **Do not add oil through the dipstick hole in the crankcase.**

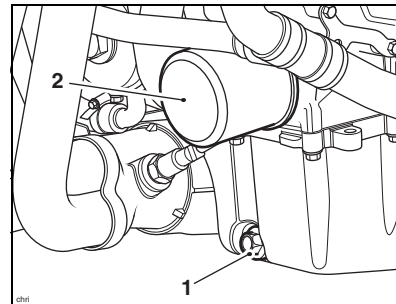
Remove the dipstick.

The oil level is indicated by lines on the dipstick. When full, the indicated oil level must be level with the upper marking on the dipstick.

If the oil level is below the lower marking, remove the filler plug and add oil a little at a time through the filler plug hole in the clutch cover until the correct level is reached.

Once the correct level is reached, install the dipstick and the filler plug.

### Oil and Oil Filter Change



1. Oil drain plug (Street Triple shown)
2. Oil filter

The engine oil and filter must be replaced in accordance with scheduled maintenance requirements.

### Warning

Prolonged or repeated contact with engine oil can lead to skin dryness, irritation and dermatitis. In addition, used engine oil contains harmful contamination that can lead to skin cancer. Always wear suitable protective clothing and avoid skin contact with used oil.

Warm up the engine thoroughly, and then stop the engine and secure the motorcycle in an upright position on level ground.

Remove the fairing (Daytona 675 and 675 R only).

Remove the belly pan (Street Triple Rx only).

Place an oil drain pan beneath the engine.

Remove the oil drain plug.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Warning

The oil may be hot to the touch. Avoid contact with the hot oil by wearing suitable protective clothing, gloves, eye protection, etc. Contact with hot oil may cause the skin to be scalded or burned.

Unscrew and remove the oil filter using Triumph service tool T3880313. Dispose of the old filter in an environmentally friendly way.

Apply a thin smear of clean engine oil to the sealing ring of the new oil filter. Install the oil filter and tighten to **7 lbf ft (10 Nm)**.

Reinstall the oil drain plug and tighten to **18 lbf ft (25 Nm)**.

Fill the engine with a 10W/40 or 10W/50 semi or fully synthetic motorcycle engine oil that meets specification API SH (or higher) **and** JASO MA, such as Castrol Power 1 Racing 4T 10W-40 (fully synthetic) engine oil, sold as Castrol Power RS Racing 4T 10W-40 (fully synthetic) in some countries.

Start the engine and allow it to idle for a minimum of 30 seconds.

### Caution

Raising the engine speed above idle before the oil reaches all parts of the engine can cause engine damage or seizure. Only raise engine speed after running the engine for 30 seconds to allow the oil to circulate fully.

### Caution

If the engine oil pressure is too low, the low oil pressure warning light will illuminate. If this light stays on when the engine is running, stop the engine immediately and investigate the cause. Running the engine with low oil pressure will cause engine damage.

Ensure that the low oil pressure warning light extinguishes shortly after starting.

Turn off the ignition, check the oil level using the method previously described, and top off to between the minimum and maximum level lines on the dipstick.

Reinstall the fairing (Daytona 675 and 675 R only).

Reinstall the belly pan (Street Triple Rx only).



## Maintenance and Adjustment

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### Disposal of Used Engine Oil and Oil Filters

To protect the environment, do not pour oil on the ground, down sewers or drains, or into groundwater sources. Do not place used oil filters in with general waste. If in doubt, contact your local authority.

### Oil Specification and Grade

Triumph's high performance fuel injected engines are designed to use 10W/40 or 10W/50 semi or fully synthetic motorcycle engine oil that meets specification API SH (or higher) and JASO MA, such as Castrol Power 1 Racing 4T 10W-40 (fully synthetic) engine oil, sold as Castrol Power RS Racing 4T 10W-40 (fully synthetic) in some countries.

Do not add any chemical additives to the engine oil. The engine oil also lubricates the clutch and any additives could cause the clutch to slip.

Do not use mineral, vegetable, non-detergent oil, castor based oils or any oil not conforming to the required specification. The use of these oils may cause instant, severe engine damage.

### Cooling System



To ensure efficient engine cooling, check the coolant level each day before riding the motorcycle, and top off the coolant if the level is low.

#### Note:

- A year-round, Hybrid Organic Acid Technology (known as Hybrid OAT or HOAT) coolant is installed in the cooling system when the motorcycle leaves the factory. It is colored green, contains a 50% solution of ethylene glycol based antifreeze, and has a freezing point of -31°F (-35°C).



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Corrosion Inhibitors

To protect the cooling system from corrosion, the use of corrosion inhibitor chemicals in the coolant is essential.

If coolant containing a corrosion inhibitor is not used, the cooling system will accumulate rust and scale in the water jacket and radiator. This will block the coolant passages, and considerably reduce the efficiency of the cooling system.

#### Warning

HD4X Hybrid OAT coolant contains corrosion inhibitors and antifreeze suitable for aluminum engines and radiators. Always use the coolant in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer.

Coolant that contains antifreeze and corrosion inhibitors contains toxic chemicals that are harmful to the human body. Never swallow antifreeze or any of the motorcycle coolant.

#### Note:

- **HD4X Hybrid OAT coolant, as supplied by Triumph, is pre-mixed and does not need to be diluted prior to filling or topping off the cooling system.**

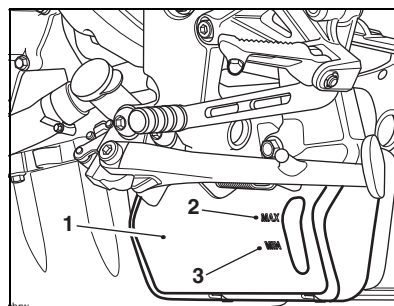
### Coolant Level Inspection

#### Street Triple, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx

The expansion tank cap can be located at the left hand side of the motorcycle, adjacent to the side stand.

#### Note:

- **The coolant level should be checked when the engine is cold (at room or ambient temperature).**



1. Expansion tank
2. MAX mark
3. MIN mark

Position the motorcycle on level ground and in an upright position.

Check the coolant level in the expansion tank. The coolant level must be between the MAX and MIN marks. If the coolant is below the minimum level, the coolant level must be adjusted (see page 97).

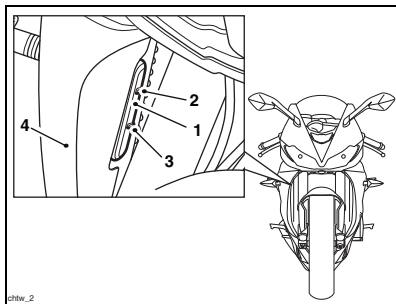


## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Daytona 675 and 675 R

The coolant expansion tank is mounted to the right hand side of the radiator and is covered by the right hand fairing. Position the motorcycle on level ground and in an upright position.

The expansion tank can be viewed by looking between the front forks from the front of the motorcycle. The coolant level must be between the MAX and MIN marks. If the coolant is below the minimum level, the coolant level must be adjusted (see page 94).



1. Expansion tank
2. MAX mark
3. MIN mark
4. Right hand fairing

#### Note:

- The coolant level should be checked when the engine is cold (at room or ambient temperature).

If the level of coolant is low, the coolant level must be adjusted (see page 94).

### Coolant Level Adjustment

#### Warning

Do not remove the radiator pressure cap when the engine is hot. When the engine is hot, the coolant inside the radiator will be hot and also under pressure. Contact with this hot, pressurized coolant will cause scalds and skin damage.

Allow the engine to cool.

### Daytona 675 and 675 R

The expansion tank is positioned behind the right hand side fairing and is attached to the radiator. To add coolant to the expansion tank, the right hand fairing must first be removed.

Remove the rider's seat.

Remove the battery strap.

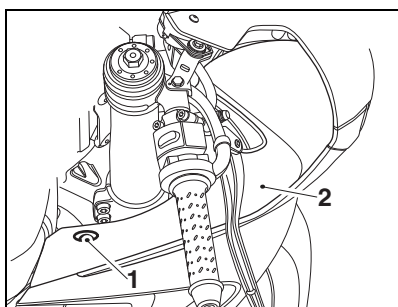
Disconnect the battery leads, negative (black) lead first.

Remove the screw securing the cockpit infill panel.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

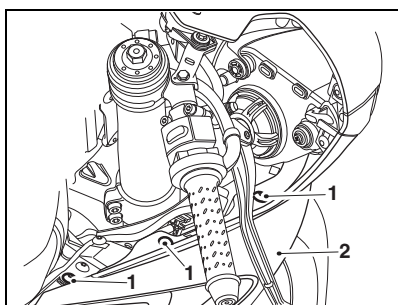
To remove the cockpit infill panel, lift slightly and pull rearwards to extract the tags from the grommets at the rear of the headlight.



1. Screw
2. Cockpit infill panel

Remove the panel.

Noting their position, remove the three screws securing the fairing to the cockpit.

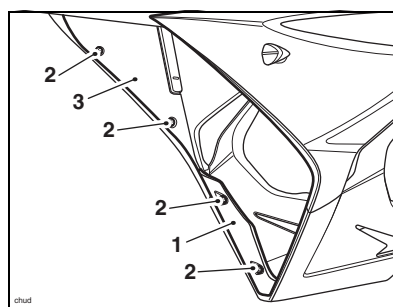


1. Screw
2. Upper fairing

**Note:**

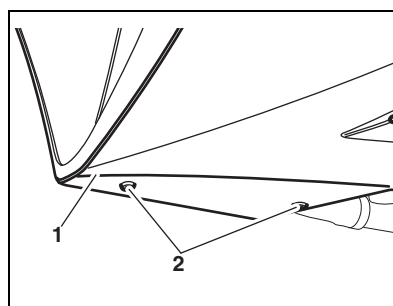
- The radiator infill panels do NOT need to be removed in order to remove the fairings.

Noting their position, remove the four scrivets securing the fairing to the radiator infill panels.



1. Lower infill panel
2. Scrivets
3. Upper infill panel

Remove the two screws that attach the right and left hand fairing together.

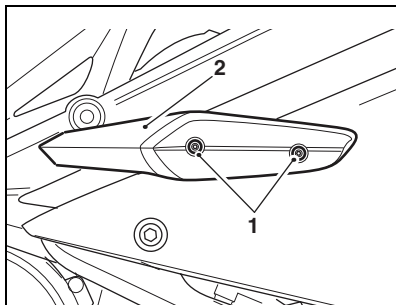


1. Fairing
2. Screw



## Maintenance and Adjustment

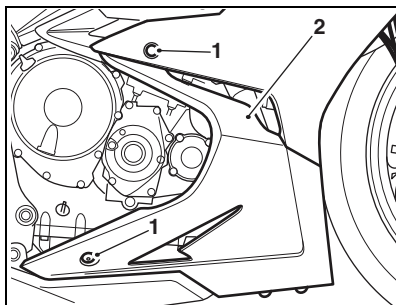
Undo and remove the screws securing the frame protector (if equipped).



1. Screw
2. Frame protector

Remove the frame protector.

Remove the two screws securing the fairing to the frame.



1. Screw
2. Fairing stud/grommet location

**Note:**

- The upper and lower fairings are removed as a single unit.

Detach the lower fairing stud from the frame grommet.

The upper edge of the fairing is located into the cockpit with two hooks. The panel must be moved rearwards until the two hooks are clear of the slots.

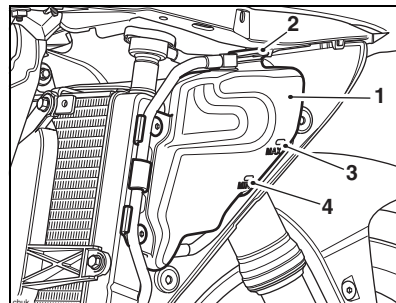
Remove the fairing.

Disconnect the turn signal electrical connectors.

### **Caution**

If the coolant level is found to be low, or if coolant has to be added regularly, inspect the cooling system for coolant leaks. If necessary, pressure test the system to locate the source of the leak and rectify as necessary. Loss of coolant may cause the engine to overheat and suffer severe damage.

Remove the cap from the expansion tank and add coolant mixture as necessary to bring the level up to the MAX mark. Reinstall the cap.



1. Coolant expansion tank
2. Coolant expansion cap
3. Upper fluid level
4. Lower fluid level



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Installation

Installation is the reverse of removal noting the following.

Reinstall the screws securing the fairing to the frame and tighten to **44 lbf in (5 Nm)**.

Reinstall the screws securing the fairing lower halves to each other and tighten to **27 lbf in (3 Nm)**.

Tighten the frame protector screws to **80 lbf in (9 Nm)** (if equipped).

Reinstall the screws securing the cockpit to the fairing and tighten to **27 lbf in (3 Nm)**.

Reinstall the right hand cockpit infill panel and tighten the screw to **27 lbf in (3 Nm)**.

Connect the battery leads, positive (red) lead first.

Reinstall the battery strap.

Reinstall the rider's seat and tighten the screws to **80 lbf in (9 Nm)**.

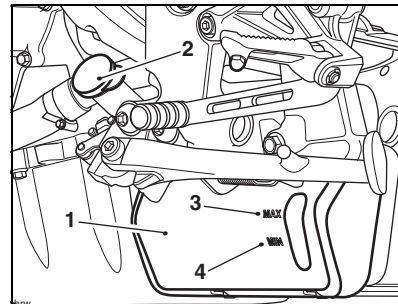
### Street Triple, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx

The expansion tank cap can be located at the left hand side of the motorcycle, adjacent to the side stand.

#### Caution

If the coolant level is found to be low, or if coolant has to be added regularly, inspect the cooling system for coolant leaks. If necessary, pressure test the system to locate the source of the leak and rectify as necessary. Loss of coolant may cause the engine to overheat and suffer severe damage.

Remove the cap from the expansion tank and add coolant mixture through the filler opening until the level reaches the MAX mark. Reinstall the cap.



1. Coolant expansion tank
2. Coolant expansion cap
3. Upper fluid level
4. Lower fluid level



## Maintenance and Adjustment

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### All Models

#### Note:

- If the coolant level is being checked because the coolant has overheated, also check the level in the radiator and top off if necessary.
- In an emergency, distilled water can be added to the cooling system. However, the coolant must then be drained and replenished with HD4X Hybrid OAT coolant as soon as possible.

#### Caution

If hard water is used in the cooling system, it will cause scale accumulation in the engine and radiator and considerably reduce the efficiency of the cooling system. Reduced cooling system efficiency may cause the engine to overheat and suffer severe damage.

### Coolant Change

Have the coolant changed by an authorized Triumph dealer in accordance with scheduled maintenance requirements.

### Radiator and Hoses

Check the radiator hoses for cracks or deterioration, and hose clips for tightness in accordance with scheduled maintenance requirements. Have your authorized Triumph dealer replace any defective items.

Check the radiator grille and fins for obstructions by insects, leaves or mud. Clean off any obstructions with a stream of low-pressure water.

#### Warning

The fan operates automatically when the engine is running. Always keep hands and clothing away from the fan as contact with the rotating fan can cause injury.

#### Caution

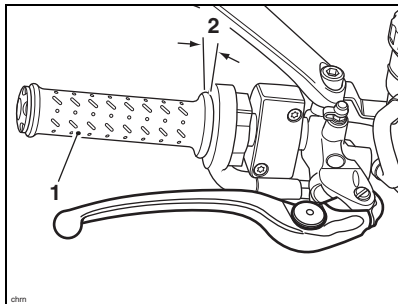
Using high-pressure water sprays, such as from a car wash facility or household pressure washer, can damage the radiator fins, cause leaks and impair the radiator's efficiency.

Do not obstruct or deflect airflow through the radiator by installing unauthorized accessories, either in front of the radiator or behind the cooling fan. Interference with the radiator airflow can cause overheating, potentially resulting in engine damage.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Throttle Control



1. Throttle grip
2. Correct setting 0.08 - 0.12 in (2 - 3 mm)

#### Warning

The throttle grip controls the throttle valves in the throttle bodies. If the throttle cables are incorrectly adjusted, either too tight or too loose, the throttle may be difficult to control and performance will be adversely affected. Check the throttle grip free play in accordance with scheduled maintenance requirements and make adjustments as necessary.

#### Warning

Always be alert for changes in the feel of the throttle and have the throttle system checked by an authorized Triumph dealer if any changes are detected. Changes can be due to wear in the mechanism, which could lead to a sticking throttle.

An incorrectly adjusted, sticking or stuck throttle will lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

#### Inspection

#### Warning

Use of the motorcycle with incorrectly adjusted, incorrectly routed, sticking or damaged throttle cables will interfere with the throttle function resulting in loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

To avoid incorrect adjustment, incorrect routing, or continued use of a sticking or damaged throttle, always have your throttle checked and adjusted by your authorized Triumph dealer.

Check that the throttle opens smoothly, without undue force and that it closes without sticking. Have your authorized Triumph dealer check the throttle system if a problem is detected or any doubt exists.

Check that there is 0.08 - 0.12 in (2 - 3 mm) of throttle grip free play when lightly turning the throttle grip back and forth.

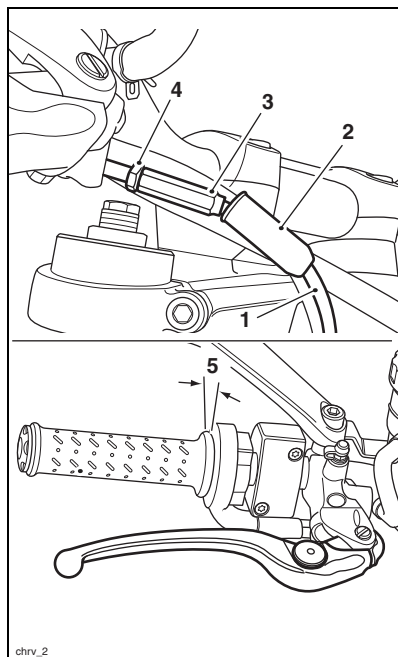
If there is an incorrect amount of free play, Triumph recommends that you have adjustments made by your



## Maintenance and Adjustment

authorized Triumph dealer. However, in an emergency, throttle adjustment may be made as follows:

### Adjustment



1. Opening cable
2. Rubber cover
3. Opening cable adjuster
4. Lock nut
5. Opening cable - free play measurement point

To adjust the cable free play, slide the rubber boot to allow access to the adjuster.

Loosen the lock nut on the opening cable adjuster.

Rotate the opening cable adjuster at the twist grip end to give 0.08 - 0.12 in (2 - 3 mm) of play at the twist grip. Tighten the lock nut to **22.5 lbf in (2.5 Nm)**.

Reinstall the rubber cover.

### Warning

Ensure that the adjuster lock nuts are tightened, as a loose lock nut could result in a sticking throttle.

An incorrectly adjusted, sticking or stuck throttle can lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

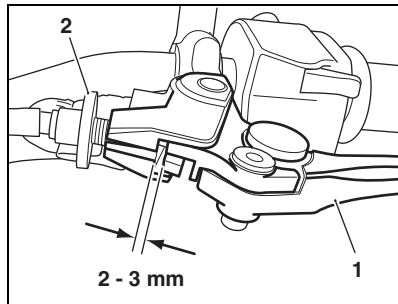
Check that the throttle opens smoothly, without undue force and that it closes without sticking.

Ride carefully to your nearest authorized Triumph dealer and have them check the throttle system thoroughly before riding again.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Clutch



1. Clutch lever (Street Triple shown)
2. Adjuster

The motorcycle is equipped with a cable-operated clutch.

If the clutch lever has excessive free play, the clutch may not disengage fully. This will cause difficulty in shifting gear and selecting neutral. This may cause the engine to stall and make the motorcycle difficult to control.

Conversely, if the clutch lever has insufficient free play the clutch may not engage fully, causing the clutch to slip, which will reduce performance and cause premature clutch wear.

Clutch lever free play must be checked in accordance with scheduled maintenance requirements.

### Inspection

Check that there is 0.08 - 0.12 in (2 - 3 mm) clutch lever free play at the lever.

If there is an incorrect amount of free play, adjustments must be made.

### Adjustment

Loosen the knurled lock nut at the lever end of the clutch cable and turn the adjuster sleeve until the correct amount of clutch lever free play is achieved.

Tighten the knurled lock nut against the clutch lever assembly.

If correct adjustment cannot be made using the lever adjuster, use the cable adjuster at the lower end of the cable.

Loosen the adjuster lock nut.

Turn the outer cable adjuster to give 0.08 - 0.12 in (2 - 3 mm) of free play at the clutch lever.

Tighten the lock nut.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Drive Chain



For safety and to prevent excessive wear the drive chain must be checked, adjusted and lubricated in accordance with scheduled maintenance requirements. Checking, adjustment and lubrication must be carried out more frequently for extreme conditions such as salty or heavily gritted roads.

If the chain is badly worn or incorrectly adjusted (either too loose or too tight) the chain could jump off the sprockets or break. Therefore, always replace worn or damaged chains using genuine Triumph parts supplied by an authorized Triumph dealer.

#### **Warning**

A loose or worn chain, or a chain that breaks or jumps off the sprockets could catch on the engine sprocket or lock the rear wheel.

A chain that snags on the engine sprocket will injure the rider and lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Similarly, locking the rear wheel will lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

### Chain Lubrication

Lubrication is necessary every 200 miles (300 km) and also after riding in wet weather, on wet roads, or any time that the chain appears dry.

Use the special chain lubricant as recommended in the Specifications section.

Apply lubricant to the sides of the rollers then allow the motorcycle to stand unused for at least 8 hours (overnight is ideal). This will allow the oil to penetrate to the chain O-rings, etc.

Before riding, wipe off any excess oil.

If the chain is especially dirty, clean first and then apply oil as mentioned above.

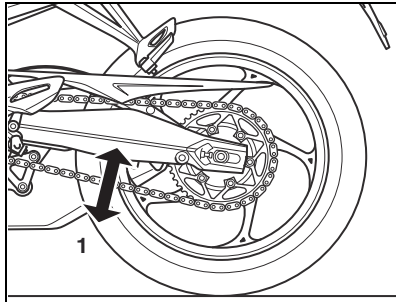
#### **Caution**

Do not use a pressure washer to clean the chain as this may cause damage to the chain components.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Chain Free-Movement Inspection



#### 1. Maximum movement position



#### Warning

Before starting work, ensure the motorcycle is stabilized and adequately supported. This will help prevent injury to the operator or damage to the motorcycle.

Place the motorcycle on a level surface and hold it in an upright position with no weight on it.

Rotate the rear wheel by pushing the motorcycle to find the position where the chain is tightest, and measure the vertical movement of the chain midway between the sprockets.

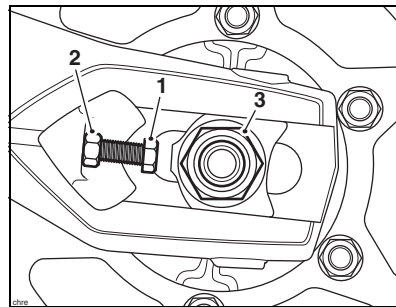
### Chain Free-Movement Adjustment

#### Street Triple, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx

The vertical movement of the drive chain must be in the range 0.51 - 1.26 in (13 - 32 mm).

#### Daytona 675 and Daytona 675 R

The vertical movement of the drive chain must be in the range 1.1 - 1.5 in (28 - 38 mm).



#### 1. Adjuster bolt

#### 2. Adjuster bolt lock nut

#### 3. Rear wheel spindle nut

Loosen the wheel spindle nut.

Loosen the lock nuts on both the left hand and right hand chain adjuster bolts.

Moving both adjusters by an equal amount, turn the adjuster bolts clockwise to increase chain free-movement and counterclockwise to reduce chain free-movement.

When the correct amount of chain free-movement has been set, push the wheel into firm contact with the adjuster. Tighten both adjuster lock nuts to **15 lbf ft (20 Nm)** and the rear wheel spindle nut to **81 lbf ft (110 Nm)**.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

Repeat the chain adjustment check.  
Re-adjust if necessary.



### Warning

Operation of the motorcycle with insecure adjuster lock nuts or a loose wheel spindle may result in impaired stability and handling of the motorcycle. This impaired stability and handling may lead to loss of control or an accident.

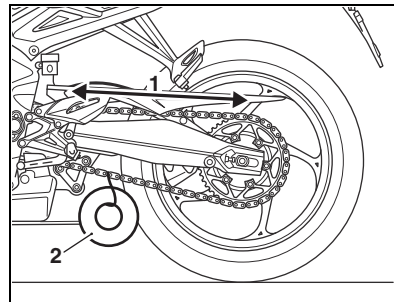
Check the rear brake effectiveness.  
Rectify if necessary.



### Warning

It is dangerous to operate the motorcycle with defective brakes and you must have your authorized Triumph dealer take remedial action before you attempt to ride the motorcycle again. Failure to take remedial action may reduce braking efficiency leading to loss of control or an accident.

## Chain and Sprocket Wear Inspection



1. Measure across 20 links
2. Weight

Remove the chain guard.

Stretch the chain taut by hanging a 20 - 40 lb (10 - 20 kg) weight on the chain.

Measure the length of 20 links on the straight part of the chain from pin center of the 1<sup>st</sup> pin to the pin center of the 21<sup>st</sup> pin. Since the chain may wear unevenly, take measurements in several places.

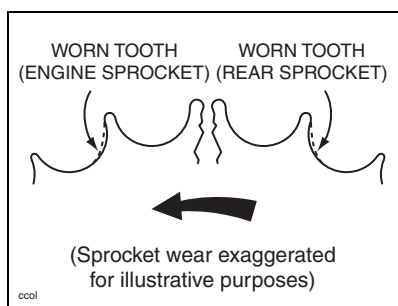
If the length exceeds the maximum service limit of 12.6 in (319 mm), the chain must be replaced.

Rotate the rear wheel and inspect the drive chain for damaged rollers, and loose pins and links.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

Also inspect the sprockets for unevenly or excessively worn or damaged teeth.



If there is any irregularity, have the drive chain and/or the sprockets replaced by an authorized Triumph dealer.

Replace the chain guard.



### Warning

Never neglect chain maintenance and always have chains installed by an authorized Triumph dealer.

Use a genuine Triumph-supplied chain as specified in the Triumph Parts Catalog.

The use of non-approved chains may result in a broken chain or may cause the chain to jump off the sprockets leading to loss of motorcycle control or an accident.



### Caution

If the sprockets are found to be worn, always replace the sprockets and drive chain together.

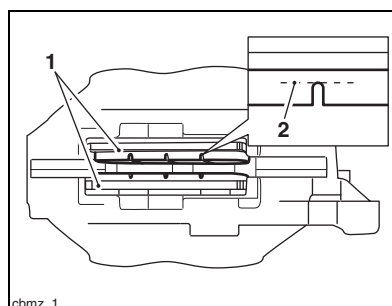
Replacing worn sprockets without also replacing the chain will lead to premature wear of the new sprockets.

## Brakes

### Brake Wear Inspection

Brake pads must be inspected in accordance with scheduled requirements and replaced if worn to, or beyond the minimum service thickness.

### Front Brake



#### 1. Brake pads

#### 2. Minimum thickness line

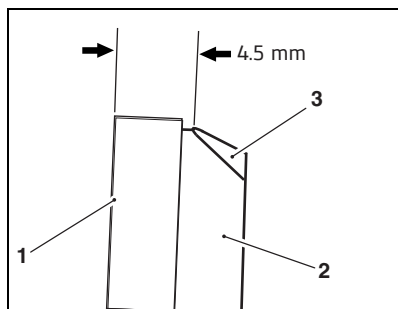
If the lining thickness of any front brake pad is less than 0.06 in (1.5 mm), or if the pad has worn down to the bottom of the grooves, replace all the pads on the wheel.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Rear Brake

If the lining thickness of any rear brake pad including the carrier plate is less than 0.18 in (4.5 mm), or if the pad has worn beyond the chamfer, replace all the pads on the wheel.



1. Carrier plate
2. Friction material
3. Chamfer

### Breaking-in New Brake Pads and Discs

After replacement brake discs and/or brake pads have been mounted to the motorcycle, Triumph recommend a period of careful breaking-in that will optimize the performance and longevity of the brake discs and brake pads. The recommended distance for breaking-in new brake discs and brake pads is 200 miles (300 km).

After installing new brake discs and/or pads avoid extreme braking, ride with caution and allow for greater braking distances during the breaking-in period.

#### Warning

Brake pads must always be replaced as a wheel set. At the front, where two calipers are mounted on the same wheel, replace all the brake pads in both calipers.

Replacing individual pads will reduce braking efficiency and may cause an accident.

After replacement brake pads have been installed, ride with extreme caution until the new pads have broken in.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

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### Brake Pad Wear Compensation

Disc and brake pad wear is automatically compensated for and has no effect on the brake lever or pedal action. There are no parts that require adjustment on the front and rear brakes.

#### **Warning**

If the brake lever or pedal feels soft when it is applied, or if the lever/pedal travel becomes excessive, there may be air in the brake lines and hoses or the brakes may be defective.

It is dangerous to operate the motorcycle under such conditions and your authorized Triumph dealer must rectify the fault before riding.

Riding with defective brakes may lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

### Disc Brake Fluid

Inspect the level of brake fluid in both reservoirs and change the brake fluid in accordance with scheduled maintenance requirements. Use only DOT 4 fluid as recommended in the Specifications section. The brake fluid must also be changed if it becomes, or is suspected of having become contaminated with moisture or any other contaminants.

#### **Warning**

If there has been an appreciable drop in the level of the fluid in either fluid reservoir, consult your authorized Triumph dealer for advice before riding. Riding with depleted brake fluid levels, or with a brake fluid leak is dangerous and will cause reduced brake performance potentially leading to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Warning

Brake fluid is hygroscopic which means it will absorb moisture from the air.

Any absorbed moisture will greatly reduce the boiling point of the brake fluid causing a reduction in braking efficiency.

Because of this, always replace brake fluid in accordance with scheduled maintenance requirements.

Always use new brake fluid from a sealed container and never use fluid from an unsealed container or from one which has been previously opened.

Do not mix different brands or grades of brake fluid.

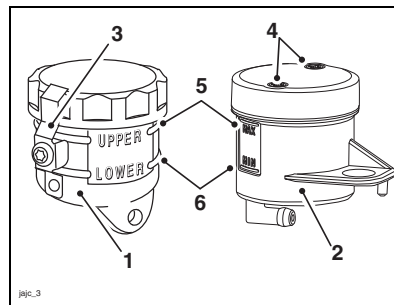
Check for fluid leakage around brake installations, seals and joints and also check the brake hoses for splits, deterioration and damage.

Always rectify any faults before riding.

Failure to observe and act upon any of these items may cause a dangerous riding condition leading to loss of control and an accident.

### Front Brake Fluid Level Inspection and Adjustment

**Daytona 675, Daytona 675 R, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx**



1. Front brake fluid reservoir (Daytona 675, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx)
2. Front brake fluid reservoir (Daytona 675 R)
3. Safety clip
4. Reservoir cap fasteners
5. Upper level line
6. Lower level line

The brake fluid level in the reservoirs must be kept between the upper/max and lower/min level lines (reservoir held horizontal).

Remove the safety clip/reservoir cap fasteners.

Remove the reservoir cap.

Fill the reservoir to the upper level line using new DOT 4 fluid from a sealed container.

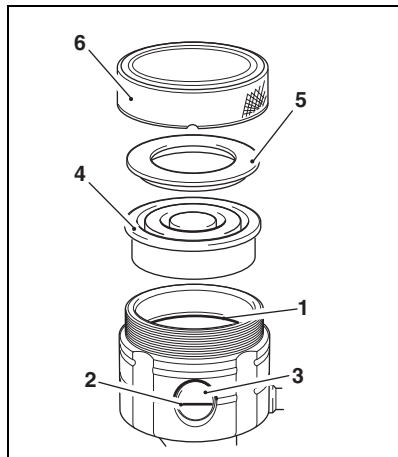
Reinstall the reservoir cap ensuring that the diaphragm seal is correctly installed.

Reinstall the safety clip/reservoir cap fasteners.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Daytona 675 R and Street Triple R (if equipped)



1. Upper level line
2. Lower level line
3. Window
4. Diaphragm
5. Diaphragm support ring
6. Reservoir cap

The brake fluid level in the reservoirs must be kept between the upper/max and lower/min level lines (reservoir held horizontal).

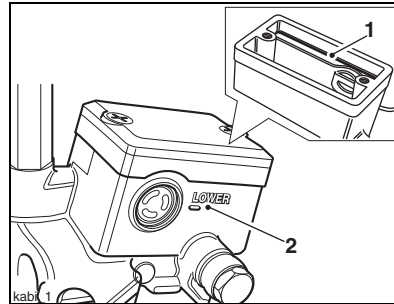
Remove the reservoir cap.

Fill the reservoir to the upper level line using new DOT 4 fluid from a sealed container.

Install the diaphragm and diaphragm support ring into the fluid reservoir.

Install the reservoir cap and carefully screw it down, ensuring it is fully tightened.

### Street Triple



1. Front brake fluid reservoir, upper level line
2. Lower level line

The brake fluid level in the reservoirs must be kept between the upper/max and lower/min level lines (reservoir held horizontal).

To inspect the fluid level, check the level of fluid visible in the window at the front of the reservoir body.

To adjust the fluid level, loosen the cover retaining screws and detach the cover noting the position of the sealing diaphragm.

Fill the reservoir to the upper level line using new DOT 4 fluid from a sealed container.

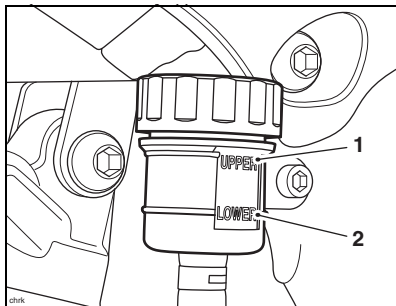
Reinstall the cover, ensuring that the diaphragm seal is correctly positioned between the cover and reservoir body. Tighten the cover retaining screws.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Rear Brake Fluid Inspection and Adjustment

#### All Models



1. Upper level line
2. Lower level line

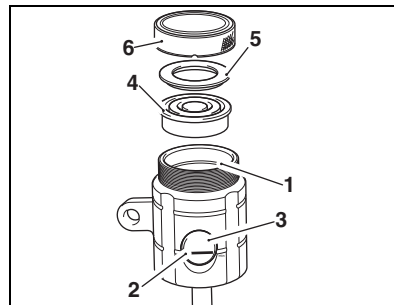
The brake fluid level in the reservoirs must be kept between the upper/max and lower/min level lines (reservoir held horizontal).

Remove the reservoir cap.

Fill the reservoir to the upper level line using new DOT 4 fluid from a sealed container.

Reinstall the reservoir cap ensuring that the diaphragm seal is correctly installed.

### Daytona 675 R and Street Triple R (if equipped)



1. Upper level line
2. Lower level line
3. Window
4. Diaphragm
5. Diaphragm support ring
6. Reservoir cap

The brake fluid level in the reservoirs must be kept between the upper/max and lower/min level lines (reservoir held horizontal).

Remove the reservoir cap.

Fill the reservoir to the upper level line using new DOT 4 fluid from a sealed container.

Install the diaphragm and diaphragm support ring into the fluid reservoir.

Install the reservoir cap and carefully screw it down, ensuring it is fully tightened.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Brake Light Switches

The brake light is activated independently by either the front or rear brake. If, with the ignition in the ON position, the brake light does not work when the front brake lever is pulled or the rear brake pedal is pressed, have your authorized Triumph dealer investigate and rectify the fault.

#### Warning

Riding the motorcycle with defective brake lights is illegal and dangerous.

An accident causing injury to the rider and other road users may result from use of a motorcycle with defective brake lights.

### Steering/Wheel Bearings

#### Caution

To prevent risk of injury from the motorcycle falling during the inspection, ensure that the motorcycle is stabilized and secured on a suitable support. Do not exert extreme force against each wheel or rock each wheel vigorously as this may cause the motorcycle to become unstable and cause injury by falling from its support.

Ensure that the position of the support block will not cause damage to the sump.

### Steering Inspection

Lubricate and inspect the condition of the steering (steering head) bearings in accordance with scheduled maintenance requirements.

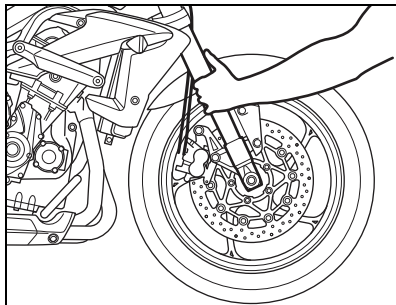
#### Note:

- **Always inspect the wheel bearings at the same time as the steering bearings.**



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Inspecting the Steering (Steering Head) Bearings for Free Play



Inspecting the Steering for Free Play

#### Inspection

Position the motorcycle on level ground, in an upright position.

Raise the front wheel above the ground and support the motorcycle.

Standing at the front of the motorcycle, hold the lower end of the outer front forks as illustrated and rock with a front-to-rear motion. If any free play can be detected in the steering (steering head) bearings, ask your authorized Triumph dealer to inspect and rectify any faults before riding.

#### Warning

Riding the motorcycle with incorrectly adjusted or defective steering (steering head) bearings is dangerous and may cause loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Remove the support and place the motorcycle on the side stand.

### Wheel Bearings Inspection

If the wheel bearings in the front or rear wheel allow play in the wheel hub, are noisy, or if the wheel does not turn smoothly, have your authorized Triumph dealer inspect the wheel bearings.

The wheel bearings must be inspected at the intervals specified in the scheduled maintenance chart.

Position the motorcycle on level ground, in an upright position.

Raise the front wheel above the ground and support the motorcycle.

Standing at the side of the motorcycle, gently rock the top of the front wheel from side to side.

If any free play can be detected, ask your authorized Triumph dealer to inspect and rectify any faults before riding.

Reposition the lifting device and repeat the procedure for the rear wheel.

#### Warning

Operation with worn or damaged front or rear wheel bearings is dangerous and may cause impaired handling and instability leading to an accident. If in doubt, have the motorcycle inspected by an authorized Triumph dealer before riding.

Remove the support and place the motorcycle on the side stand.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Front Suspension

#### Front Fork Inspection

Examine each fork for any sign of damage, scratching of the slider surface, or for oil leaks.

If any damage or leakage is found, consult an authorized Triumph dealer.

To check that the forks operate smoothly:

- Position the motorcycle on level ground.
- While holding the handlebars and applying the front brake, pump the forks up and down several times.
- If roughness or excessive stiffness is detected, consult your authorized Triumph dealer.
- The suspension movement will be affected by adjustment settings (Daytona 675, Daytona 675 R, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx only).

#### Front Suspension Adjustment - Street Triple

The Street Triple has no front suspension adjustment.

##### Note:

- **Daytona 675, Daytona 675 R, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx models are delivered from the factory with the front suspension set at the standard/sport settings, as shown in the relevant suspension chart for each model.**
- **These charts are only a guide. Setting requirements may vary for rider weight and personal preferences. See the following pages for information regarding suspension adjustment.**



#### Warning

Riding the motorcycle with defective or damaged suspension is dangerous and may lead to loss of control and an accident.



#### Warning

Never attempt to dismantle any part of the suspension units, as all units contain pressurized oil. Skin and eye damage can result from contact with the pressurized oil.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

**Front Suspension Setting Chart - Daytona 675 only**

Loading		Spring Preload <sup>1</sup>	Rebound Damping <sup>2</sup>	Low Stroke Speed Compression Damping <sup>2</sup>	High Stroke Speed Compression Damping <sup>1</sup>
Solo Riding	Race Track	7.5	8	6	3
	Standard/Sport	7.5	12	12	3
	Comfort	7.5	14	14	3.5
Rider and Passenger		7.5	12	12	3
<sup>1</sup> Number of turns counterclockwise from the fully screwed in position. <sup>2</sup> Number of clicks when turning counterclockwise from the fully screwed in position.					

**Front Suspension Setting Chart - Daytona 675 R only**

Loading		Spring Preload <sup>1</sup>	Rebound Damping <sup>2</sup>	Compression Damping <sup>2</sup>
Solo Riding	Race Track	4	7	10
	Standard/Sport	4	14	16
	Comfort	4	20	20
Rider and Passenger		4	14	16
<sup>1</sup> Number of turns clockwise from the fully counterclockwise position. <sup>2</sup> Number of clicks counterclockwise from the fully clockwise position noting that the first stop (click position) is counted as zero.				

**Front Suspension Setting Chart - Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx**

Loading		Spring Preload <sup>1</sup>	Rebound Damping <sup>2</sup>	Compression Damping <sup>2</sup>
Solo Riding	Race Track	7.5	7	7
	Standard/Sport	7.5	10	10
	Comfort	7.5	12	12
Rider and Passenger		7.5	10	10
<sup>1</sup> Number of turns counterclockwise from the fully screwed in position. <sup>2</sup> Number of clicks when turning counterclockwise from the fully screwed in position.				



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Daytona 675 and Daytona 675 R

The standard/sport suspension settings provide a comfortable ride and good handling characteristics for general, solo riding.

### Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx

For Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx the standard/sport suspension settings provide sport-oriented handling characteristics with a slight sacrifice to rider comfort. The chart displayed previously shows the suggested settings for the front suspension.

#### Warning

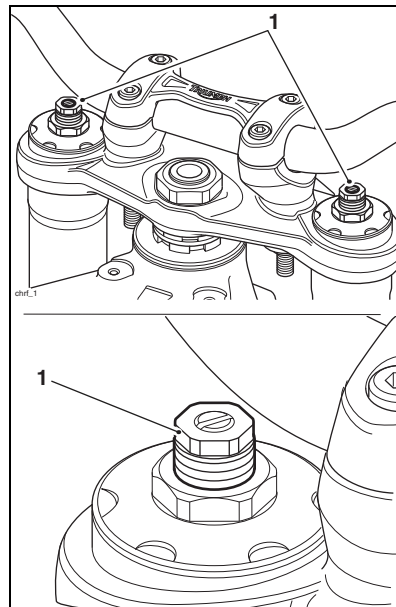
Where the same adjustments are installed to both forks, ensure that both adjusters are set to the same positions. Settings which vary from left to right could significantly change handling characteristics leading to loss of control and an accident.

#### Warning

Ensure that the correct balance between front and rear suspension is maintained. Suspension imbalance could significantly change handling characteristics leading to loss of control and an accident. Refer to the front and rear suspension setting charts for further information or consult your dealer.

### Front Suspension Adjustment - Daytona 675, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx

#### Spring Preload Adjustment



#### 1. Spring preload adjuster (Street Triple R shown)

The spring preload adjusters are located at the top of each fork.

To change the spring preload, rotate the adjuster clockwise to increase preload, or counterclockwise to decrease preload.

Always set the preload adjusters to the same setting on both forks.

#### Note:

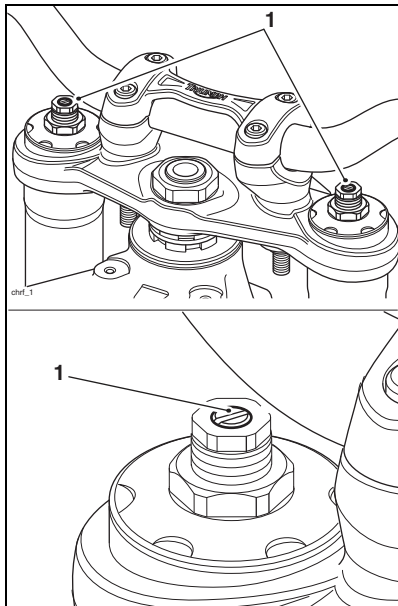
- Ensure there are an equal number of graduation lines visible on both forks.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Rebound Damping Adjustment

The rebound damping adjusters are located at the top of each fork.



#### 1. Rebound damping force adjuster (Street Triple R shown)

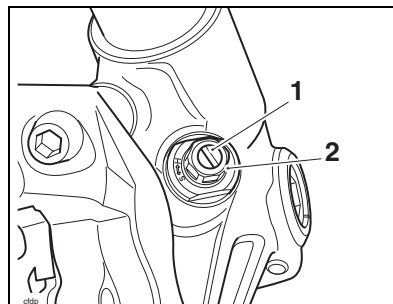
To change the rebound damping force, rotate the slotted adjuster clockwise to increase, or counterclockwise to decrease. Always count the number of clicks out from the fully screwed-in position and set both forks to the same setting.

### Compression Damping Adjustment - Daytona 675

#### Low Stroke Speed and High Stroke Speed Compression Damping

The Daytona 675 front forks are equipped with low stroke and high stroke speed compression damping adjusters. The low stroke speed adjuster is used to alter the compression damping characteristics during low to medium suspension compression speeds. The high stroke speed adjuster is used to alter the compression damping characteristics during high suspension compression speeds.

The front fork adjusters for the low stroke speed and high stroke speed compression damping are located near the bottom of each fork.



- 1. Low stroke speed adjuster
- 2. High stroke speed adjuster



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Low Stroke Speed Compression Damping Adjustment

To adjust the low stroke speed compression damping force, rotate the slotted adjuster clockwise to increase the damping force, or counterclockwise to decrease. Always count the number of clicks out from the fully screwed in position and set both forks to the same setting.

### High Stroke Compression Damping Adjustment

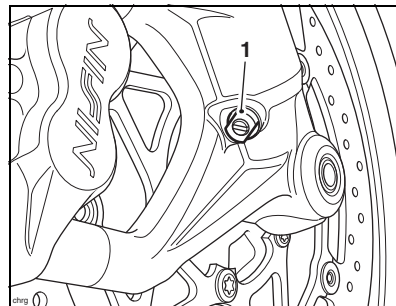
To adjust the high stroke speed compression damping force, rotate the adjuster clockwise to increase the damping force, or counterclockwise to decrease. Always count the number of turns out from the fully screwed in position and set both forks to the same setting.

#### Note:

- **The low stroke speed adjuster will turn with the high speed stroke adjuster. This will not affect the low speed stroke compression damping adjustment.**

### Compression Damping Adjustment - Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx

The compression damping adjuster is located near the bottom of both forks, adjacent to the wheel spindle.



#### 1. Compression damping force adjuster

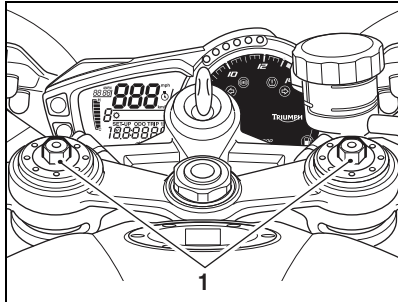
To change the compression damping force, rotate the slotted adjuster clockwise to increase, or counterclockwise to decrease. Always count the number of clicks out from the fully screwed-in position and set both forks to the same setting.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Front Suspension Adjustment - Daytona 675 R

#### Spring Preload Adjustment



#### 1. Daytona 675 R spring preload adjusters

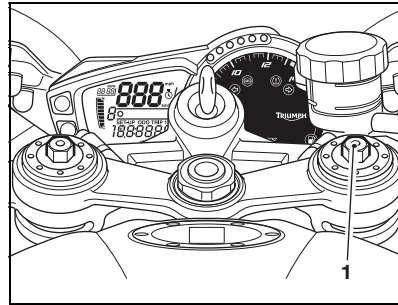
The spring preload adjusters are located at the top of each fork.

To change the spring preload, rotate the adjuster clockwise to increase preload, or counterclockwise to decrease preload. Always set the preload adjusters to the same setting on both forks.

#### Note:

- The Daytona 675 R spring preload adjusters do not have graduation lines. To ensure that both adjusters are set to the same setting, always count the number of adjuster turns clockwise from the fully counterclockwise position.

### Rebound Damping Adjustment



#### 1. Daytona 675 R rebound damping adjuster

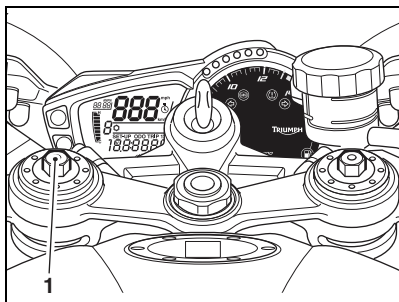
The rebound damping adjuster is located at the top of the right hand fork.

To change the rebound damping force, rotate the adjuster clockwise to increase, or counterclockwise to decrease using a 0.12 in (3 mm) Allen key. Always count the number of clicks from the fully clockwise position noting that the first stop (click position) is counted as zero.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Compression Damping Adjustment



#### 1. Compression damping adjuster

The compression damping adjuster is located at the top of the left hand fork.

To change the compression damping force, rotate the adjuster clockwise to increase, or counterclockwise to decrease using a 0.12 in (3 mm) Allen key. Always count the number of clicks from the fully clockwise position noting that the first stop (click position) is counted as zero.

### Rear Suspension

#### Rear Suspension Inspection

Examine the shock absorber for any sign of damage, or for oil leaks.

If any damage or leakage is found, consult an authorized Triumph dealer.

#### Note:

- The Street Triple is delivered from the factory with the rear suspension spring preload adjuster set to the rider only position, as shown in the suggested suspension settings chart (see page 121).
- The Daytona 675, Daytona 675 R, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx are delivered from the factory with the rear suspension set at the standard/sport settings, as shown in the relevant suspension chart (see page 120).
- These charts are only a guide. Setting requirements may vary for rider weight and personal preferences. See the following pages for information regarding suspension adjustment.

#### Warning

Ensure that the correct balance between front and rear suspension is maintained. Suspension imbalance could significantly change handling characteristics leading to loss of control and an accident. Refer to the front and rear suspension setting charts for further information or consult your dealer.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

**Rear Suspension Setting Chart - Daytona 675 only**

Loading		Rebound Damping <sup>2</sup>	Low Stroke Speed Compression Damping <sup>2</sup>	High Stroke Speed Compression Damping <sup>1</sup>
Solo Riding	Race Track	7	7	3
	Standard/Sport	12	12	3
	Comfort	14	14	3.5
Rider and Passenger		12	12	3
<sup>1</sup> Number of turns counterclockwise from the fully screwed in position. <sup>2</sup> Number of clicks when turning counterclockwise from the fully screwed in position.				

**Rear Suspension Setting Chart - Daytona 675 R only**

Loading		Rebound Damping <sup>1</sup>	Compression Damping <sup>1</sup>
Solo Riding	Race Track	10	9
	Standard/Sport	16	16
	Comfort	20	20
Rider and Passenger		16	16
<sup>1</sup> Number of clicks when turning counterclockwise from the fully clockwise position noting that the first stop (click position) is counted as zero.			

**Rear Suspension Setting Chart - Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx only**

Loading		Rebound Damping <sup>1</sup>	Compression Damping <sup>1</sup>
Solo Riding	Race Track	7	7
	Standard/Sport	9	9
	Comfort	12	12
Rider and Passenger		9	9
<sup>1</sup> Number of clicks when turning counterclockwise from the fully screwed in position.			



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Spring Preload Adjustment - Street Triple

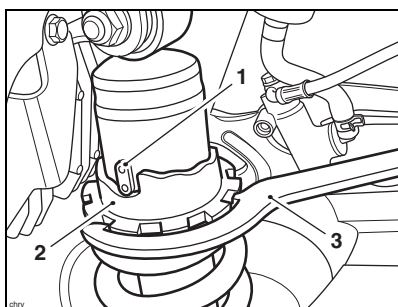
The rear suspension is adjustable for preload only.

To change the rear suspension spring preload setting, insert the adjustment tool supplied in the tool kit into the slot in the adjuster ring. Turn the adjuster ring counterclockwise to increase spring preload, and clockwise to decrease spring preload. When delivered from the factory, the preload adjuster will be set to the Rider only position as shown in the suggested suspension settings chart (see page 121).

### Suggested Suspension Settings

Adjuster settings are counted from position one with position one being with the adjuster turned fully clockwise. There are five positions in total. Position one gives the minimum amount of spring preload.

Riding Condition	Suspension Preload Setting
Rider only	Position 1
Rider and passenger	Position 5



1. Peg
2. Position 1
3. Adjustment tool



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Rear Suspension Adjustment - Daytona 675, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx

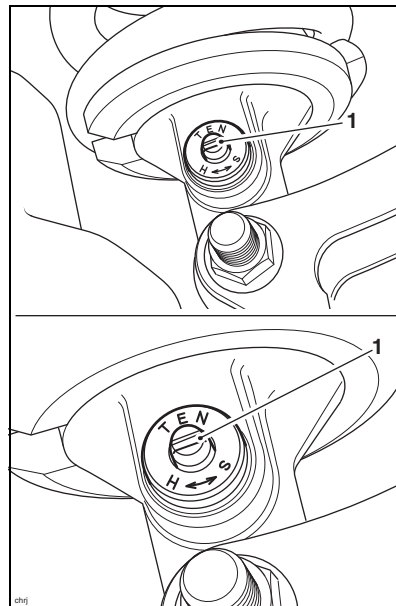
The rear suspension unit is adjustable for both rebound and compression damping only.



#### Warning

The rear suspension unit spring preload is not rider adjustable. Any attempt to adjust the spring preload could result in a dangerous riding condition leading to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

### Rebound Damping Adjustment - Daytona 675, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx



#### 1. Rebound damping adjuster

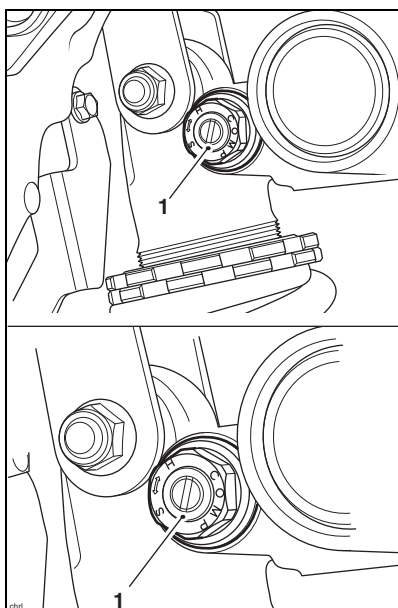
The rebound damping adjuster is located at the bottom of the rear suspension unit on the left hand side of the motorcycle.

To adjust the rebound damping setting, rotate the adjuster clockwise to increase rebound damping and counterclockwise to decrease.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Compression Damping Adjustment - Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx

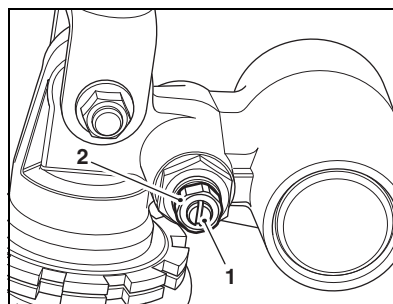


#### 1. Compression damping adjuster

The compression damping adjuster is situated adjacent to the rear suspension unit reservoir.

To adjust the compression damping setting, rotate the slotted adjuster clockwise to increase, or counter-clockwise to decrease.

### Compression Damping Adjustment - Daytona 675



- 1. Low stroke speed adjuster
- 2. High stroke speed adjuster

The Daytona 675 rear suspension unit is equipped with low stroke and high stroke speed compression damping adjusters. The low stroke speed adjuster is used to alter the compression damping characteristics during low to medium suspension compression speeds. The high stroke speed adjuster is used to alter the compression damping characteristics during high suspension compression speeds.

The adjusters for the low stroke speed and high stroke speed compression damping are located adjacent the rear suspension reservoir.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Low Stroke Speed Compression Damping Adjustment

To adjust the low stroke speed compression damping force, rotate the slotted adjuster clockwise to increase the damping force, or counterclockwise to decrease. Always count the number of clicks out from the screwed fully in position.

### High Stroke Speed Compression Damping Adjustment

To adjust the high stroke speed compression damping force, rotate the adjuster clockwise to increase the damping force, or counterclockwise to decrease. Always count the number of turns out from the screwed fully in position.

#### Note:

- The low stroke speed adjuster will turn with the high speed stroke adjuster. This will not affect the low speed stroke compression damping adjustment.

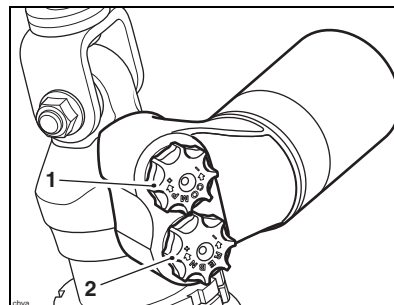
### Rear Suspension Adjustment - Daytona 675 R

The rear suspension unit is adjustable for rebound and compression damping only.

#### Warning

The rear suspension unit spring preload is not rider adjustable.

Any attempt to adjust the spring preload could result in a dangerous riding condition leading to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.



1. Compression Damping Adjuster
2. Rebound Damping Adjuster



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Compression Damping Adjustment

The compression damping adjuster is colored gold and is situated at the top of the rear suspension unit, adjacent to the rear suspension unit reservoir.

To adjust the compression damping setting rotate the adjuster clockwise to increase, or counterclockwise to decrease. Always count the number of clicks counterclockwise from the fully clockwise position noting that the first stop (click position) is counted as zero.

### Rebound Damping Adjustment

The rebound damping adjuster is colored black and is situated at the top of the rear suspension unit, adjacent to the rear suspension unit reservoir.

To adjust the rebound damping setting, rotate the adjuster clockwise to increase rebound damping and counterclockwise to decrease. Always count the number of clicks counterclockwise from the fully clockwise position noting that the first stop (click position) is counted as zero.

### Bank Angle Indicators

#### Warning

Use of a motorcycle with bank angle indicators worn beyond the maximum limit (as described below) will allow the motorcycle to be banked to an unsafe angle.

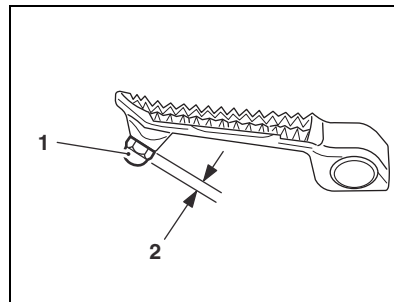
Banking to an unsafe angle may cause instability, loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

Bank angle indicators are located on the rider's footrests.

Regularly check the bank angle indicators for wear.

The bank angle indicators have reached the maximum wear limit and should be replaced when they have worn to a length of:

- 0.59 in (15 mm) (Street Triple)
- 0.2 in (5 mm) (Daytona 675, Daytona 675 R, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx).

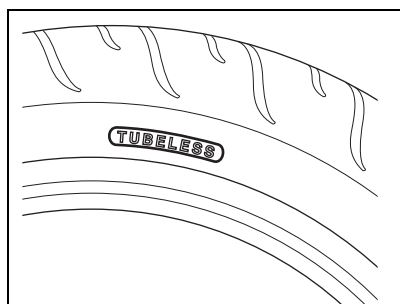


1. Bank angle indicator
2. Wear limit measurement



## Maintenance and Adjustment

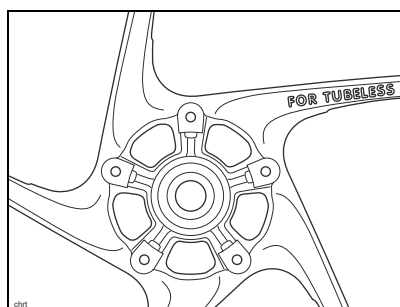
### Tires



Typical Tire Marking



This motorcycle is equipped with tubeless tires, valves and wheel rims. Use only tires marked TUBELESS and tubeless valves on rims marked TUBELESS.



Wheel Marking

### Tire Inflation Pressures

Correct inflation pressure will provide maximum stability, rider comfort and tire life. Always check tire pressures before riding when the tires are cold. Check tire pressures daily and adjust if necessary. See the Specifications section for details of the correct inflation pressures.

### Tire Pressure Monitoring System (if equipped)

The tire pressures shown on your instrument pack indicate the actual tire pressure at the time of selecting the display. This may differ from the inflation pressure set when the tires are cold because tires become warmer during riding, causing the air in the tire to expand and increase the inflation pressure. The cold inflation pressures specified by Triumph take account of this.

Owners must only adjust tire pressures when the tires are cold using an accurate pressure gauge, and must not use the tire pressure display on the instruments.

### Warning

Incorrect tire inflation will cause abnormal tread wear and instability problems that may lead to loss of control and an accident.

Under-inflation may result in the tire slipping on, or coming off the rim. Over-inflation will cause instability and accelerated tread wear.

Both conditions are dangerous as they may cause loss of control leading to an accident.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Tire Wear

As the tire tread wears down, the tire becomes more susceptible to punctures and failure. It is therefore not recommended to use tires until they are worn to their minimum.

### Minimum Recommended Tread Depth

In accordance with the periodic maintenance chart, measure the depth of the tread with a depth gauge, and replace any tire that has worn to, or beyond the minimum allowable tread depth specified in the table below:

Under 80 mph (130 km/h)	0.08 in (2 mm)
Over 80 mph (130 km/h)	Rear 0.12 in (3 mm) Front 0.08 in (2 mm)

### Warning

This motorcycle must not be operated above the legal road speed limit except in authorized closed-course conditions.

### Warning

Only operate this Triumph motorcycle at high speed in closed-course on-road competition or on closed-course racetracks. High-speed operation should only then be attempted by riders who have been instructed in the techniques necessary for high-speed riding and are familiar with the motorcycle's characteristics in all conditions. High-speed operation in any other circumstances is dangerous and will lead to loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

### Warning

Operation with excessively worn tires is hazardous and will adversely affect traction, stability and handling which may lead to loss of control and an accident.

When tubeless tires become punctured, leakage is often very slow. Always inspect tires very closely for punctures. Check the tires for cuts, embedded nails or other sharp objects. Operation with punctured or damaged tires will adversely affect motorcycle stability and handling which may lead to loss of control or an accident.

Check the rims for dents or deformation. Operation with damaged or defective wheels or tires is dangerous and loss of motorcycle control or an accident could result.

Always consult your authorized Triumph dealer for tire replacement, or for a safety inspection of the tires.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Tire Replacement

All Triumph motorcycles are carefully and extensively tested in a range of riding conditions to ensure that the most effective tire combinations are approved for use on this model. It is essential that approved tires, installed in approved combinations, are used when purchasing replacement tires. The use of non-approved tires, or approved tires in non-approved combinations, may lead to motorcycle instability and an accident. On models equipped with ABS, different wheel speeds, caused by non-approved tires can affect the function of the ABS computer.

See the Specifications section for details of approved tire combinations. Always have tires mounted and balanced by your authorized Triumph dealer who has the necessary training and skills to ensure safe, effective installation.

### Tire Pressure Monitoring System (Models equipped with TPMS only)

#### Caution

An adhesive label is mounted on the wheel rim to indicate the position of the tire pressure sensor. Care must be taken when replacing the tires to prevent any damage to the tire pressure sensors. Always have your tires installed by your authorized Triumph dealer and inform them that tire pressure sensors are mounted to the wheels.

#### Caution

Do not use anti-puncture fluid or any other item likely to obstruct air flow to the TPMS sensor's orifices. Any blockage to the air pressure orifice of the TPMS sensor during operation will cause the sensor to become blocked, causing irreparable damage to the TPMS sensor assembly. Damage caused by the use of anti-puncture fluid or incorrect maintenance is not considered a manufacturing defect and will not be covered under warranty. Always have your tires installed by your authorized Triumph dealer and inform them that tire pressure sensors are mounted to the wheels.

#### Warning

On models equipped with ABS, the ABS computer operates by comparing the relative speed of the front and rear wheels. Use of non-recommended tires can affect wheel speed and cause the ABS function not to operate, potentially leading to loss of control and an accident in conditions where the ABS would normally function.

#### Warning

If a tire sustains a puncture, the tire must be replaced. Failure to replace a punctured tire, or operation with a repaired tire can lead to instability, loss of control or an accident.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Warning

Do not install tube-type tires on tubeless rims. The bead will not seat and the tires could slip on the rims, causing rapid tire deflation that may result in a loss of vehicle control and an accident. Never install an inner tube inside a tubeless tire. This will cause friction inside the tire and the resulting heat build-up may cause the tube to burst resulting in rapid tire deflation, loss of vehicle control and an accident.

### Warning

If tire damage is suspected, such as after striking the curb, ask your authorized Triumph dealer to inspect the tire both internally and externally. Remember, tire damage may not always be visible from the outside. Operation of the motorcycle with damaged tires could lead to loss of control and an accident.

### Warning

When replacement tires are required, consult your authorized Triumph dealer who will arrange for the tires to be selected, in a correct combination, from the approved list and installed according to the tire manufacturer's instructions.

When tires are replaced, allow time for the tires to seat to the rim (approximately 24 hours). During this seating period, ride cautiously as an incorrectly seated tire could cause loss of control or an accident.

Initially, the new tires will not produce the same handling characteristics as the worn tires and the rider must allow adequate riding distance (approximately 100 miles (160 km)) to become accustomed to the new handling characteristics.

24 hours after installation, the tire pressures must be checked and adjusted, and the tires examined for correct seating. Rectification must be carried out as necessary.

The same checks and adjustments must also be carried out when 100 miles (160 km) have been traveled after installation.

### Warning

Use of a motorcycle with incorrectly seated tires, incorrectly adjusted tire pressures, or when not accustomed to its handling characteristics may lead to loss of control and an accident.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Warning

Tires that have been used on a rolling road dynamometer may become damaged. In some cases, the damage may not be visible on the external surface of the tire. Tires must be replaced after such use as continued use of a damaged tire may lead to instability, loss of control and an accident.

### Warning

Accurate wheel balance is necessary for safe, stable handling of the motorcycle. Do not remove or change any wheel balance weights. Incorrect wheel balance may cause instability leading to loss of control and an accident.

When wheel balancing is required, such as after tire replacement, see your authorized Triumph dealer.

Only use self-adhesive weights. Clip-on weights may damage the wheel and tire resulting in tire deflation, loss of control and an accident.

## Battery

### Warning

Under some circumstances, the battery can give off explosive gases; keep sparks, flames and cigarettes away. Provide adequate ventilation when charging or using the battery in an enclosed space.

The battery contains sulfuric acid (battery acid). Contact with skin or eyes may cause severe burns. Wear protective clothing and a face shield.

If battery acid gets on your skin, flush with water immediately.

If battery acid gets in your eyes, flush with water for at least 15 minutes and SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

If battery acid is swallowed, drink large quantities of water and SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

KEEP BATTERY ACID OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.

### Warning

The battery contains harmful materials. Always keep children away from the battery whether or not it is in the motorcycle.

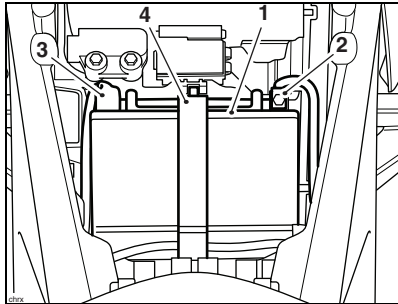
Do not attach jump leads to the battery, touch the battery cables together or reverse the polarity of the cables as any of these actions may cause a spark which would ignite battery gases causing a risk of personal injury.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Battery Removal

#### All Models



1. Battery (Street Triple shown)
2. Negative (black) terminal
3. Positive (red) terminal
4. Battery strap

Remove the rider's seat.

Remove the battery strap.

Disconnect the battery leads, negative (black) lead first.

Take the battery out of the case.

#### Warning

Ensure that the battery terminals do not touch the motorcycle frame as this may cause a short circuit or spark, which would ignite battery gases causing a risk of personal injury.

### Battery Disposal

Should the battery ever require replacement, the original battery must be handed to a recycling agent who will ensure that the dangerous substances from which the battery is manufactured do not pollute the environment.

### Battery Maintenance

Clean the battery using a clean, dry cloth. Be sure that the cable connections are clean.

#### Warning

The battery acid is corrosive and poisonous and will cause damage to unprotected skin. Never swallow battery acid or allow it to come into contact with the skin. To prevent injury, always wear eye and skin protection when handling the battery.

The battery is a sealed type and does not require any maintenance other than checking the voltage and routine recharging when required, such as during storage.

It is not possible to adjust the battery acid level in the battery; the sealing strip must not be removed.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

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### Battery Discharge

#### Caution

The charge level in the battery must be maintained to maximize battery life. Failure to maintain the battery charge level could cause serious internal damage to the battery.

Under normal conditions, the motorcycle charging system will keep the battery fully charged. However, if the motorcycle is unused, the battery will gradually discharge due to a normal process called self discharge; the clock, engine control module (ECM) memory, high ambient temperatures, or the addition of electrical security systems or other electrical accessories will all increase this rate of battery discharge. Disconnecting the battery from the motorcycle during storage will reduce the rate of discharge.

### Battery Discharge During Storage and Infrequent Use of the Motorcycle

During storage or infrequent use of the motorcycle, inspect the battery voltage weekly using a digital multimeter. Follow the manufacturer's instructions supplied with the meter.

Should the battery voltage fall below 12.7 volts, the battery should be charged (see page 133).

Allowing a battery to discharge or leaving it discharged for even a short period of time causes sulphation of the lead plates. Sulphation is a normal part of the chemical reaction inside the battery, however over time the sulphate can crystallize on the plates making recovery difficult or impossible. This permanent damage is not covered by the motorcycle warranty, as it is not due to a manufacturing defect.

Keeping the battery fully charged reduces the likelihood of it freezing in cold conditions. Allowing a battery to freeze will cause serious internal damage to the battery.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Battery Charging

For help with selecting a battery charger, checking the battery voltage or battery charging, contact your local authorized Triumph dealer.

#### Warning

The battery gives off explosive gases; keep sparks, flames and cigarettes away. Provide adequate ventilation when charging or using the battery in an enclosed space.

The battery contains sulfuric acid (battery acid). Contact with skin or eyes may cause severe burns. Wear protective clothing and a face shield.

If battery acid gets on your skin, flush with water immediately.

If battery acid gets in your eyes, flush with water for at least 15 minutes and SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

If battery acid is swallowed, drink large quantities of water and SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

KEEP BATTERY ACID OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.

#### Caution

Do not use an automotive quick charger as it may overcharge and damage the battery.

Should the battery voltage fall below 12.7 volts, the battery should be charged using a Triumph approved battery charger. Always follow the instructions supplied with the battery charger.

For extended periods of storage (beyond two weeks) the battery should be removed from the motorcycle and kept charged using a Triumph approved maintenance charger.

Similarly, should the battery charge fall to a level where it will not start the motorcycle, remove the battery from the motorcycle before charging.

### Battery Installation

#### Warning

Ensure that the battery terminals do not touch the motorcycle frame as this may cause a short circuit or spark, which would ignite battery gases causing a risk of personal injury.

Place the battery in the battery case.

Reconnect the battery, positive (red) lead first and tighten the battery terminals to **39.5 lbf in (4.5 Nm)**.

Apply a light coat of grease to the terminals to prevent corrosion.

Cover the positive terminal with the protective cap.

Reinstall the battery strap.

Reinstall the rider's seat.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

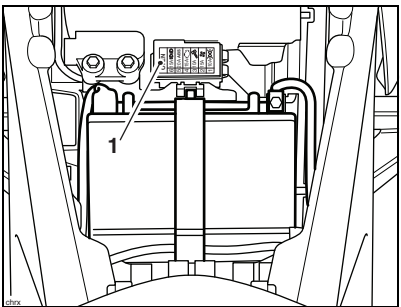
### Fuse Box

#### Fuse Identification

A blown fuse is indicated when all of the systems protected by that fuse become inoperative. When checking for a blown fuse, use the tables to establish which fuse has blown.

The fuse identification numbers listed in the tables correspond with those printed on the fuse box cover, as shown. Spare fuses are located at right angles to the main fuses and should be replaced if used.


#### Daytona 675 and Daytona 675 R



#### 1. Fuse box

The fuse box is located beneath the rider's seat.

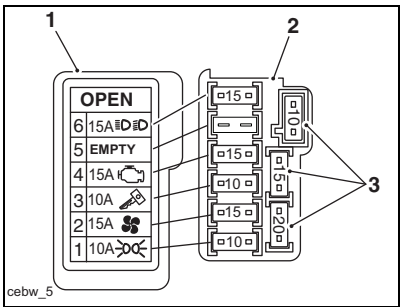
To access the fuse box, remove the rider's seat.

 **Warning**

Always replace blown fuses with new ones of the correct rating (as specified on the fuse box cover) and never use a fuse of higher rating. Use of an incorrect fuse could lead to an electrical problem, resulting in motorcycle damage, loss of motorcycle control and an accident.

#### Fuse Box - Daytona 675 without ABS

Circuit Protected	Position	Rating (Amps)
Auxiliary lights	1	10
Cooling fan	2	15
Ignition switch, starter circuit	3	10
Engine management	4	15
Empty	5	
Dip and main beam headlights, starter relay	6	15



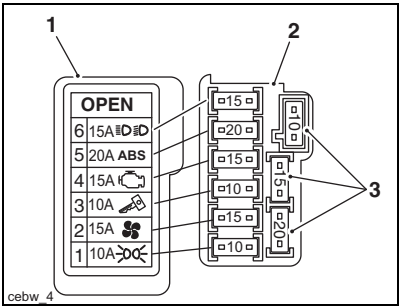
1. Fuse box cover
2. Fuse box
3. Spare fuses



## Maintenance and Adjustment

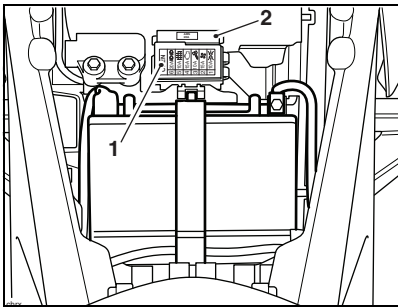
### Fuse Box - Daytona 675 with ABS

Circuit Protected	Position	Rating (Amps)
Auxiliary lights	1	10
Cooling fan	2	15
Ignition switch, starter circuit	3	10
Engine management	4	15
ABS	5	20
Dip and main beam headlights, starter relay	6	15



1. Fuse box cover
2. Fuse box
3. Spare fuses

### Street Triple, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx



1. Main fuse box
2. ABS fuse box (if equipped)

The fuse box is located beneath the seat on Street Triple and Street Triple R models and beneath the rider's seat on Street Triple Rx.

To access the fuse box:

- Remove the seat - Street Triple and Street Triple R
- Remove the rider's seat - Street Triple Rx.

### Warning

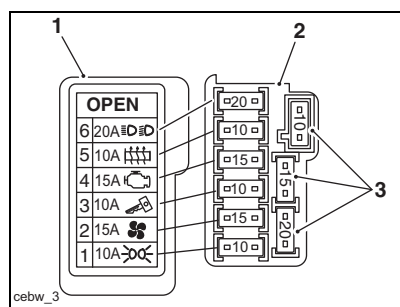
Always replace blown fuses with new ones of the correct rating (as specified on the fuse box cover) and never use a fuse of higher rating. Use of an incorrect fuse could lead to an electrical problem, resulting in motorcycle damage, loss of motorcycle control and an accident.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Fuse Box - Street Triple, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx

Circuit Protected	Position	Rating (Amps)
Auxiliary lights	1	10
Cooling fan	2	15
Ignition switch, starter circuit	3	10
Engine management	4	15
Heated grips	5	10
Dip and main beam headlights, starter relay	6	20



1. Fuse box cover
2. Fuse box
3. Spare fuses

#### Note:

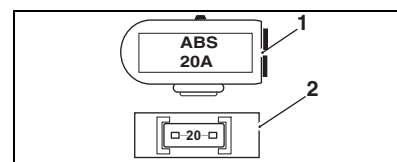
- The starter solenoid has an additional 30 Amp fuse, attached directly to the solenoid, beneath the rider's seat.

### ABS Fuse box - Street Triple, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx with ABS

The ABS fuse box is attached to the main fuse box.

To allow access to the ABS fuse box the seat must be removed.

Circuit Protected	Position	Rating (Amps)
ABS	1	20



1. Fuse box cover
2. Fuse box



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Lights

#### Headlights



#### Warning

Adjust road speed to suit the visibility and weather conditions in which the motorcycle is being operated.

Ensure that the beams are adjusted to illuminate the road surface sufficiently far ahead without blinding oncoming traffic. An incorrectly adjusted headlight may impair visibility causing an accident.

#### Warning

Never attempt to adjust a headlight beam when the motorcycle is in motion.

Any attempt to adjust a headlight beam when the motorcycle is in motion may result in loss of control and an accident.

#### Caution

Do not cover the headlight or lens with any item likely to obstruct air flow to, or prevent heat escaping from, the headlight lens.

Covering the headlight lens during operation with items of clothing, luggage, adhesive tape, devices intended to alter or adjust the headlight beam or non genuine headlight lens covers will cause the headlight lens to overheat and distort, causing irreparable damage to the headlight assembly.

Damage caused by overheating is not considered a manufacturing defect and will not be covered under warranty.

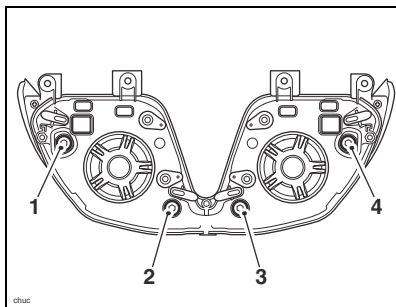
If the headlight must be covered during use – such as taping of the headlight lens required during closed-course conditions – the headlight must be disconnected.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Headlight Adjustment - Daytona 675 and Daytona 675 R

Each headlight can be adjusted by means of vertical and horizontal adjustment screws located on the rear of each headlight.



1. Horizontal adjustment screw (left hand)
2. Vertical adjustment screw (left hand)
3. Vertical adjustment screw (right hand)
4. Horizontal adjustment screw (right hand)

Switch the headlight dipped beam on.

Turn the vertical adjustment screws on each headlight counterclockwise to raise the beam or clockwise to lower the beam.

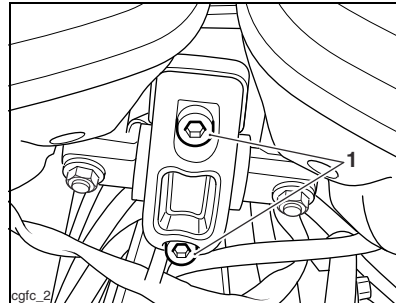
On the right hand headlight turn the horizontal adjustment screw counterclockwise to move the beam to the left or clockwise to move the beam to the right.

On the left hand headlight turn the horizontal adjustment screw counterclockwise to move the beam to the right or clockwise to move the beam to the left.

Switch the headlights off when the beam settings are satisfactory.

### Headlight Adjustment - Street Triple, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx

#### Headlight Adjustment - Vertical



1. Vertical beam adjuster bolts

The vertical beams of the left and right hand headlights can only be adjusted together. Independent adjustment is not possible.

Switch the headlight dipped beam on.

Loosen the clamp bolts sufficiently to allow restricted movement of the headlights.

Adjust the position of the headlights to give the required beam setting.

Tighten the clamp bolts, front first, to **11 lbf ft (15 Nm)**.

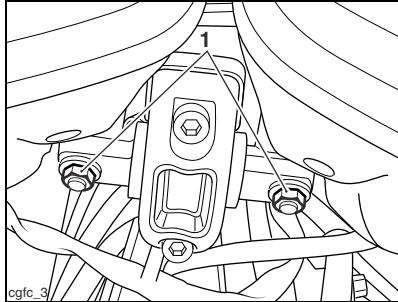
Re-check the headlight beam settings.

Switch the headlights off when the beam settings are satisfactorily set.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Headlight Adjustment - Horizontal



#### 1. Headlight mounting nut

The horizontal beams of both headlights can be adjusted individually. The same procedure is used to adjust either headlight.

Switch the headlight dipped beam on.

Loosen the headlight mounting nut.

Adjust the left or right horizontal position of the headlight to give the required beam setting.

Tighten the nut to **22 lbf ft (30 Nm)**.

Repeat for the second headlight.

Re-check the headlight beam settings.

Switch the headlights off when both beam settings are satisfactorily set.

### Headlight Bulb Replacement - Daytona 675 and Daytona 675 R

#### Caution

The use of non-approved headlight bulbs may result in damage to the headlight lens.

Use a genuine Triumph supplied headlight bulb as specified in the Triumph Parts Catalog.

Always have replacement headlight bulbs installed by an authorized Triumph dealer.

It is not necessary to remove the headlight when bulb replacement becomes necessary.

#### Warning

The bulbs become hot during use. Always allow sufficient time for the bulb to cool before handling. Avoid touching the glass part of the bulb. If the glass is touched or gets dirty, clean with alcohol before reuse.

To replace a bulb:

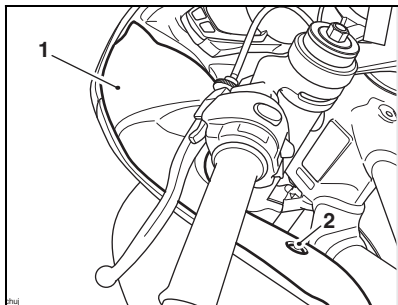
Remove the rider's seat.

Disconnect the battery, negative (black) lead first.



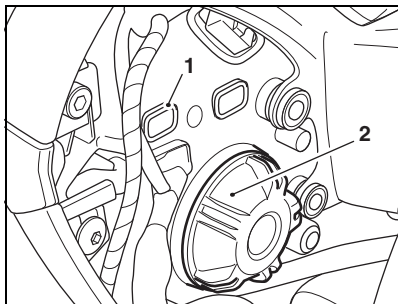
## Maintenance and Adjustment

Undo the screw and remove the infill panel.



1. Infill panel
2. Screw

Turn the headlamp bulb cover counterclockwise and remove it from the headlamp.

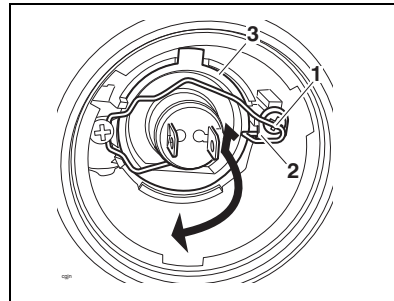


1. Headlight unit (left hand shown)
2. Bulb cover

Disconnect the multiplug from the bulb retainer. Remove the bulb cover from the bulb to be replaced by rotating it counterclockwise.

Disconnect the multiplug from the bulb.

Detach the bulb retainer from the hook on the headlight assembly and rotate it away from the bulb as shown.



1. Bulb retainer (right hand shown)
2. Bulb retainer hook
3. Bulb

Remove the bulb from the bulb retainer. Installation is the reverse of the removal procedure.

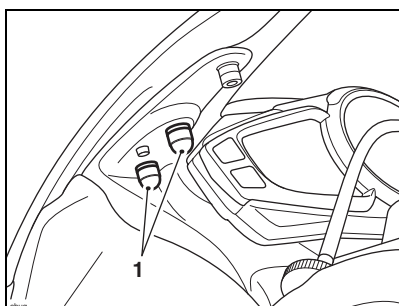


## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Position Lamp Bulb Replacement - Daytona 675 and Daytona 675 R

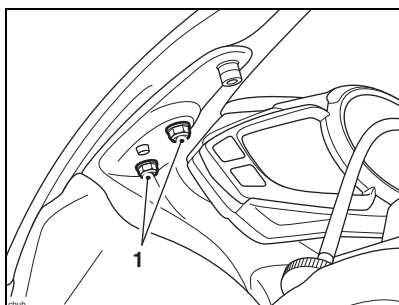
The position lamp is mounted to the center of the headlight.

To replace the bulb, remove the rubber covers from the mirror fasteners.



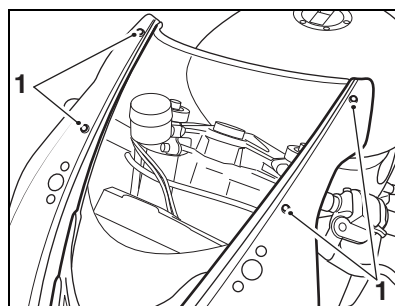
#### 1. Rubber cover (left hand shown)

Undo the mirror fasteners and detach both mirrors.



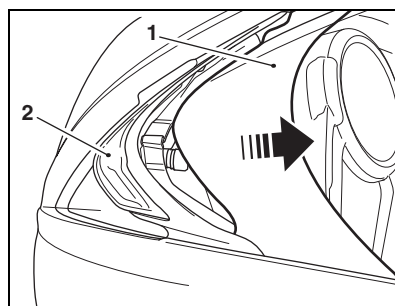
#### 1. Mirror fasteners (left hand shown)

Remove the four screws from the windshield.



#### 1. Screws

Slide the windshield rearwards to allow access to the position light, bulb holder.

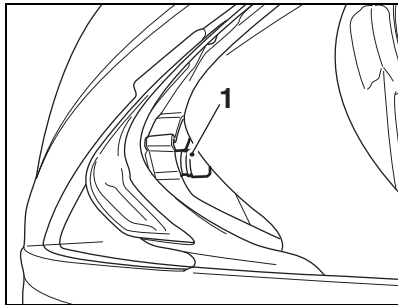


- 1. Windshield
- 2. Cockpit



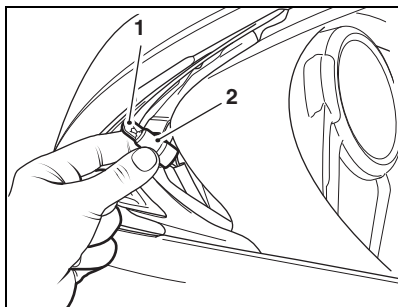
## Maintenance and Adjustment

Detach the bulb holder from the position light.



### 1. Bulb holder

Pull out the bulb.



### 1. Bulb

### 2. Bulb holder

Installation is the reverse of the removal procedure.

Tighten the windshield fasteners to **9 lbf in (1 Nm)**.

Tighten the mirror fasteners to **71 lbf in (8 Nm)**.

## Headlight Bulb Replacement - Street Triple, Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx

### ! Caution

The use of non-approved headlight bulbs may result in damage to the headlight lens.

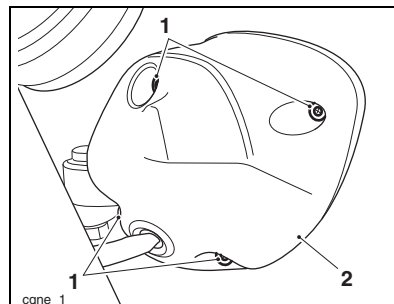
Use a genuine Triumph supplied headlight bulb as specified in the Triumph Parts Catalog.

Always have replacement headlight bulbs installed by an authorized Triumph dealer.

Remove the seat.

Disconnect the battery, negative (black) lead first.

While supporting the headlight, remove the fasteners and detach the headlight from its bowl.



### 1. Fasteners

### 2. Headlight bowl

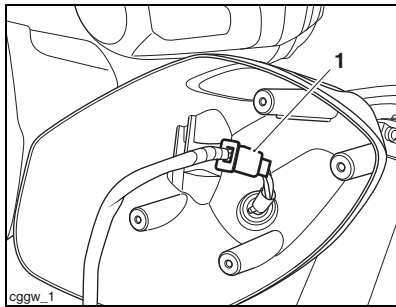


## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Warning

The bulbs become hot during use. Always allow sufficient time for the bulb to cool before handling. Avoid touching the glass part of the bulb. If the glass is touched or gets dirty, clean with alcohol before reuse.

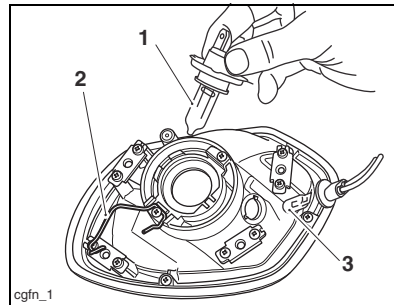
Disconnect the multi-pin connector from the main harness and remove the headlight.



#### 1. Multi-pin connector

Disconnect the multi-pin electrical connector from the bulb and remove the rubber cover.

Detach the wire retainer from its clip (do not remove the screw) then remove the bulb from the light unit.



- 1. Headlight bulb
- 2. Bulb clip
- 3. Position lamp bulb

To remove the position lamp bulb:  
Without pulling the wires, ease the bulb holder from its socket. The bulb is removed from its holder by pulling gently upwards.

Installation for both bulbs is the reverse of the removal procedure.

Tighten the headlamp fasteners to **27 lbf in (3 Nm)**.

### Caution

When reconnecting the battery, connect the positive (red) lead first.

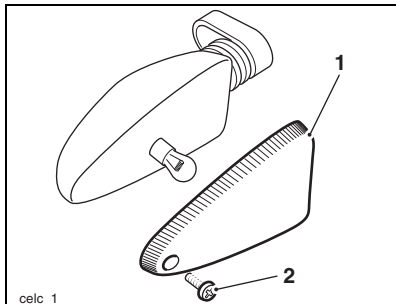


## Maintenance and Adjustment

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### Turn Signal Lights

#### Bulb Replacement



1. Indicator lens
2. Securing screw

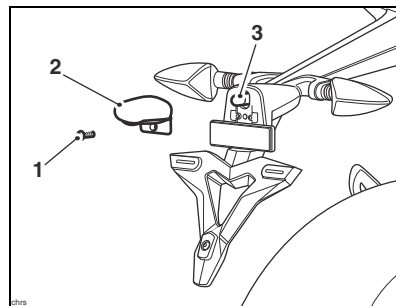
The lens on each turn signal light is held in place by a securing screw located in the lens of the light.

Loosen the screw and remove the lens to gain access to the bulb for replacement.

### License Plate Light

#### Bulb Replacement

Loosen the fastener and remove the lens of the license plate light.



1. Fastener
2. Lens
3. Bulb

Replace the bulb, reinstall the lens and tighten its fastener to **9 lbf in (1 Nm)**.

### Brake Light

#### Brake Light Replacement

The brake light unit is a sealed, maintenance-free LED unit.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

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### Cleaning

Frequent, regular cleaning is an essential part of the maintenance of your motorcycle. If regularly cleaned, the appearance will be preserved for many years. Cleaning with cold water containing an automotive cleaner is essential at all times but particularly so after exposure to sea breezes, sea water, dusty or muddy roads and in winter when roads are treated for ice and snow. Do not use household detergent, as the use of such products will lead to premature corrosion.

Although, under the terms of your motorcycle warranty, cover is provided against the corrosion of certain items, the owner is expected to observe this reasonable advice which will safeguard against corrosion and enhance the appearance of the motorcycle.

### Care of Matt Paintwork

Matt paintwork requires no greater care than that already recommended for high gloss paintwork.

- Do not use any polish or wax on components.
- Do not try and polish out scratches.

### Preparation for Washing

Before washing, precautions must be taken to keep water off the following places.

Rear opening of the exhausts: Cover with a plastic bag secured with rubber bands.

Clutch and brake levers, switch housings on the handlebar: Cover with plastic bags.

Ignition switch and steering lock: Cover the keyhole with tape.

Remove any items of jewellery such as rings, watches, zips or belt buckles, which may scratch or otherwise damage painted or polished surfaces.

Use separate cleaning sponges or cleaning cloths for washing painted/polished surfaces and chassis areas. Chassis areas (such as wheels and under fenders) will be exposed to more abrasive road grime and dust, which may then scratch painted or polished surfaces, if the same sponge or cleaning cloths are used.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

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### Where to be Careful

Avoid spraying water with any great force near the following places:

- Instruments
- Brake cylinders and brake calipers
- Under the fuel tank
- Steering head bearings
- Air intake duct above the headlights.

#### Caution

Any water sprayed around the air intake duct could enter the airbox and engine, causing damage to both items.

#### Caution

Use of high-pressure spray washers is not recommended. When using pressure washers, water may be forced into bearings and other components causing premature wear from corrosion and loss of lubrication.

#### Note:

- **Use of soaps that are highly alkaline will leave a residue on painted surfaces, and may also cause water spotting. Always use a low alkaline soap to aid the cleaning process.**

### After Washing

Remove the plastic bags and tape, and clear the air intakes.

Lubricate the pivots, bolts and nuts.

Test the brakes before motorcycle operation.

Start the engine and run it for five minutes. Ensure adequate ventilation for the exhaust fumes.

Use a dry cloth to absorb water residue. Do not allow water to stand on the machine as this will lead to corrosion.

#### Warning

Never wax or lubricate the brake discs. Loss of braking power and an accident could result. Clean the disc with a proprietary brand of oil-free brake disc cleaner.

### Seat Care

#### Caution

Use of chemicals or high-pressure spray washers is not recommended for cleaning the seat. When using chemicals or pressure washers the seat cover may get damaged.

To help maintain its appearance, clean the seat using a sponge or cleaning cloth with soap and water.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

### Windshield Cleaning

Daytona 675 and Daytona 675 R



Clean the windshield with a solution of mild soap or detergent and lukewarm water. After cleaning, rinse well and then dry with a soft, lint-free cloth.

#### Caution

Products such as window cleaning fluids, insect remover, rain repellent, scouring compounds, gasoline or strong solvents such as alcohol, acetone, carbon tetrachloride, etc. will damage the windshield. Never allow these products to contact the screen.

If the transparency of the windshield is reduced by scratches or oxidation which cannot be removed, the windshield must be replaced.

#### Warning

Never attempt to clean the windshield while the motorcycle is in motion as releasing the handlebars may cause loss of vehicle control and an accident. Operation of the motorcycle with a damaged or scratched windshield will reduce the rider's forward vision. Any such reduction in forward vision is dangerous and may lead to an accident causing injury or death.

#### Caution

Corrosive chemicals such as battery acid will damage the windshield. Never allow corrosive chemicals to contact the windshield.



## Maintenance and Adjustment

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### Unpainted Aluminum Items

Items such as brake and clutch levers, wheels, engine covers, top and bottom yokes on some models must be correctly cleaned to preserve their appearance. Please contact your dealer if you are unsure which components on your motorcycle are unpainted aluminum parts.

Use a proprietary brand of aluminum cleaner which does not contain abrasive or caustic elements.

Clean aluminum items regularly, in particular after use in inclement weather, where the components must be hand washed and dried each time the machine is used.

Warranty claims due to inadequate maintenance will not be allowed.

### Cleaning of the Exhaust System

All parts of the exhaust system of your motorcycle must be cleaned regularly to avoid a deterioration of its appearance.

#### Note:

- **The exhaust system must be cool before washing to prevent water spotting.**

### Washing

Prepare a mixture of cold water and mild automotive cleaner. Do not use a highly alkaline soap as commonly found at commercial car washes because it leaves a residue.

Wash the exhaust system with a soft cloth. Do not use an abrasive scouring pad or steel wool. They will damage the finish.

Rinse the exhaust system thoroughly.

Ensure no soap or water enters the mufflers.

### Drying

Dry the exhaust system as far as possible with a soft cloth. Do not run the engine to dry the system or spotting will occur.

### Protecting

When the exhaust system is dry, rub 'Motorex 645 Clean and Protect' into the surface.

### Caution

The use of products containing silicone will cause discoloration of the chrome and must not be used. Similarly, the use of abrasive cleaners and polishes will damage the system and must not be used.

It is recommended that regular protection be applied to the system as this will both protect and enhance the system's appearance.



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### STORAGE

#### Preparation for Storage

Clean and dry the entire vehicle thoroughly.

Fill the fuel tank with the correct grade of unleaded fuel and add a fuel stabilizer (if available), following the fuel stabilizer manufacturer's instructions.

#### Warning

Gasoline is extremely flammable and can be explosive under certain conditions. Turn the ignition switch off. Do not smoke. Make sure the area is well ventilated and free from any source of flame or sparks; this includes any appliance with a pilot light.

Remove the spark plug from each cylinder and put several drops (0.3 cu in (5 cc)) of engine oil into each cylinder. Cover the spark plug holes with a piece of cloth or rag. With the engine stop switch in the RUN position, push the starter button for a few seconds to coat the cylinder walls with oil. Install the spark plugs, tightening to **9 lbf ft (12 Nm)**.

Change the engine oil and filter (see page 90).

Check and if necessary correct the tire pressures (see page 151).

Set the motorcycle on a stand so that both wheels are raised off the ground. (If this cannot be done, put boards under the front and rear wheels to keep dampness away from the tires).

Spray rust inhibiting oil (there are a host of products on the market and your dealer will be able to offer you local advice) on all unpainted metal surfaces to prevent rusting. Prevent oil from getting on rubber parts, brake discs or in the brake calipers.

Lubricate and if necessary adjust the drive chain (see page 102).

Make sure the cooling system is filled with a 50% mixture of coolant (noting that HD4X Hybrid OAT coolant, as supplied by Triumph, is pre-mixed and requires no dilution) and distilled water solution (see page 92).

Remove the battery, and store it where it will not be exposed to direct sunlight, moisture, or freezing temperatures. During storage it should be given a slow charge (one ampere or less) about once every two weeks (see page 133).

Store the motorcycle in a cool, dry area, away from sunlight, and with a minimum daily temperature variation.

Put a suitable porous cover over the motorcycle to keep dust and dirt from collecting on it. Avoid using plastic or similar non-breathable, coated materials that restrict air flow and allow heat and moisture to accumulate.



## Storage

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### Preparation after Storage

Install the battery (if removed) (see page 133).

If the motorcycle has been stored for more than four months, change the engine oil (see page 90).

Check all the points listed in the Daily Safety Checks section.

Before starting the engine, remove the spark plugs from each cylinder.

Put the side stand down.

Crank the engine on the starter motor several times until the oil pressure light goes out.

Reinstall the spark plugs, tightening to **9 lbf ft (12 Nm)**, and start the engine.

Check and if necessary correct the tire pressures (see page 156).

Clean the entire vehicle thoroughly.

Check the brakes for correct operation.

Test ride the motorcycle at low speeds.



## Specifications

### SPECIFICATIONS

	Daytona 675 and 675 R	Street Triple	Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx
<b>Dimensions</b>			
Overall Length . . . . .	80.5 in (2,045 mm)	80.9 in (2,055 mm)	80.9 in (2,055 mm)
Overall Width . . . . .	27.36 in (695 mm)	29.1 in (740 mm)	29.1 in (740 mm)
Overall Height . . . . .	43.78 in (1,112 mm)	46.86 in (1,190 mm)	46.86 in (1,190 mm)
Wheelbase . . . . .	54.13 in (1,375 mm)	55.51 in (1,410 mm)	55.51 in (1,410 mm)
Seat Height. . . . .	Daytona 675 32.28 in (820 mm) Daytona 675 R 32.67 in (830 mm)	31.5 in (800 mm)	32.28 in (820 mm)
<b>Weights</b>			
Wet Weight. . . . .	406 lb (184 kg)	401 lb (182 kg)	401 lb (182 kg)
Maximum Payload. . . .	430 lb (195 kg)	430 lb (195 kg)	430 lb (195 kg)
<b>Engine</b>			
Type. . . . .	In-line 3 cylinder	In-line 3 cylinder	In-line 3 cylinder
Displacement . . . . .	41.2 cu in (674.8 cc)	41.2 cu in (674.8 cc)	41.2 cu in (674.8 cc)
Bore x Stroke. . . . .	3 x 1.95 in (76 x 49.58 mm)	2.9 x 2.1 in (74 x 52.3 mm)	2.9 x 2.1 in (74 x 52.3 mm)
Compression Ratio . . .	13.10:1	12.85:1	12.85:1
Cylinder Numbering . .	Left to Right	Left to Right	Left to Right
Cylinder Sequence. . .	1 at left	1 at left	1 at left
Firing Order . . . . .	1-2-3	1-2-3	1-2-3
Starting System. . . . .	Electric Starter	Electric Starter	Electric Starter



## Specifications

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	Daytona 675 and 675 R	Street Triple	Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx
<b>Performance</b>			
Maximum Power . . . . . (95/1/EC) (Standard)	126.2 bhp (94.12 kW/128.0 PS) at 12,500 rpm	104.7 bhp (78.1 kW/106.2 PS) at 11,850 rpm	104.7 bhp (78.1 kW/106.2 PS) at 11,850 rpm
Maximum Power . . . . . (95/1/EC) (Option)	N/A	93.9 bhp (70 kW/95.2 PS) at 11,200 rpm	N/A
Maximum Torque. . . . . (Standard)	54.6 lbf ft (74 Nm) at 11,900 rpm	50.1 lbf ft (68 Nm) at 9,750 rpm	50.1 lbf ft (68 Nm) at 9,750 rpm
Maximum Torque. . . . . (Option)	N/A	50.0 lbf ft (67.9 Nm) at 8,350 rpm	N/A
<b>Lubrication</b>			
Lubrication . . . . .	Pressure Lubrication (wet sump)	Pressure Lubrication (wet sump)	Pressure Lubrication (wet sump)
Engine Oil Capacities:			
Dry Fill . . . . .	0.95 US gallons (3.6 liters)	0.95 US gallons (3.6 liters)	0.95 US gallons (3.6 liters)
Oil/Filter Change . . . . .	0.85 US gallons (3.2 liters)	0.85 US gallons (3.2 liters)	0.85 US gallons (3.2 liters)
Oil Change Only . . . . .	0.8 US gallons (3.0 liters)	0.8 US gallons (3.0 liters)	0.8 US gallons (3.0 liters)



## Specifications

	<b>Daytona 675 and 675 R</b>	<b>Street Triple</b>	<b>Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx</b>
<b>Cooling</b>			
Coolant Type . . . . .	Triumph HD4X Hybrid OAT coolant	Triumph HD4X Hybrid OAT coolant	Triumph HD4X Hybrid OAT coolant
Water/Antifreeze . . . . Ratio	50/50 (premixed as supplied by Triumph)	50/50 (premixed as supplied by Triumph)	50/50 (premixed as supplied by Triumph)
Coolant Capacity . . . . .	0.55 US Gallons (2.10 liters)	0.59 US gallons (2.24 liters)	0.59 US gallons (2.24 liters)
Thermostat Opens . . . (nominal)	160°F (71°C)	160°F (71°C)	160°F (71°C)



## Specifications

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	Daytona 675 and 675 R	Street Triple	Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx
<b>Fuel System</b>			
Type.....	Electronic Fuel Injection	Electronic Fuel Injection	Electronic Fuel Injection
Injectors .....	Solenoid Operated	Solenoid Operated	Solenoid Operated
Fuel Pump .....	Submerged Electric	Submerged Electric	Submerged Electric
Fuel Pressure..... (nominal)	50.8 lb/in <sup>2</sup> (3.5 bar)	50.8 lb/in <sup>2</sup> (3.5 bar)	50.8 lb/in <sup>2</sup> (3.5 bar)
<b>Fuel</b>			
Type.....	AKI (R+M)/2 of 89 (95 RON unleaded)	AKI (R+M)/2 of 87 (91 RON unleaded)	AKI (R+M)/2 of 87 (91 RON unleaded)
Tank Capacity.....	4.6 US gallons (17.4 liters)	4.6 US gallons (17.4 liters)	4.6 US gallons (17.4 liters)
<b>Ignition</b>			
Ignition System .....	Digital Inductive	Digital Inductive	Digital Inductive
Electronic Rev Limiter (r/min) .....	14,400 (r/min)	13,000 (r/min)	13,000 (r/min)
Spark Plug .....	NGK CR9EIA-9	NGK CR9EK	NGK CR9EK
Spark Plug Gap .....	0.04 in (0.9 mm)	0.03 in (0.7 mm)	0.03 in (0.7 mm)
Gap Tolerance .....	+0.00/-0.004 in (+0.00/-0.1 mm)	+0.002/-0.004 in (+0.05/-0.1 mm)	+0.002/-0.004 in (+0.05/-0.1 mm)



## Specifications

	Daytona 675 and 675 R	Street Triple	Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx
<b>Transmission</b>			
Transmission Type . . . .	6 Speed, Constant Mesh	6 Speed, Constant Mesh	6 Speed, Constant Mesh
Clutch Type . . . . .	Wet, Multi-Plate	Wet, Multi-Plate	Wet, Multi-Plate
Final Drive Chain . . . . .	RK O-ring	RK O-ring	RK O-ring
Primary Drive Ratio . . .	1.848:1 (46/85)	1.848:1 (46/85)	1.848:1 (46/85)
Gear Ratios:			
Final Drive Ratio . . . . .	3.133:1 (15/47)	2.937:1 (16/47)	2.937:1 (16/47)
1 <sup>st</sup> . . . . .	2.3125:1 (16/37)	2.3125:1 (16/37)	2.3125:1 (16/37)
2 <sup>nd</sup> . . . . .	1.857:1 (21/39)	1.857:1 (21/39)	1.857:1 (21/39)
3 <sup>rd</sup> . . . . .	1.565:1 (23/36)	1.565:1 (23/36)	1.565:1 (23/36)
4 <sup>th</sup> . . . . .	1.350:1 (20/27)	1.350:1 (20/27)	1.350:1 (20/27)
5 <sup>th</sup> . . . . .	1.238:1 (21/26)	1.238:1 (21/26)	1.238:1 (21/26)
6 <sup>th</sup> . . . . .	1.136:1 (22/25)	1.136:1 (22/25)	1.136:1 (22/25)



## Specifications

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	<b>Daytona 675 and 675 R</b>	<b>Street Triple</b>	<b>Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx</b>
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### Tires

Approved Tires:

A list of approved tires specific to these models is available from your authorized Triumph dealer, or on the Internet at [www.triumph.co.uk](http://www.triumph.co.uk).

Tire Pressures (Cold):

Front . . . . .	34 lb/in <sup>2</sup> (2.35 bar)	34 lb/in <sup>2</sup> (2.35 bar)	34 lb/in <sup>2</sup> (2.35 bar)
Rear . . . . .	36 lb/in <sup>2</sup> (2.48 bar)	42 lb/in <sup>2</sup> (2.90 bar)	42 lb/in <sup>2</sup> (2.90 bar)

Recommended Tire Sizes

Front Size . . . . .	120/70 ZR 17	120/70 ZR 17	120/70 ZR 17
Rear Size . . . . .	180/55 ZR 17	180/55 ZR 17	180/55 ZR 17

### **Warning**

Use the recommended tires ONLY in the combinations given. Do not mix tires from different manufacturers or mix different specification tires from the same manufacturers as this may result in loss of motorcycle control and an accident.



## Specifications

	Daytona 675 and 675 R	Street Triple	Street Triple R and Street Triple Rx
<b>Electrical Equipment</b>			
Battery Type . . . . .	YTX9-BS	YTX9-BS	YTX9-BS
Battery Rating . . . . .	12 volt, 8 Ah	12 volt, 8 Ah	12 volt, 8 Ah
Alternator . . . . .	12 volt, 33.5 Amp at 4,000 rpm	12 volt, 33.5 Amp at 4,000 rpm	12 volt, 33.5 Amp at 4,000 rpm
Headlight . . . . .	2 x 12 volt, 55 watt, H7 Halogen	2 x 12 volt, 55/60 watt, H4 Halogen	2 x 12 volt, 55/60 watt, H4 Halogen
Tail/Brake Light . . . . .	LED	LED	LED
Turn Signal Lights . . . . .	12 volt, 10 watt	12 volt, 10 watt	12 volt, 10 watt
<b>Frame</b>			
Rake . . . . .	22.9°	24.2°	23.2°
Trail . . . . .	3.43 in (87.2 mm)	3.91 in (99.3 mm)	3.72 in (94.4 mm)



## Specifications

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### All Models

#### Tightening Torques

Oil Filter . . . . .	7 lbf ft (10 Nm)
Oil Drain Plug . . . . .	18 lbf ft (25 Nm)
Spark Plug . . . . .	9 lbf ft (12 Nm)
Rear Wheel Spindle . . .	81 lbf ft (110 Nm)
Chain Adjuster . . . . .	14 lbf ft (20 Nm)
Lock Nut	

#### Fluids and Lubricants

Engine Oil . . . . .	Semi or fully synthetic 10W/40 or 10W/50 motorcycle engine oil which meets specification API SH (or higher) <b>and</b> JASO MA, such as Castrol Power 1 Racing 4T 10W-40 (fully synthetic) engine oil, sold as Castrol Power RS Racing 4T 10W-40 (fully synthetic) in some countries
Brake and Clutch . . . .	DOT 4 Brake and Clutch Fluid
Fluid	
Coolant . . . . .	Triumph HD4X Hybrid OAT coolant
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